# 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

USN

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

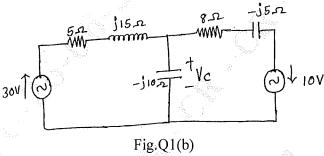
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

# Module-1

1 a. Explain E-shift and I-shift with an example.

(08 Marks)

b. Find the voltage across the capacitor of 10  $\Omega$  reactance of the network shown in Fig.Q1(b) by loop current method.



(08 Marks)

### OR

a. Determine the equivalent resistance between the terminals A and B in the network of Fig.Q2(a) using star-delta transformation.

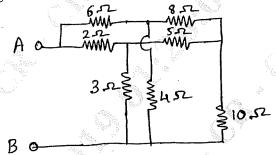


Fig.Q2(a)

(08 Marks)

b. Find the voltages at nodes 1, 2, 3 and 4 for the network shown in Fig.Q2(b) using nodal analysis.

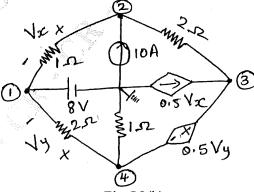


Fig.Q2(b)

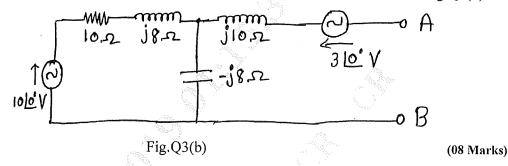
(08 Marks)

## Module-2

3 State and explain superposition theorem.

(08 Marks)

Obtain Thevenin's equivalent circuit across A and B for the network shown in Fig.Q3(b). b.

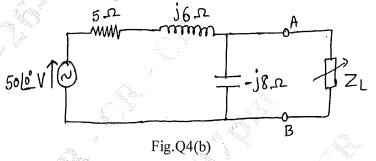


OR

State and explain Millman's theorem.

(08 Marks)

Find the value of Z<sub>L</sub> in the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b) using maximum power transfer theorem and hence the maximum power.

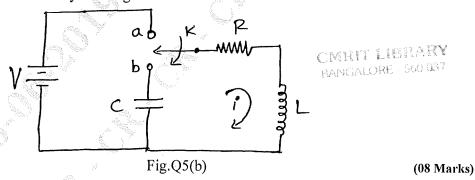


Module-3

5 State and prove initial value theorem and final value theorem. (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

In the network shown in Fig.Q5(b), K is changed from position a to b at t = 0. Solve for i,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t=0^+$ , if  $R=100~\Omega$ , L=0.1~H and  $C=0.25~\mu F$  and V=100~V. Assume that the capacitor is initially uncharged.



OR

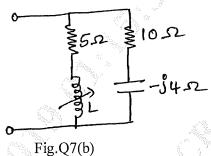
- What is the significance of initial conditions? Write a note on initials and final conditions in 6 basic circuit elements. (08 Marks)
  - Find the Laplace transform of (i) f(t) = u(t)

(ii) f(t) = t.

(08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive an expression for half power frequencies for a series resonant circuit, (08 Marks)
  - b. For the network shown in Fig.Q7(b), find the value of L at which circuit resonates at a frequency of 600 rad/sec.



(08 Marks)

OR

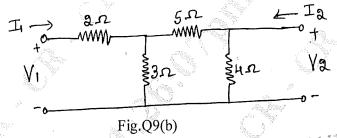
- 8 a. Obtain the expression for the resonant frequency and the dynamic impedance of a parallel resonant circuit. (08 Marks)
  - b. An RLC series resonant circuit draws a maximum current of 10 Amps, when connected to 230 V, 50 Hz supply. If the Q-factor is 5, find the parameters of the circuit. (08 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. Derive the Y-parameters in terms of ABCD parameters.

(08 Marks)

b. Obtain the h-parameters for the circuit shown in Fig.Q9(b).



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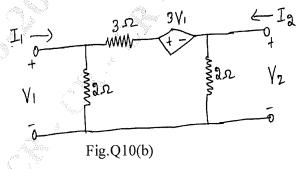
OR

10 a. Express h-parameters interms of z-parameters.

(08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

b. Find the y-parameters for the circuit shown in Fig.Q10(b). The use parameter relationships to find h-parameter.



(08 Marks)

