CBCS SCHEME

	13C1 1110/20					
USN						
Fi	irst/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019					
Constitution of India, Professional Ethics & Human Rights						
	(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)					
Time?	2 hrs. [Max. Marks: 40					
1	INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES					
1.	Answer all the forty questions, each question carries one mark.					
2.	Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.					
3.	For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle					
	corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.					
4.	Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.					
5.	Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly					
	prohibited.					
1.	The Indian constitution has the distinction of					
	a) the world's largest written constitution					
	b) the world's smallest written constitution					
	c) the best constitution in the world d) one of the oldest constitution in the world					
2.	Which among the following was not a port of the original preamble of the constitution of					
	India? a) sovereign b) Democratic c) secular d) republic					
2						
3.	How many categories of fundamental rights are guaranteed in part III of the constitution? a) 7 b) 5 c) 4 d) 6					
4.	The Bijoe Emmanuel V/s State of Kerala (the National Anthem Case) was a case, where					
the supreme cart of India interpreted the fundamental right, freedom to / of						
	a) assemble peacefully and without armsb) speech and expression					
	c) move freely through the territory of India					
	d) associations or unions					
5.	Which among the following was the fundamental right added to the constitution by an					

- a) right to freedom
- b) right to education
- c) freedom to assemble peacefully and without arms
- d) freedom to practice any profession

ó.	The constitutional goal of formulating the make India into a	48.5 G/	f state policy was to
		b) police state d) constitutional monar	rchy
7.	In which case did the supreme court of India cannot be employed in any hazardous industra) Sarla Mudgal v/s union of India b) M.C. Mehta v/s state of Tamil Nadu c) T.M.A Pai v/s state of Karnataka d) S.R. Bommai v/s union of India	hold that children belory, mines or other work	ow the age of 14 years
8.	Article 51(A) of the constitution specifies a a) 10 b) 12	code of fundament c) 11	tal duties for citizens. d) 9
9.	Article 41, which directs the state to provide relief comes under the of DPSP a) social and economic charter c) community welfare charter	de opportunities to enjo b) social security chart d) potential freedoms	ter
10.	The DPSP, as per Article 37 of the constitute a) justiciable b) non-justiciable	tion are c) partially justiciable	d) none of these
11.	The constitutional head of the Indian state is a) the prime minister c) the council of ministers	b) the president d) the chief justice of	India
12.	The president of India can exercise i) Executive and military powers ii) Diplomatic and legislative powers iii) Ordinance making powers iv) Judicial and emergency powers	9°.4'	
	a) i & ii b) iii & iy	c) i & iii	d) i, ii, iii, & iv
13.	The prime minister of India must bea) a member of the Lok Sabhac) a member of either of the two houses	b) a member of the Ra d) None of these	ajya Sabha
14.	The Rajya Sabha is also known as a) the council of ministers c) the council of states	b) the council of peop d) the lower house	ole
15.	The power to interpret and safeguarded the a) the parliament c) the chief justice of India	b) the president d) the supreme court	of India
16.	Which among the following is NOT a qual a) She/He must be a citizen of India b) She/He must have attained the age of 35 c) She/He shell be a number of either union d) She/He shall not held any office of profit	years or state legislature	

