(05 Marks)

USN

Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 **Engineering Mathematics - II**

Max. Marks: 80

Time: 3 hrs. Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Solve
$$\frac{dy^2}{dx^2} - 4y = \cosh(2x - 1) + 3^x$$
 by inverse differential operators method. (06 Marks)

b. Solve
$$(D^3 - 1)y = 3 \cos 2x$$
 by inverse differential operators method.

c. Solve
$$(D^2 + a^2)$$
 y = Sec (ax) by the method of variation of parameters. (05 Marks)

2 a. Solve
$$(D^2 - 2D + 5) y = e^{2x} \sin x$$
 by inverse differential operator method. (06 Marks

a. Solve
$$(D^2 - 2D + 5)$$
 $y = e^{2x}$ Sin x by inverse differential operator method. (06 Marks)
b. Solve $(D^3 + D^2 + 4D + 4)$ $y = x^2 - 4x - 6$ by inverse differential operator method. (05 Marks)

c. Solve
$$y'' - 2y' + 3y = x^2 - \cos x$$
 by the method of undetermined coefficients. (05 Marks)

3 a. Solve
$$x^3y''' + 3x^2y'' + xy' + 8y = 65 \cos(\log x)$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Solve
$$xy\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 - (x^2 + y^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 0$$
 (05 Marks)

c. Solve the equation
$$(px - y)$$
 $(py + x) = 2p$ by reducing into Clairaut's form taking the substitution $X = x^2$, $Y = y^2$. (05 Marks)

4 a. Solve
$$(2x-1)^2y'' + (2x-1)y' - 2y = 8x^2 - 2x + 3$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Solve
$$y = 2px + p^2y$$
 by solving for 'x'. (05 Marks)

C. Find the general and singular solution of equation
$$xp^2 - py + kp + a = 0$$
. (05 Marks)

Obtain partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function. 5

Given
$$z = y^2 + 2f\left(\frac{1}{x} + \log y\right)$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Solve
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial t} = e^{-t} \cos x$$
, given that $u = 0$ when $t = 0$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 0$ at $x = 0$. (05 Marks)

c. Derive one dimensional wave equation
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = C^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$
 (05 Marks)

Obtain partial differential equation of

$$f(x^2 + 2yz, y^2 + 2zx) = 0.$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Solve
$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = a^2 z$$
, given that when $x = 0$, $z = 0$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = a \sin y$. (05 Marks)

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2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

c. Find the solution of one dimensional heat equation
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = C^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$
. (05 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1-x} \int_{0}^{1-x-y} \frac{dx \, dy \, dx}{(1+x+y+z)^3}$$
. (06 Marks)

- b. Evaluate integral $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{\sqrt{x}} xy \, dy \, dx$ by changing the order of integration. (05 Marks)
- c. Obtain the relation between Beta and Gamma function in the form $\beta(m,n) = \frac{\overline{|m|} \overline{|n|}}{\overline{|m+n|}}$ (05 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Evaluate $\int_{0.0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dxdy$ by changing into polar co-ordinates. (06 Marks)
 - b. If A is the area of rectangular region bounded by the lines x = 0, x = 1, y = 0, y = 2 then evaluate $\int (x^2 + y^2) dA$. (05 Marks)
 - c. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta \text{ using Beta and Gamma functions.}$ (05 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find Laplace transition of i) t^2e^{2t} ii) $\frac{e^{-at}-e^{-bt}}{t}$. (06 Marks)
 - b. If a periodic function of period 2a is defined by $f(t) = \begin{cases} t & \text{if} \quad 0 \le t \le a \\ 2a t & \text{if} \quad a \le t \le 2a \end{cases}$ Then show that $L\{f(t)\} = \frac{1}{s^2} \tanh\left(\frac{as}{2}\right).$ (05 Marks)
 - c. Solve $y''(t) + 4y'(t) + 4y(t) = e^t$ with y(0) = 0 y'(0) = 0. Using Laplace transform. (05 Marks)

OR

10 a. Find
$$L^{-1} \left[\frac{7s}{(4s^2 + 4s + 9)} \right]$$
 (06 Marks)

- b. Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s}{(s-1)(s^2+4)} \right]$ using convolution theorem. (05 Marks)
- c. Express the following function in terms of Heaviside unit step function and hence its

 Laplace transistor $f(t) = \begin{cases} t^2, & 0 < t \le 2 \\ 4t, & t > 2 \end{cases}$ (05 Marks)

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