17EE36

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Electrical and Electronic Measurements

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

## Module-1

- a. Define sensitivity of Wheatstone bridge and obtain expression for sensitivity  $S_B$  of wheatstone bridge. (08 Marks)
  - b. A small resistance of approximately  $50\mu\Omega$  is measured using Kelvin's double bridge. At balance, the value of the standard resistance is  $100.05\mu\Omega$  resistances of the inner ratio arms are  $100.51\Omega$  and  $200\Omega$  respectively, resistances of outer ratio arms are  $100.4\Omega$  and  $200\Omega$  respectively. The resistance of the interlink is  $800\mu\Omega$ . Calculate the magnitude of error in measurement. (06 Marks)
  - c. Explain with a neat sketch, construction and working principle of Megger. (06 Marks)

#### OF

- 2 a. Explain measurement of inductance by Anderson's bridge with neat diagram. (08 Marks)
  - b. A a.c. bridge is balanced at 2kHz with following components in each arm. Arm  $AB = 10K\Omega$ , Arm  $BC = 100\mu f$  in series with  $100K\Omega$ , Arm  $AD = 50K\Omega$ . Find the unknown impedance R + Jx in the arm DC, if the detector is between BD. (06 Marks)
  - c. Explain sources and detectors in a.c. bridges.

#### (06 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. Explain the types of errors and how to minimize errors in wattmeters.
- (06 Marks)
- b. Explain with neat sketch calibration of single phase energy meter.
- (08 Marks)
- c. A wattmeter has a current coil of  $0.03\Omega$  resistance and a pressure coil of  $6000\Omega$  resistance. Calculate % error if the wattmeter is so connected that
  - i) Current coil is on load side
  - ii) The pressure coil is on load side
  - (a) If the load takes 20A at voltage of 220V and 0.6 p.f in each case
  - (b) What load current would give equal errors with the two connections?

(06 Marks)

## OR

- 4 a. With a neat sketch, explain the construction and working of II-phase electrodynamometer power factor meter. (08 Marks)
  - b. With the neat sketch, explain the operation of western frequency meter.

(06 Marks)

c. The number of revolutions/kwh of a 230V, 10A Watt-hour meter is 900. On a test at half load, the time taken for 20 revolution of the disc is found to be 69 secs. Determine the meter error at half load.

(06 Marks)

## Module-3

- 5 a. With the help of neat sketch and phasor diagram, obtain the expression for transformation ratio (R) and phase angle ( $\theta$ ) of current transformer. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain Silbee's method of testing current transformer.

(06 Marks)

c. Write note on shunts and multipliers.

(04 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. inportant Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

OR

- Explain the method of measurement of magnetizing force with a neat diagram. (08 Marks) b. A particular bar type current transformer has 300 secondary turns. The secondary winding
  - carries a burden of ammeter having resistance  $1\Omega$  and inductive reactance of 0.53 $\Omega$ . While the secondary resistance and reactance are 0.25, 0.35 $\Omega$ . The magnetizing m.m.f. required is 85A while the current component for core losses is 50A. Find: i) The primary current when secondary current is 5A, ii) The ratio error, iii) The reduction in the number of turns of secondary to obtain zero ratio error. (12 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 With the help of neat sketch, explain the working of true RMS voltmeter. (08 Marks)
  - Explain the working of electronic multimeter. (06 Marks)

Explain the working principle of electronic energy meter.

(06 Marks)

OR

- 8 With a block diagram, explain the
  - Ramp-type digital voltmeter

ii) Integrating type digital voltmeter. (10 Marks)

What are the advantages of electronic instruments?

(04 Marks)

A coil with a resistance of  $12\Omega$  is connected across the test terminals of Q-meter circuit and resonance occurs when the frequency of the oscillator is 1000kHz and the capacitance of the resonating capacitor is 75pf. Calculate % error introduced in calculated value of Q due to an insertion resistance of  $0.02\Omega$  across the oscillator. (06 Marks)

Module-5

Explain the following: i) Light emitting display 9 ii) Liquid crystal display. (08 Marks) Explain with neat sketch, cathode ray tube. (06 Marks)

Write short notes on: i) Dot-matrix display ii) Bar-matrix display. CMRTY LODRAIN

(06 Marks)

OR

Explain with neat sketch electro-cardio-graph [ECG]. 10 a.

(08 Marks)

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Explain strip-chart recorders. b.

(06 Marks)

Explain x-y recorders.

(06 Marks)