

Explain basic instruction types.

18MCA15

(04 Marks)

First Semester MCA Degree Examination, Aug./Sept.2020 **Computer Organization**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. Module-1 Convert the following: 1 $(1111.11)_2 = (?)_{10}$ $(7654.4081)_8 = (?)_{10}$ iii) $(EC.12)_{16} = (?)_8$ i) (10 Marks) $(355.22)_8 = (?)_{16}$ v) $(306.D)_{16} = (?)_2$ Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Solve using r's complement. iii) (47480)₁₀ $v) (0.4565)_{10}$. ii) $(0.8823)_{10}$ iv) $(0.9292)_{10}$ i) (82.734)₁₀ (05 Marks) Subtract using r's complement. 4500 - 752804000 - 55000 ii) 68530 - 4250 iii) iv) 72532 - 3250(05 Marks) v) 3800 - 45000. OR Write minterm and maxterm for the 3 binary variables. Express the following function in canonical mintern and maxterm. (10 Marks) i) F = a'b + cd'ii) F = p + q'r. b. Solve the following using K - map. i) f(A, B, C) = A'C + A'B + AB'C + BC. (10 Marks) ii) $f(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14)$. Module-2 What is full adder? Write the truth table and get the expression for sum and carry. And 3 implement the same in sum of products. (10 Marks) Implement the following function with NAND and NOR gates $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 6)$. (10 Marks) What is Decoder? Construct 3 - to - 8 line decoder. CMRIT LIBRARY (10 Marks) BANGALORE - 560 037 b. Explain 4 – bit binary parallel adder. (10 Marks) Module-3 Explain the connection between processor and memory, with neat diagram. (10 Marks) 5 b. Explain any five addressing modes. (10 Marks) OR With neat diagram, explain basic functional unit of a computer. (06 Marks) b. Explain big – endian and little – endian assignments. (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. What is Assembly Language Program? Write ALP that reads one line from keyboard, stores it in memory buffer and echoes it back to the display. (10 Marks)
 - b. What is an Interrupt? Explain vectored interrupt.

(10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. With neat diagram, explain use of DMA controller in a computer system. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the types of Bus Arbitration.

(10 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. Explain the internal organization of $2M \times 8$ dynamic memory chip, with neat diagram.

(10 Marks)

b. Define ROM cell and explain types of ROM.

(10 Marks)

OR

10 a. Explain the purpose of Cache memory. Explain direct mapping technique with example.

(10 Marks) (10 Marks)

b. Explain Virtual - memory address translation.