17.	It is the prerogative of to choose a) the chief minister	b) the governor	of state legislature
	c) the speaker	d) the leadr of the o	opposition
10	How many India states have a bi-came	ral legislature at present?	
18.	a) 5 b) 6	c) 7	d) 8
19.	Disputes related to elections are primar	rily settled by the	Bar
19.	a) subordinate courts	b) high courts	
	c) supreme court	d) election commis	ssion
20.	Abolition of untouchability is mention	ed in Article of th	e Indian constitution
20.	a) 17 b) 19	c) 18	d) 2/5
21.	National commission for scheduled case	stes and scheduled Tribes	shall have the powers of
	a) criminal court b) tribunal	c) civil court	d) high court
22.	The intervening period between two se	essions of a state legislatu	re shall not be more than
	a) 3 months b) 4 months	c) 1 month	d) 6months
	The second secon		21 (1 1 imad a
23.	Which among the following is not an	n institution meant to sal	reguard the laws aimed a
	empowering women?		
	a) National Human Rights Commissio	n And Children	
	b) National Commission For Women	And Children	
	c) The Parliament d) Family Courts		
	d) Failing Courts		
24.	What is prohibited by Article 24 of th	ne constitution?	₩
27.	a) child labour b) trat	fic in humans	
	c) child marriage d) pur	nishing children who com	mitted heinous crime
25.	The present chairman of National Hur	man Rights Commission i	S
	a) K.G. Balakrishnan	b) H.L. Dattu	9
	c) Venkata Chelliah	d) Santhosh Hegd	C
26	The chief election commissioner can l	he removed from his/her	office by
26.	a) an order of the president	b) an executive or	der by the parliament
_m ed	c) impeachment by the parliament	d) the supreme co	urt
) impedeminant system	*	
27.	is not a function of the election	on commission	
	a) selecting candidates for political pa	arties	
	b) preparing electoral rolls		
	c) conducting elections	0 1	
	d) counting of votes and declaration of	of results	
	DDCD con bo	amended by	
28.	Fundamental rights and DPSP can be	amended by	
	a) simple majority in the parliamentb) two-third majority in the parliamer	nt	
	c) two-third majority in the parliamen	nt with ratification by half	of the state legislatures
	d) none of these	•	

29.	29. Fundamental duties were added to the constitution by the				
_	a) 44 th Amendment Act of 1978	b) /3rd Amendment Act			
	c) 77 th Amendment Act of 1995	d) 42nd Amendment Act	of 1976		
20	Indian constitution is				
30.	a) rigid	b) flexible			
	c) partly rigid and partly flexible	d) partly written and part	ly unwritten		
31.	One of the aims of studying engineering Ethics is to				
	a) inspire engineers acquire in depth knowledge in the engineering field				
	b) stimulate moral imagination				
	c) acquire new skills in engineering testing				
	d) encourage research in engineering				
32.	The basis of or reference point for professio	nal ethics is			
	a) common morality	b) personal morality			
	c) business ethics	d) social morality			
22	The skill and habit of thinking independen	atly and rationally about e	ethical issues on the		
33.	basis of moral concern is referred to as				
	a) moral integrity	b) moral consistency			
	c) ethical awareness	d) moral autonomy			
		l'	anonaihility?		
34.	Which among the following is NOT an imp	c) self-deception d)	microscopic vision		
	a) courage b) fear	c) sen-deception (d)	interoscopie vision		
35.	Causing harm without aiming to cause harr	n but acting in conscious	awareness that harm		
55.	is likely to result is referred to as cau	using harm			
	a) intentionally b) reckessly	c) negligently	l) inadvertently		
	C' 11 The large outer of others W	ithout their permission or	credit is		
36.	The use of intellectual property of others w a) trimming b) cooking	c) plagiarism	d) forging		
		5) F8	, ,		
37.	Which among the following is not an attitude	de towards responsibility i	n engineering?		
	a) reasonable care b) good works	c) minimalist	d) idealistic		
20	The question "What is 'safety' and how is	s it related to 'risk'?" is a	n example of		
38.		S It related to Tisk : 15 d	in example of		
	inquiry a) conceptual b) factual	c) normative	d) descriptive		
39.	When one is in a professional relationship	p is supposed to t	ake precedence over		
	personal morality	a) must faccional athics	d) religious morality		
	a) social morality b) common morality	c) professional ethics	a) religious morality		
40.	Which among the following are part	of the umbrella virtue	called professional		
TU.	responsibility?				
	a) solf direction virtues	b) public spirited virtues	S		
	1 - internal of the Control of the C	d) all of these			
	c) teamwork virtues CMRALORE - 560 037				