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10TE74

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016

**DSP Algorithms and Architecture**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

**PART - A**

- 1 a. What is meant by a multirate system? Explain the role of decimation and interpolation in such systems. (08 Marks)
- b. The sequence  $x(n) = \{0, 3, 6, 9, 12\}$  is interpolated using interpolation sequence  $b_k = \left\{ \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \right\}$  and the interpolation factor of 3, find the interpolated sequence  $y(m)$ . (06 Marks)
- c. Describe the basic features that should be provided in the DSP architecture to be used to implement the  $N^{\text{th}}$  order FIR filter
- $$y(n) = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} h(i)x(n-i); \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$
- where  $x(n)$  denotes the input samples,  $y(n)$  the output sample and  $h(i)$  denotes  $i^{\text{th}}$  filter coefficients. (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Give the structure of a  $4 \times 4$  Braun multiplier, explain its concept. What modification is required to carry out multiplication of signed numbers? (10 Marks)
- b. What is meant by circular addressing mode? Write pointer updating algorithm for the circular addressing mode and show different cases that encounter during the updating process of the pointer. (10 Marks)
- 3 a. Describe the multiplier/adder unit of TMS320C54XX processor with neat block diagram. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain dual operand addressing and accumulator addressing as applied to C54XX processor with an example. (08 Marks)
- c. Explain in brief status register 0, status register 1 of C54XX. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. Describe any five assembly directives of C54XX. (06 Marks)
- b. Describe the operation of hardware timer with a neat diagram. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain with figure the pipeline operation of the following sequence of instruction, if the initial values of AR1, AR3, A are 204, 201, 2 and the values stored in the memory locations 201, 202, 203, 204 are 4, 6, 8, 12. Also provide the values of registers AR3, AR1, T and accumulator after completion of each cycle. (08 Marks)
- ADD \*AR3+, A  
LD \*AR1+, T  
MPY \*AR3+, B  
ADD B, A

**PART – B**

- 5 a. Describe the importance of Q-notation in DSP algorithm implementation with examples. What are the values represented by 16-bit fixed point number  $N_1 = 4D00$  and  $N_2 = BDAF$  in Q7 and Q15 notations. (10 Marks)
- b. Write an assembly language program for TMS320C54XX processor to implement an FIR filter. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain a general DIT-FFT butterfly in-place computation with necessary equations which is implemented in C54XX DSP. (06 Marks)
- b. What is the need for scaling of inputs? Derive the scaling required in FFT calculation. (06 Marks)
- c. Explain how the bit reversed index generation can be done in 8 point DIT-FFT. Write an assembly language program for 8-point DIT-FFT bit reversed index generation. (08 Marks)
- 7 a. Design a circuit to interface 64K words of program memory space from 0FFFFFFh for the 5416 processor using 16K  $\times$  16 memory chips. (10 Marks)
- b. What is an interrupt? With a neat flow chart, explain the response of C54XX to an interrupt. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain how PPM signal is decoded at the receiver end using DSP. (06 Marks)
- b. Explain the synchronous serial interface between the C54XX and a CODEC device. (06 Marks)
- c. With a neat diagram, explain JPEG coding and decoding. (08 Marks)

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