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10EC61

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019
Digital Communication

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.
2. Assume any missing data.

PART – A

- 1
 - a. Show that time shifted Sinc function used in reconstruction of sampled signals i.e Sinc $(2Wt - n)$ are mutually orthogonal. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the quadrature sampling with related block diagram, spectra and equations. (06 Marks)
 - c. A Signal $g(t)$ consists of two frequency components $f_1 = 3.9\text{KHz}$ and $f_2 = 4.1\text{ KHz}$ in such a relationship that they just cancel each other $g(t)$ is sampled at the instants $t = 0, T, 2T, \dots$.
 Where $T = 125\mu\text{s}$. The signal $g(t)$ is defined by $g(t) = \text{Cos} \left(2\pi f_1 t + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) + A \text{Cos} (2\pi f_2 t + \phi)$
 Find the values of amplitude A and ϕ of the second frequency component. (08 Marks)
- 2
 - a. Explain TDM technique with a neat block diagram and relevant waveforms. (06 Marks)
 - b. The information in an analog signal voltage waveform is to be transmitted over a PCM system with an accuracy of $\pm 0.1\%$ (full scale)
 The analog voltage waveform has a bandwidth of 100Hz and an amplitude range of -10 to +10 volts.
 - i) Determine the maximum sampling rate required
 - ii) Determine the number of bits in each PCM word
 - iii) Determine the minimum bit rate required in the PCM signal
 - iv) Determine the minimum absolute channel bandwidth required for the transmission of the PCM signal. (08 Marks)
 - c. What is the need for non-uniform quantization? Explain μ -law companding. (06 Marks)
- 3
 - a. With the block diagrams, explain the Adaptive delta modulation system. (07 Marks)
 - b. A Delta modulation system is tested with a 10-KHz Sinusoidal signal with 1V peak to peak at the input. It is sampled at 10 times the Nyquist rate
 - i) What is the step size required to prevent slope over load?
 - ii) What is the corresponding SNR? (07 Marks)
 - c. Present the data 100111010 using the following digital data formats.
 - i) Unipolar RZ
 - ii) Split phase Manchester
 - ii) M-ary system where $m = 4$. (06 Marks)
- 4
 - a. Define intersymbol interference and explain ideal solution for zero ISI with a mathematical scheme. (08 Marks)
 - b. A binary PAM wave is to be transmitted over a low-pass channel with an absolute maximum bandwidth of 75KHz. The bit duration is $10\mu\text{Sec}$. Find the raised Cosine spectrum that satisfies these requirements. (06 Marks)
 - c. Write a note on Adaptive equalization. (06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

PART – B

- 5 a. With a block diagram, explain the coherent binary FSK – transmitter and receiver. (10 Marks)
 b. Sketch the inphase and quadrature components of a QPSK signal for the binary sequence 110010111. Assume carrier frequency f_c to be equal to $1/T_b$. Draw signal space diagram and QPSK waveform for the given sequence. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Prove the Gram – Schmidt orthogonalization procedure. (12 Marks)
 b. Explain geometric interpretation of signals in detail. (08 Marks)
- 7 a. Show that the probability of bit error of a matched filter receiver is given by

$$P_e = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \sqrt{\frac{E_b}{N_0}}.$$
 (08 Marks)
 b. Explain the maximum likelihood detector. (06 Marks)
 c. For the signal $s(t)$ shown below in figure Q7(c)
 i) Determine the impulse response of a filter matched to $s(t)$
 ii) Plot the matched filter output as a function of time
 iii) Determine the peak value of the output.

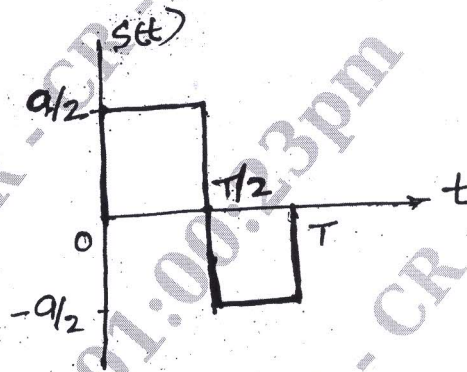


Fig Q7(c)

(06 Marks)

- 8 a. Explain fast frequency hop spread spectrum system. (10 Marks)
 b. The DSSS spread spectrum has following parameters. Data sequence bit duration $T_b = 4.095\text{ms}$ PN chip duration, $T_c = 1\mu\text{s}$, $\frac{E_b}{N_0} = 10$ for average probability of error $< 10^{-5}$. Calculate processing gain and jamming margin. (06 Marks)
 c. Explain applications of spread spectrum modulation technique. (04 Marks)

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