

# CBCS Scheme

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17MAT11

First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018

## Engineering Mathematics - I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

### Module-1

- Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\cos x \cos 2x$ . (06 Marks)
  - Find the angle between the curves  $r = a \log \theta$ ,  $r = \frac{a}{\log \theta}$ . (07 Marks)
  - Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- If  $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$ , prove that  $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2+1)y_n = 0$ . (06 Marks)
  - With usual notations prove that the pedal equation in the form  $\frac{1}{p^2} = \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^4} \left( \frac{dr}{d\theta} \right)^2$ . (07 Marks)
  - Find the radius of curvature of the curve  $y^2 = \frac{a^2(a-x)}{x}$  at the point  $(a, 0)$ . (07 Marks)

### Module-2

- Find the Taylor's series of  $\log x$  in powers of  $(x-1)$  upto fourth degree terms. (06 Marks)
  - If  $U = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x+y} \right)$ , prove that  $x \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} = \sin 2U$  by using Euler's theorem. (07 Marks)
  - If  $U = x + 3y^2$ ,  $V = 4x^2yz$ ,  $W = 2z^2 - xy$ , evaluate  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$  at the point  $(1, -1, 0)$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{a^x + b^x + c^x}{3} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$ . (06 Marks)
  - Find the Maclaurin's expansion of  $\log(\sec x)$  upto  $x^4$  terms. (07 Marks)
  - If  $z = f(x, y)$ , where  $x = r \cos \theta$ ,  $y = r \sin \theta$ , prove that  $\left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)^2 = \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial r} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \right)^2$ . (07 Marks)

### Module-3

- A particle moves along the curve  $\vec{r} = (t^3 - 4t)\hat{i} + (t^2 + 4t)\hat{j} + (8t^2 - 3t^3)\hat{k}$ . Find the velocity and acceleration vectors at time  $t$  and their magnitudes at  $t = 2$ . (06 Marks)
  - If  $\vec{f} = (x+y+1)\hat{i} + \hat{j} - (x+y)\hat{k}$ , prove that  $\vec{f} \cdot \text{curl } \vec{f} = 0$ . (07 Marks)
  - Prove that  $\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{A}) = 0$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. A particle moves along the curve  $\vec{r} = 2t^2\vec{i} + (t^2 - 4t)\vec{j} + (3t - 5)\vec{k}$ . Find the components of velocity and acceleration along  $\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$  at  $t = 2$ . (06 Marks)
- b. If  $\vec{f} = \text{grad}(x^3y + y^3z + z^3x - x^2y^2z^2)$ , find  $\text{div } \vec{f}$  and  $\text{curl } \vec{f}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that  $\text{curl}(\text{grad } \phi) = 0$ . (07 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Evaluate  $\int_0^{2a} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2ax - x^2}} dx$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = y^3 \sec x$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Find the orthogonal trajectories of  $r^n = a^n \cos n\theta$ . (07 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the reduction formula for  $\int \cos^n x dx$  and hence evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x dx$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y \cos x + \sin y + y}{\sin x + x \cos y + x} = 0$ . (07 Marks)
- c. A body originally at  $80^\circ\text{C}$  cools down to  $60^\circ\text{C}$  in 20 minutes in the surroundings of temperature  $40^\circ\text{C}$ . Find the temperature of the body after 40 minutes from the original instant. (07 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 8 & 4 & 7 & 13 \\ 8 & 4 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

by reducing it to echelon form. (06 Marks)

- b. Using the power method find the largest eigenvalue and the corresponding eigenvector of matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$  taking  $(1, 1, 1)^T$  as the initial eigenvector. Perform five iterations. (07 Marks)
- c. Show that the transformation  $y_1 = x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3$ ,  $y_2 = 2x_1 + 4x_2 + 11x_3$ ,  $y_3 = -x_2 + 2x_3$  is regular. Also, find the inverse transformation. (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Solve the following system of equations by using Gauss-Jordan method:  
 $x + y + z = 9$ ,  $x - 2y + 3z = 8$ ,  $2x + y - z = 3$  (06 Marks)
- b. Diagonalize the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ . (07 Marks)
- c. Obtain the canonical form of  $3x^2 + 5y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz + 2zx - 2xy$  using orthogonal transformation. (07 Marks)

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