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17EE36

ee Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Electrical and Electronic Measurement

Time: 3 hrs

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Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

Derive the balancing equation for Kelvin's double bridge. b.

(08 Marks)

Explain how to measure earth resistance by using Megger.

The energy stored in a parallel plate capacitor per unit volume is given by $W = K\epsilon^a V^b d^c$, where d = distance between the plates, V = voltage between the plates, ϵ = permittivity of the medium and K = constant. Find the values of a, b and c by dimensional analysis.

(06 Marks)

Define the sensitivity of Wheatstone's bridge with the necessary circuit diagram. Hence 2 deduce the expression for the sensitivity of the bridge 'SB'.

The four arms of a Maxwell's inductance bridge consist of the following elements. Arm AB consists of an inductive coil of resistance r₁ and inductance L₁ in series with a variable resistance R_1 . Arms BC and CD consists of standard resistance of 100Ω each. Arm DA consists of a standard variable pure inductor L2 and a variable resistance R2. Balance is obtained when L_2 = 50.6 mH, R_1 = 2.4 Ω and R_2 = 42.4 Ω . Find the resistance and inductance of the coil in the arm AB. The detector is connected between B and D. The supply is connected between A and C. (05 Marks)

Obtain the balance equation for Hay's bridge used for measurement of unknown inductance. Draw the phasor diagram at balance condition.

(08 Marks)

Module-2

Derive the torque equation of single phase electrodynamometer type wattmeter. (08 Marks)

What are the errors and adjustments in dynamometer type wattmeter?

Explain the working principle and construction of three phase electrodynamometer power (08 Marks)

With the help of neat sketch, explain the construction and working of Weston frequency

b. The name plate of a single phase energymeter reads as 250 V, 20 A, 1800 rev/KWH. The meter is tested at 3/4th load and u.p.f. The meter makes 20 revolutions in 10 seconds. Determine the % error in the reading of energy meter. (06 Marks)

Explain in detail the errors and adjustments in single phase energy meters.

(08 Marks)

Module-3

Explain the operation of the comparative deflection method of testing a current transformer 5 b.

What do you mean by shunts and multipliers and derive the expression for shunts and (08 Marks)

1 of 2

Discuss the advantages of instrument transformers.

(06 Marks)

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Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

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OR

- 6 a. Explain the measurement of magnetizing force by ballistic galvanometer and a search coil with a neat diagram. (08 Marks)
 - b. The exciting current of a ring core current transformer of ratio 500/4 A is 2A at a power factor of 0.5, when operating at full primary current. If secondary burden is a non-inductive resistance of 2Ω , find: (i) Phase angle of the current transformer and (ii) Ration error at full load, assuming that there is no turns compensation. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain the measurement of flux/flux density using search coil.

(08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain with the help of neat block diagram the function of integrating type digital voltmeter. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of true RMS reading voltmeter.

(08 Marks)

c. Write a note on performance parameters of digital voltmeter.

(06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. With a neat block diagram, explain the principle of working of electronic energy meter. List the drawback of traditional energy meter. (08 Marks)
 - b. With a neat sketch explain the working of Q-meter.

(06 Marks)

c. With a neat sketch explain the working of electronic multimeter.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. With a neat sketch, explain the working of the following and list its advantages and disadvantages:
 - (i) Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

(ii) Nixie tube display

(12 Marks)

- b. With a neat sketch explain the working of the following:
 - (i) Cathode Ray Tube
 - (ii) LED

(08 Marks)

OR

10 a. With a neat sketch, explain the working of x-y recorders and bridge type recorders.

(10 Marks)

- b. With a neat sketch explain the working of the following:
 - (i) Ultra-violet recorders
 - (ii) Electro Cardio Graph (ECG)

(10 Marks)