

USN

15MAT11

(05 Marks)

## First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 Engineering Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Find the n<sup>th</sup> derivative of  $y = e^{-x} \sin x \cos 2x$ . (06 Marks)

b. Show that the curves  $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$  and  $r = b(1 - \cos \theta)$  cut each other orthogonally.

c. Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $x^2y = a(x^2 + y^2)$  at the point (-2a, 2a). (05 Marks)

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2 a. If  $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$ , then prove that  $(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 - m^2)y_n = 0$  (06 Marks)

b. Find the pedal equation of  $r = 2(1 + \cos \theta)$ . (05 Marks)

c. Find the radius of curvature of  $r^n = a^n \sin n\theta$ . (05 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Expand  $\tan^{-1} x$  in powers of (x-1) upto the fourth degree term. (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left[ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{\log(1+x)}{x^2} \right]$  (05 Marks)

c. If z = f(x + ct) + g(x - ct), prove that  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial t^2} = C^2 \cdot \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2}$  (05 Marks)

OR

4 a. Obtain the Maclaurin's series expansion of e<sup>sin x</sup> upto the form containing x<sup>4</sup>. (06 Marks)

b. If  $z = log \left( \frac{x^4 + y^4}{x + y} \right)$ , show that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3$ . (05 Marks)

c. If  $u = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ , v = xy + yz + zx, w = x + y + z, show that  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)} = 0$ . (05 Marks)

Module-3

5 a. A particle moves along the curve whose parametric equations are  $x = t^3$   $y = t^2$  and z = 2t + 5. Find the components of its velocity and acceleration at time t = 1 in the direction of t + 1 + 3k.

b. If  $\phi = 2x^3y^2z^4$ , find Div(Grad  $\phi$ ). (05 Marks)

c. Show that  $\vec{F} = (y+z)i + (z+x)j + (x+y)k$  is irrotational. Also find a scalar function  $\phi$ , such that  $\vec{F} = \nabla \phi$ .

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- Find the directional derivative of  $\phi = x^2yz + 4xz^2$  at P(1, -2, -1) in the direction of (06 Marks)
  - If  $\vec{F} = (x+y+1)i + j (x+y)k$ . Show that  $\vec{F}$  curl  $\vec{F} = 0$ . (05 Marks)
  - If  $\vec{F} = \nabla(xy^3z^2)$ , find div  $\vec{F}$  and curl  $\vec{F}$  at the point (1, -1, 1). (05 Marks)

Module-4

- Obtain the reduction formula for  $\int \cos^n x dx$ . (06 Marks)
  - (05 Marks) Solve  $ye^{xy}dx + (xe^{xy} + 2\hat{y})dy = 0$ .
  - Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves (05 Marks)

- a. Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{1} x^{\frac{3}{2}} (1-x)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$ . (06 Marks)
  - b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{2}{x}y = \frac{y^2}{x^3}$ . (05 Marks)
  - A body is heated to 110°C and placed in air at 10°C. After one hour its temperature becomes 60°C. How much additional time is required for it to cool to 30°C? (05 Marks)

- (06 Marks) Find the rank of the matrix
  - Solve the following system of equations by Gauss Jordan method: x+2y+z=3, 2x+3y+3z=10, 3x-y+2z=13(05 Marks)
  - Reduce the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  to the diagonal form. (05 Marks)

Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Seidal method: 10 20x + y - 2z = 17, 3x + 20y - z = -18, 2x - 3y + 20z = 25. Perform three iterations.

- Show that the transformation,  $y_1 = 2x_1 2x_2 x_3$ ,  $y_2 = -4x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3$ ,  $y_3 = x_1 x_2 x_3$ is regular and find the inverse transformation.
- c. Reduce the quadratic form,

 $3x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 + 2xy - 2yz + 2zx$  into the canonical form. (05 Marks)