

CBGS Scheme

USN

15EC52

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing
ONE full question from each module.**

Module-1

1. a. Define DFT and IDFT of a signal obtain the relationship between of DFT and z – transform. (06 Marks)
 b. Compute circular convolution using DFT and IDFT for the following sequences, $x_1(n) = \{2, 3, 1, 1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 3, 5, 3\}$. (10 Marks)

OR

2. a. The first five samples of the 8 – point DFT $x(k)$ are given as follows :
 $x(0) = 0.25$, $x(1) = 0.125 - j0.3018$, $x(4) = x(6) = 0$, $x(5) = 0.125 - j0.0518$. Determine the remaining samples, if the $x(n)$ is real valued sequence. (04 Marks)
 b. State and prove the circular time shift and circular frequency shift properties. (06 Marks)
 c. If $x(n) = \{1, 2, 0, 3, -2, 4, 7, 5\}$, evaluate the following :
 i) $x(0)$ ii) $x(4)$ iii) $\sum_{n=0}^7 x(n)$. (06 Marks)

Module-2

3. a. State and prove the following properties of phase factor $e^{j\omega n}$.
 i) periodicity
 ii) symmetry. (04 Marks)
 b. Find the output $y(n)$ of a filter whose impulse suppose $h(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and input signal to the filter is $x(n) = \{1, 2, 1, -1, 3, 0, 5, 6, 2, -2, -5, -6, 7, 1, 0, 1\}$ using overlap – add method with 6-point circular convolution. (12 Marks)

OR

4. a. In the direct computation of N-point DFT of $x(n)$, how many :
 i) Complex additions
 ii) Complex multiplications
 iii) Real multiplication
 iv) Real additions
 v) Trigonometric functions
 Evaluations are required? (06 Marks)
 b. Explain the linear filtering of long data sequences using overlap – save method. (10 Marks)

Module-3

5. a. Given $x(n) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$, find $x(2)$ using Goertzel algorithm. (06 Marks)
 b. Find the 8-point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$ using DIT – FFT radix – 2 algorithm. (10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. $42+8 = 50$, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. What is chirp-z transform? Mention its applications? (06 Marks)
- b. Find the 4-point circular convolution of $x(n)$ and $h(n)$ given below, using radix-2-DIF-EFT algorithm. (10 Marks)
- $x(n) = \{1, 1, 1\}$
 $h(x) = \{1, 0, 1, 0\}$.

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive an expression for the order, cut off frequency and poles of the low pass Butterworth filter. (08 Marks)
- b. A Butterworth low pass filter has to meet the following specifications.
- i) Pass band gain, $k_p = 1$ dB at $\Omega_p = 4$ rad/sec
 - ii) Stop band alternations greater than or equal to 20dB at $\Omega_s = 8$ rad/sec
- Determine the transfer function $H_a(s)$ of the Butterworth filter to meet the above specifications. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. A third -order Butterworth low pass filter has the transfer function :

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2 + s + 1)}$$

Design $H(z)$ using impulse invariant technique. (10 Marks)

- b. List the advantages and disadvantages of IIR filters. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. A linear time – invariant digital IIR filter is specified by the following transfer function : (12 Marks)
- $$H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z-2)(z+1)z}{[z - (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}j)][z - (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}j)][z - j\frac{1}{4}][z + j\frac{1}{4}]}$$
- Realize the system in the following forms : i) direct form I-II. ii) Direct form -II. (12 Marks)
- b. Obtain a cascade realization for the system function given below :

$$H(z) = \frac{(1+z^{-1})^3}{(1-\frac{1}{4}z^{-1})(1-z^{-1}+\frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}.$$

(04 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the following terms :

- i) Rectangular window
- ii) Bartlett window
- iii) Hamming window.

(08 Marks)

- b. A filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response :

$$H_d(\omega) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\frac{\pi}{4} < \omega < \frac{\pi}{4} \\ e^{-j2\omega}, & \frac{\pi}{4} \leq \omega \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

Find the frequency response of the FIR filter designed using rectangular window defined below :

$$\omega_R(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(08 Marks)