

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 Mechanical Measurements and Metrology

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Define metrology. State the objectives of metrology. (05 Marks)
 - b. Using NPL method, derive equation for calibrating End standard from line standard.

(08 Marks)

- c. Four end bars A, B, C and D are to be calibrated using a calibrated length bar of 400 mm whose actual length is 399.9998 mm. The bar B is longer than bar A by 0.0004 mm, bar C is longer than bar A by 0.0003 mm, while bar D is shorter than bar A by 0.0001 mm. The four gauges together have a combination length of 400.0002 mm. Determine the actual length of each end bar.

 (07 Marks)
- 2 a. What is tolerance? Why it is necessary to give tolerance?

(04 Marks)

- b. Differentiate between the following:
 - (i) Unilateral tolerance and bilateral tolerance.
 - (ii) Hole basis system and shaft basis system. (04 Marks)
 - Design the general type 'GO' and 'NOGO' gauges for a component having 25H₇/f₈ fit following details may be used:
 - (i) $i = 0.45\sqrt[3]{D} + 0.001D$ microns
 - (ii) Upper deviation for 'f' shaft is $= -5.5D^{0.41}$
 - (iii) $IT_7 = 16i \text{ and } IT_8 = 25i$
 - (iv) 25 mm falls in diameter step of 18-30 mm
 - (v) Wear allowance on gauge = 10% of gauge tolerance.

Also determine (i) Type of fit (ii) Allowance for the above fit.

(12 Marks)

- 3 a. What is a comparator? How does it differ from a measuring device?
- (04 Marks) (08 Marks)
- b. Describe with a neat sketch construction and working of LVDT.
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- e. Explain the use of sine bar for measuring a known and unknown angles of small component.
 (08 Marks)
- 4 a. With a neat sketch, explain the working principle of autocollimator. (06 Marks)
 - b. What is the best size wire? Derive an expression for the best size wire in terms of the pitch and angle of the thread. (08 Marks)
 - c. How do you measure the chord thickness of spur gear tooth using gear tooth vermier. Explain with a neat sketch. (06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the concept of "Generalized measurement system" with a block diagram taking the working of bourdon pressure gauge as an example. (08 Marks)
 - b. Distinguish between systematic errors and random errors.

(06 Marks)

What is a transducer? What are the advantages of electrical transducers? (06 Marks)

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6	a. b. c.	Explain the inherent problems present in mechanical modifying system. With a block diagram, explain the general telemetering system. With a neat sketch, explain the working principle of CRO.	(06 Marks) (06 Marks) (08 Marks)
7	a. b. c.	Sketch and explain the Platform balance method of measuring force. Sketch and explain the working of Prony brake dynamometer. Define the following: (i) Absolute pressure (ii) Gauge pressure	(06 Marks) (04 Marks) (04 Marks)
8	d.	(iii) Vacuum pressure (iv) Atmospheric pressure With a neat sketch, explain the working of Mcleod gauge.	(06 Marks)
8	a. b. c. d.	State the laws of thermocouple. Explain the construction and working of optical pyrometer. Write a note on strain gauge backing materials and bonding material. Write a note on calibration of strain gauge.	(04 Marks) (08 Marks) (04 Marks) (04 Marks)

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