

CBCS SCHEME

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17EE35

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Digital System Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Design a logic circuit that has 4 inputs, the output will only be high, when the majority of the inputs are high. Use K_{map} to simplify. (10 Marks)
- b. Using K_{maps} , simplify,
 $S = \overline{A}B\overline{C} + A\overline{B}\overline{C}D + ABCD + ABC\overline{D} + A\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{E} + ABCE + d(A\overline{B}C\overline{D} + \overline{A}BCE)$. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Simply the following function using Quine Mc-Cluskey method.
 $P = f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(1, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15) + \sum d(8, 9, 10, 11)$. (10 Marks)
- b. Explain with suitable examples :
 i) How do we obtain a standard SOP expression from a SOP expression?
 $y = AB + BC + AC$.
 ii) How do we obtain a standard POS expression from a POS expression?
 $y = (A + B)(B + C)(A + C)$. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Implement the function using active low output dual 2 : 4 line decoder IC 74139.
 i) $f_1(P, Q, R) = \sum m(1, 4, 5, 7)$
 ii) $f_2(P, Q, R) = \pi m(0, 1, 2, 6)$. (08 Marks)
- b. Design a half and full subtractor and draw using NAND gates only. (12 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Implement $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(4, 5, 7, 10, 11, 12, 15)$ using :
 i) 8 : 1 MUX with b, c, d as select lines
 ii) 4 : 1 MUX with a, d as select lines. (10 Marks)
- b. Write a truth table for two-bit magnitude comparator. Write the K - Map for each output of two bit magnitude comparator and the resulting equation. (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Explain with timing diagrams the workings of SR latch as a switch debouncer. (08 Marks)
- b. Draw the master Q and \overline{Q} and slave Q and \overline{Q} waveforms for J and K shown in Fig.Q5(b). (12 Marks)

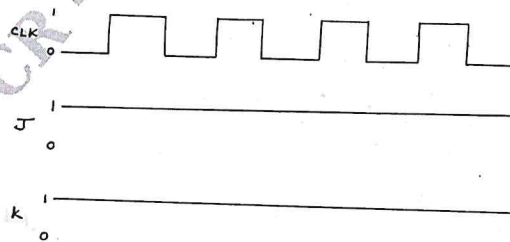


Fig.Q5(b)
1 of 2

7 JAN 2020

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Design a 4 bit shift register using positive edge triggered Dflip-flops to operate as indicated in the table below.

Mode select		Register operation
S ₁	S ₀	
0	0	Hold
0	1	Clear counter
1	0	Complement contents
1	1	Circular shift right

- b. Design a Mod-6 ripple counter using clocked T flip-flops.

(10 Marks)
(10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain mealy model and Moore model in detail with necessary block diagrams. (08 Marks)
 b. Analyse the following sequential circuit shown in Fig.Q7(b) and obtain :
 i) Flip flop input and output equations
 ii) Transition equation
 iii) Transition table
 iv) State table
 v) State diagram.

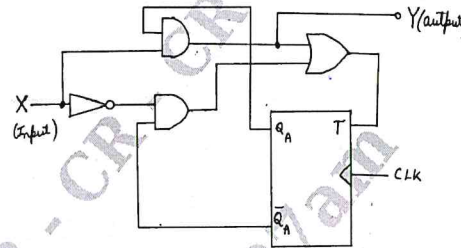


Fig.Q7(b)

(12 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. For the state diagram shown in Fig.Q8(a), design a sequential circuit using Dflip-flop.

(10 Marks)

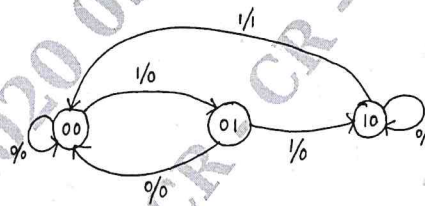


Fig.Q8(a)

- b. Design a synchronous counter using Negative edge triggered Dflip-flop having the sequence : 1 - 6 - 12 - 10 - 5 - 3 - 7 - 2 - 13 - 4 - 1.

(10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Explain briefly the structure of the VHDL module.
 b. Briefly explain the operators in VHDL.

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. For a 2 × 1 multiplexer with active low enable, write a VHDL dataflow description and verilog description.
 b. Give the comparison between concurrent and sequential signal assignment statements.

(12 Marks)

(08 Marks)
