# Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 **Digital Communication**

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

Define Hilbert transform. State the properties of it. 1

(04 Marks)

- Obtain the Hilbert transform of
  - $x(t) = (\cos 2\pi Ft + \sin 2\pi Ft)$ i)
  - $x(t) = e^{-j2\pi Ft}$ ii)

(04 Marks)

Explain canonical representation of band pass signal.

(08 Marks)

Derive the expression for the complex low pass representation of bandpass systems. 2

(08 Marks)

- For the given data stream 11011100. Sketch the line code b.
  - Unipolar NRZ i)
  - Polar NRZ ii)
  - Unipolar RZ iii)

Bipolar NRZ

- (04 Marks)
- Draw the power spectra of NRZ unipolar and NRZ polar format.

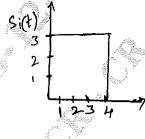
(04 Marks)

Module-2

- Show that the energy of a signal is equal to squared length of the signal vector. (08 Marks) 3 a.
  - Obtain the decision rule for maximum likelihood decoding and explain the correlation (08 Marks) receiver.

OR

- Explain the correlation receiver using product integrator and matched filter. (08 Marks)
  - Three signals s<sub>1</sub>(t), s<sub>2</sub>(t) and s<sub>3</sub>(t) are shown in Fig.Q.4(b). Apply Gram Schmidt procedure to obtain an orthonormal basis for the signals, Express signals s<sub>1</sub>(t), s<sub>2</sub>(t) and s<sub>3</sub>(t) in terms of (08 Marks) orthonormal basis functions.



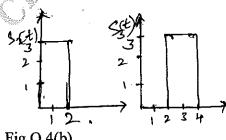


Fig.Q.4(b)

Module-3

- With necessary diagrams, explain the generation and reception of BPSK signal.
  - Given the binary data 10010011, draw the BPSK and DPSK waveforms.

(10 Marks) (06 Marks)

1 of 218 DEC 2019

Important Note: I. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

#### OR

- 6 a. Derive the expression for error probability of BFSK. (08 Marks)
  - b. With block diagram explain generation and detection of DPSK.

(08 Marks)

### Module-4

7 a. What is ISI? Obtain the expression of output of a filter with intersymbol interference.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain the Nyquist criterion for distortionless baseband binary transmission and obtain the ideal solution for zero ISI. (08 Marks)

#### OR

- 8 a. Draw and explain the time-domain and frequency domain of duobinary and modified duobinary signal. (08 Marks)
  - b. What is channel equalization? With a neat diagram, explain the concept of equalization using a linear transversal filter. (08 Marks)

## Module-5

- 9 a. Draw the 4 stage linear feedback shift register with 1<sup>st</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> state is connected to Modulo-2 adder. Output of Modulo-2 is connected to 1<sup>st</sup> stage input. Find the output PN sequence and write the autocorrelation function with initial state 1000. (06 Marks)
  - b. Explain the generation of direct sequence spread spectrum with relevant waveforms and spectrums. (07 Marks)
  - c. Write a short note on application of spread spectrum in wireless LAN's. (03 Marks)

#### OR

- 10 a. With necessary block diagram, explain the transmitter and receiver of frequency hop spread spectrum. (08 Marks)
  - b. With a neat block diagram, explain the CDMA system based on IS-95. (08 Marks)