

CBCS Scheme

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15ELN15/25

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017 Basic Electronics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Define the following diode parameters : (05 Marks)
- Knee voltage
 - Maximum forward current
 - Peak inverse voltage
 - Reverse breakdown voltage
 - Maximum power rating. (06 Marks)
- b. With neat circuit diagram and waveform explain the working of Full wave Bridge Rectifier.
- c. Draw common emitter circuit. Sketch input and output characteristics. Also explain operating regions by indicating them on characteristic curve. (05 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Write a note on voltage regulator circuit. (05 Marks)
- b. Derive the relationship between α and β . Also calculate the α value and β value of a transistor if $I_B = 100\mu\text{A}$ and $I_C = 2\text{mA}$. (04 Marks)
- c. With a neat diagram, explain the output characteristics of a transistor in common base configuration. (07 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. What is DC load line? Explain with neat circuit the operation of voltage divider bias circuit. (05 Marks)
- b. What is op-amp? List the characteristics of an ideal op-amp. (06 Marks)
- c. For the circuit shown in Fig Q3(c). compute (05 Marks)
- Three transistor currents
 - Voltage drop across R_C and R_B .

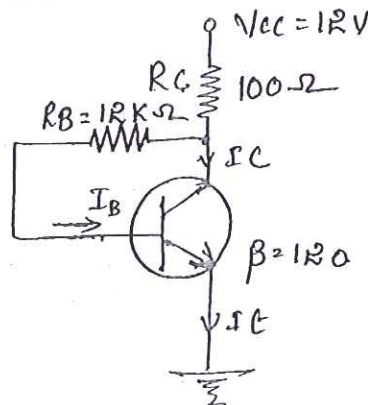


Fig Q3(b)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg, $42+8 = 50$, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 4 a. Explain how op-amp can be used as
 i) An integrator ii) Differentiator iii) Voltage follower. (06 Marks)
- b. With neat circuit diagram, explain base biased method with necessary equations. (05 Marks)
- c. Find the output of the following op-amp circuit. (05 Marks)

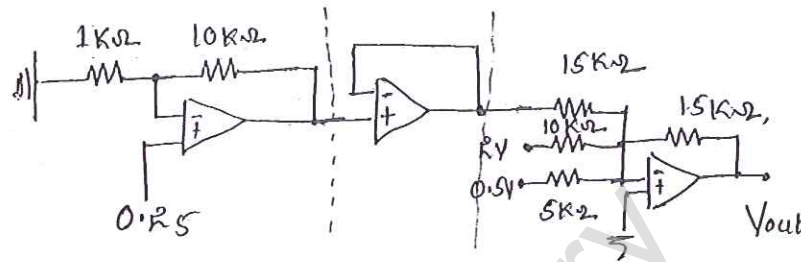


Fig Q4(c)

Module-3

- 5 a. Convert $(1101101)_2 = ()_{10}$ and $(96)_{10} = ()_2$. (04 Marks)
- b. Convert $(FA876)_{16} = ()_8$ and $(237)_8 = ()_{16}$. (04 Marks)
- c. Design Full adder circuit. (08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. State and prove De Morgan's theorem. (05 Marks)
- b. What are Universal gates? Realize AND, OR Gates using Universal gates. (05 Marks)
- c. Subtract $(19)_{10}$ from $(15)_{10}$ using 1s and 2s complement methods. (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Write a note on NOR gate latch. (05 Marks)
- b. Explain the working of clocked RS flip flop using NAND gates. (06 Marks)
- c. Define microcontrollers. Write their important applications. (05 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Explain the architecture of 8051 micro controller. (08 Marks)
- b. Mention the difference between latch and Flip flop. (02 Marks)
- c. Write a note on interfacing of 8051 microcontroller with stepper motor. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the block diagram of communication system. (05 Marks)
- b. Define Amplitude modulation. Derive mathematical expression for the same. Draw waveforms. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain the construction and the principle of operation of LVDT. (05 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. List the differences between Amplitude modulation and frequency modulation. (05 Marks)
- b. Explain frequency modulation with neat waveforms. (05 Marks)
- c. A carrier of 10V peak and frequency 100KHz is amplitude modulated by a sine wave of 4V peak and frequency 1000Hz. Determine the modulation index for the modulated wave and draw the amplitude spectrum. (06 Marks)
