



First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018 **Engineering Mathematics - I**

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Find the nth derivative of
$$\frac{x}{(x+1)(2x-3)}$$
. (06 Marks)

Prove that the curves $r^n = a^n \cos n\theta$ and $r^n = b^n \sin n\theta$ intersects orthogonally. (07 Marks)

Find the Pedal equation of the curve $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$. (07 Marks)

2 a. If
$$x = \tan y$$
 prove that $(1 + x^2)y_{n+2} + 2(n+1)xy_{n+1} + n(n+1)y_n = 0$. (06 Marks)

With usual notation, prove that $\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{d\pi}$. (07 Marks)

Find the radius of curvature of the curve $y^2 = \frac{a^2(a-x)}{x}$ at the point (a, 0)(07 Marks)

Find the Taylor's series of $\log_e x$ about x = 1 upto the term containing fourth degree.

(06 Marks)

(07 Marks)

b. If
$$u = \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{x^2 y^2}{x + y} \right]$$
 then show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3 \tan u$. (07 Marks)

c. If
$$u = x + 3y^2 - z^3$$
, $v = 4x^2yz$, $w = 2z^2 - xy$, find $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ at $(1, -1, 0)$. (07 Marks)

4 a. Evaluate
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4} \right)^{1/x}.$$
 (06 Marks)

Find the Maclaurin's expansion of $\sqrt{1+\sin 2x}$ upto fourth degree term. (07 Marks)

c. If
$$u = f\left(\frac{x}{y}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{z}{x}\right)$$
 prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ (07 Marks)

- A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r} = (t^3 4t)\hat{i} + (t^2 + 4t)\hat{j} + (8t^2 3t^3)\hat{k}$ where t denotes time. Find the velocity and acceleration at t = 2.
 - b. If $\vec{f} = (x + y + az)\hat{i} + (bx + 2y z)\hat{j} + (x + cy + 2z)\hat{k}$ is irrotational find a, b, c. Hence find the scalar potential ϕ such that $\overrightarrow{f} = \nabla \phi$. (07 Marks)
 - Prove that curl (grad ϕ) = 0.

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OR

6 a. If $\vec{f} = (x+y+1)\hat{i} + \hat{j} - (x+y)\hat{k}$ show that $\vec{f} = 0$. (06 Marks)

b. If $\vec{f} = \text{grad}(x y^3 z^2)$ find div \vec{f} and curl \vec{f} (07 Marks)

c. Prove that $\operatorname{div}(\operatorname{curl} \overrightarrow{A}) = 0$ (07 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{a} x \sqrt{ax - x^2} dx$ (06 Marks)

b. Solve $r \sin \theta - \cos \theta \frac{dr}{d\theta} = r^2$ (07 Marks)

c. Show that the family of parabolas $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$ is self orthogonal. (07 Marks)

OR

8 a. Obtain the reduction formula for $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \cos^{n} x \ dx$. (06 Marks)

b. Solve $(x^2 + y^2 + x) dx + xy dy = 0$. (07 Marks)

c. Water at temperature 10°C takes 5 minutes to warm upto 20°C in a room temperature 40°C. Find the temperature after 20 minutes.

Module-5

9 a. Find the rank of the matrix

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ by reducing it to echelon form. (06 Marks)

b. Find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector for

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

taking $(1 \ 0 \ 0)^1$ as initial vector by using power method. (Carry out six iterations)

(07 Marks)

c. Show that the transformation y = 2x - 2y - z, $y_2 = -4x + 5y + 32$ and $y_3 = x - y - z$ is regular and find the inverse transformation. (07 Marks)

OR

10 a. Solve the equations 20x + y - 2z = 17; 3x + 20y - z = -18, 2x - 3y + 20z = 25 by using Gauss-Seidel method. (Carry out 3 iterations) (06 Marks)

b. Diagonalise the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ (07 Marks)

c. Reduce the quadratic form $3x^2 - 2y^2 - z^2 + 12yz + 8xz - 4xy$ into canonical form, using orthogonal transformation. (07 Marks)

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