USN

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Constitution of India, Professional Ethics Rights

(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

OveTime: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 40

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1.	Answer all	the forty	questions,	each question	carries	ONE mark.
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- Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
- For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.

4.	Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.		
5.	Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.		
1.	The constitution of India was adopted and enacted on a) 26 th January, 1950 b) 26 th November, 1949 c) 26 th August, 1947 d) 26 th December, 1949		
2.	The following word was added to the preamble by 42 nd Amendment Act, 1976 to the constitution a) Sovereign b) Republic c) Democratic d) Secular		
3.	The federal structure and provisions relating to Union-State relations contained in India constitution are based on the constitution of a) Germany b) Australia c) Canada d) U.S.A		
4.	The important test to identify the basic features of the Indian constitution is a) Preamble b) Directive principles of state policy c) Fundamental rights d) Fundamental duties		
5.	Which of the following Act made the Indian Legislature bicameral for the first time? a) India Councils Act, 1909 b) Government of India Act, 1919 c) Government of India Act, 1935 d) Indian Independence Act, 1947		
6.	Art.14, equality before law is not applicable to a) Prime minister b) Chief justice of India c) Vice president d) Governor of a state		
7.	This is not the ground to impose restriction on the right to freedom of speech and expression a) National security b) Law and order c) Contempt of court d) Morality or decency		

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8.	perform a legal duty that it was not performing?	ity to
	a) Writ of certiorari b) Writ of Quo Warranto c) Writ of Mandamus d) Writ of prohibition	
9.	The aim of the directive principles of state policy is to establish a in the country a) Socialist state b) Communist state c) Secular state d) Welfare state	te
10.	a) Common civil code c) Modern civil The directive principles of state policy direct the state to secure b) Uniform civil code d) None of these	
11.	a) 09 b) 10 fundamental duties to the Indian citizens c) 11 d) 12	
12.	 Which among the following is not an integral part of the Indian parliament? a) The president b) The prime minister c) Lok Sabha d) Rajya Sabh 	a
13.	 3. The vice – president of India is elected y the members of an electoral college consisting of a) Members of Lok sabha b) Member of Rajya Sabha c) Members of both houses of the parliament d) Elected members of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha 	f
14.	4. The union council of ministers shall be collectively responsible to the a) Prime minister b) President c) Rajya Sabha d) Lok Sabha	
15.	5. Who among the following certifies whether a bill is a money bill or an ordinary bill? a) President b) Speaker of Lok Sabha c) Prime minister d) Chairman of Rajya Sabha	
16.	6. Under the advisory jurisdiction, the supreme court of India gives its opinion to a) President b) Prime minister c) Union law minister d) Vice-president	lent
17.	7. The Governor of a state is a) Chosen by the chief minister c) Appointed by the prime minister d) Elected by the citizens of that state	
18.	 8. Which one of the following is a correct statement? a) All state legislatures in the country are Bicameral b) Half the state legislatures in the country are Bicameral c) only a few state legislature in the country are Bicameral d) All state legislatures in the country are unicameral 	
19.	 9. The state council of ministers has to tender their resignation if vote of no-confidence is against it by the a) Legislative assembly b) Legislative council c) Governor d) Joint session of both legislature assembly and legislature council 	passed

20.	Election commission of India is a multi-m commissioner and other election comm a) 2 b) 3		of the chief election d) 5
21.	The election commission does not conduct election offices of the president and vice — president b) Parliament c) State legislatures d) Municipalities and Gram Panjayats	etion to the	
22.	The procedure for amendment of the constitution a) Article 360 b) Article 365	on is detailed under c) Article 368	d) Article 369
23.	Article 21A – right to education as a funda amendment Act. a) 44 th b) 86th	mental right was added b	y constitution d) 74 th
24.	constitution Amendment Act has provunits municipal corporations, municipalities and b) 44th	rided for the establishment	
25.	Indian constitution guarantees reservation of sea) Lok Sabha and state legislative assemblies	eats to scheduled castes and	l scheduled tribes in
	b) Lok sabha only c) Rajya Sabha only d) State legislative assemblies only	a alph	
26.	Who are considered to be vulnerable group? a) Scheduled castes b) Scheduled tribes	c) Women and childre	n d) All of these
27.	The state shall provide free and compulsory ed a) 5 to 12 years b) 6 to 14 years	lucation to all children of th c) 6 to 12 years	d) 5 to 16 years
28.	National emergency can be proclaimed by the a) Internal disturbances c) External aggression	president of India on the gr b) Political instability d) National disasters	cound of
29.	The Chairperson and members of the National by the a) Prime Minister b) Chief Justice of India		*
30.	Twelth schedule to the Indian constitution lists municipal corporations and municipalities a) 15 b) 18	s subjects which a	re to be handled by the
31.	There are about gram Panchayats in Inda a) 2.00 lakhs b) 2.50 lakhs	lia c) 2.75 lakhs	d) 3.00 lakhs
32.	In a co-operative society, which one among that a) Promotion of thrift c) Promotion of self-help	e following is not the sole of b) Maximizing the profit d) Promotion of mutual	its

	33.	Engineering ethics is a) A macro ethics b) Business ethics	
		c) A preventive ethics d) A code of scientific rules based on ethics	
	34.	Conflict of interest may be a) False b) Potential	c) Imaginary d) Create
	35.	As applied to responsibility, avoiding blame or a) Minimalist view c) Good works view	being safe is the prime concern in b) Reasonable care d) Both (a)&(b)
	36.	is not the symptoms of "Group thinking a) Illusion of unanimity c) Self-deception	b) Mind guarding d) Self - censorship
	37.	Revealing the confidential information means _a) Breach of contract c) Violation of patent right	b) Criminal breach of trust d) Misusing the truth
	38.	An expert testimony does not demanda) Consulting extensively with the lawyer b) Adequate time for thorough investigation c) Expert legal knowledge d) Objective and unbiased demeanor	
-	39.	The owner of the patent right retains his/her pa a) 10 year b) 20 year	tent right for d) 50 years
	40.	Acceptable risk means a) Risk which is the natural part of the process b) Risk which can be avoided c) Inevitable risk d) Risk of harm equal to probability of product	V
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