Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Sixth	Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.	.2018	3
	Setallite Communication	(04)	34

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100							
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting							
atleast TWO questions from each part.							
		PART – A					
1	a.	List the services provided by the satellite with frequency band designation.	(08 Marks)				
	b.	Define the terms (i) Inclination ii) Sub satellite path iii) Perigee iv) Apogee.	(04 Marks)				
	c.	Determine the limits of visibility for an earth station situated at mean sea level	at latitude				
	٠.	54.42°N and longitude 102.20°w. Assume minimum angle of elevation of 5°.	(08 Marks)				
2	a.	State and explain with necessary diagram and equations Kepler's three laws of mo	tion.				
			(10 Marks)				
	b.	Determine the angle of till required for a polarmount used with an earth station	at latitude				
		54°N. Assume spherical earth of mean radius 6371 km and ignore earth station alt	itude.				
			(06 Marks)				
	c.	List Kepler's elemental set.	(04 Marks)				
3	a.	Explain Atmospheric and Ionospheric losses in satellite communication.	(06 Marks)				
	b.	An unlink operates at 14GHz and flux density required to saturate the tran	sponder is				
		-120B(w/m ²). The free space loss is 207dB and other propagation losses amou	nt to 2dB.				
		Calculate the earth station [EIRP] required for saturation, assuming clear sky	conditions.				
		Assume [RFL] is negligible.	(06 Marks)				
	c. Calculate for a frequency of 12GHz and for horizontal and vertical polarization, the rain						
		attenuation which is exceeded for 0.01 percent of the time in any year, for a point	rain rate at				
		10mm/h, the earth station attitude is 600m and the antenna, elevation angle is 50	°, the rain				
		height is 3km and ah > 0.0188, $a_V = 0.0168$, $b_h = 1.217$, $b_V = 1.2$.					
		Note: All heights and lengths are in KM and rain rate is mm/h.	(08 Marks)				
4	a.	Explain momentum wheel stabilization of satellite.	(07 Marks)				
•	b.	Briefly explain TT and C subsystems.	(06 Marks)				
	c.	Explain satellite transponder.	(07 Marks)				
		PART – B					
_		Famile in the DRSTV/FM recention	(06 Marks)				
5	a.	Explain the DBSTV/FM reception. Describe the community antenna TV system.	(06 Marks)				
	b.	Describe the community antenna TV system.	(08 Marks)				
	c.	Explain with figure preassigned FDMA.					
6	a.	Explain onboard signal processing for FDMA/TDM operation.	(07 Marks)				
	b.	Briefly explain spade system with chanelising scheme.	(06 Marks)				

	c.	Explain with figure preassigned FDMA.	(08 Marks)
6	a.	Explain onboard signal processing for FDMA/TDM operation.	(07 Marks)
	b.	Briefly explain spade system with chanelising scheme.	(06 Marks)
	c.	Explain satellite switched TDMA.	(07 Marks)
7	a.	Explain the following: Transponder capacity BANGALORE - 560 037	(07/Marks)
	ev.	Bit rate digital TV	(07 Marks)
	c.	Frequency and polarization.	(06 Marks)
8	a.	Explain global positioning system in detail.	(08 Marks)
	b.	Describe the operation of VSAT system and application.	(06 Marks)
	c.	Explain Radarsat.	(06 Marks)