Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 **Analog Electronics**

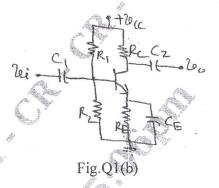
Time: 3 hrs. BANGALORE Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

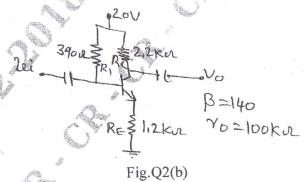
Module-1

- Derive an expression for input impedance, output impedance, voltage gain and current gain of un bypassed RE common emitter amplifier using re model.
 - For the network of Fig.Q1(b), determine: i) r_e ii) Z_i fii) Z_0 , $(r_0 = \infty \Omega)$ iv) $A_V(r_0 = \infty \Omega)$ v) the parameters of parts ii through iv if $r_0 = 50 \text{K}\Omega$ for $R_1 = 56 \text{K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 8.2 \text{K}\Omega$, $C_1 = 10\mu f$, $C_2 = 10\mu f$, $R_E = 1.5K\Omega$, $C_E = 20\mu f$, $R_C = 6.8K\Omega$, $\beta = 90$ and $V_{CC} = 22V$.

(10 Marks)



- Derive an expression of input impedance, output impedance, voltage gain and current gain of fixed bias CE amplifier using h-parameter. (10 Marks)
 - Determine re, h_{fe}, h_{ie}, Z_i, Z₀, A_V and A_i for the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(b) using hybrid (10 Marks) equivalent model.



Module-2

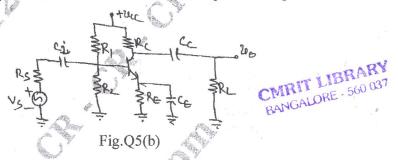
- Explain the working principle of JFET, and explain the transfer characteristics of JFET.
 - Derive an expression for input impedance, output impedance, voltage gain and current gain (08 Marks) of fixed bias FET amplifier.
 - Distinguish between JFET and MOSFET.

(04 Marks)

- 4 a. With neat diagram explain construction and working principle of n-channel depletion type MOSFET. (10 Marks)
 - b. Derive an expression for input impedance, output impedance and voltage gain of common –
 Gate FET amplifier. (10 Marks)

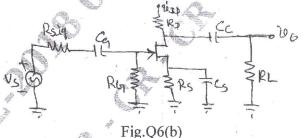
Module-3

- 5 a. Derive an expression for low frequency response of BJT amplifier due to capacitors C_S, C_E and C_C. (10 Marks)
 - b. Determine the lower cutoff frequency for the network of Fig.Q5(b) using the following parameters $C_i = 10\mu f$, $C_E = 20\mu f$, $C_C = 1\mu f$, $R_S = 1k\Omega$, $R_I = 40 \text{ K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 10 \text{K}\Omega$, $R_E = 2 \text{K}\Omega$, $R_C = 4 \text{K}\Omega$, $R_L = 2.2 \text{K}\Omega$, $R_C = 4 \text{K}$



OF

- 6 a. Define Miller's theorem, determine equivalent input and output capacitances of the circuit.
 (10 Marks)
 - b. Determine the lower cutoff frequency for the network of Fig.Q6(b) using the following parameters. $C_G=0.01\mu f,~C_C=0.5\mu f,~C_S=2\mu f,~R_{Sig}=10 K\Omega,~R_G=1 M\Omega,~R_0=4.7 K\Omega,~R_S=1 K\Omega,~R_L=2.2 K\Omega,~I_{DSS}=8 mA,~V_P=-4 V,~r_d=\infty\Omega,~V_{DD}=20 V,~V_{GSQ}=-2 V~and~I_{DQ}=2 mA.$ Plot the frequency response



Module-4

7 a. Determine input resistance and output resistance of voltage shunt feedback amplifier.

b. Determine the voltage, input and output impedance with feedback for voltage series feedback having A=100, $R_i=10K\Omega$ and $R_0=20K\Omega$ for feedback of i) $\beta=0.1$ ii) $\beta=0.5$.

(07 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. What is Barkhasen criteria for sustained oscillation? Explain basic principle of operation of oscillators.
 - b. Explain the working of Wein bridge oscillator. Write the equation for frequency of oscillations.

 (08 Marks)
 - c. For the colpitts oscillators, $C_1 = 0.005 \mu f$, $C_2 = 0.01 \mu f$, $L = 100 \mu H$, $L_{PFc} = 0.5 mH$, $C_C = 10 \mu f$ and $h_{fe} = 110$.
 - i) Calculate frequency of oscillation
 - ii) Check the condition for oscillation is satisfied.

(04 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the operation of transformer coupled class—A power amplifier and show that the maximum percentage efficiency is 50%.

 (07 Marks)
 - b. Explain with neat circuit diagram, the working of a complementary symmetry class B amplifier. (07 Marks)
 - c. Derive an expression for second harmonic distortion using 3 point method.

OR

- 10 a. Define voltage regulator. Explain the operation of series regulator circuit. (07 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of shunt regulator using OP-Amp with neat circuit diagram. (07 Marks)
 - c. Calculate the output voltage and Zener current in the regulator circuit of Fig.Q10(c) for $R_L = 1K\Omega$, $V_z = 12V$, $R = 220\Omega$, $v_i = 20V$ and $\beta = 50$. (06 Marks)

