Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpracti

MANGALORE

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept. 2020 Field Theory

Time//3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Define electric field intensity. Derive an expression for electric field intensity due to infinite line charge. (08 Marks)
 - b. State and prove Gauss law.

(05 Marks)

- c. In free space, let $\vec{D} = 8xyz^4a_x + 4x^2z^4a_y + 16x^2yz^3a_z P C/m^2$
 - i) Find the total electric flux passing through the rectangular surface z = 2, 0 < x < 2, 1 < y < 3, in the Q_z direction
 - ii) Find \vec{E} at P(2, -1, 3)

(07 Marks)

2 a. Derive an expression for the energy density in the electrostatic field.

(08 Marks)

b. An electric field is expressed in rectangular co-ordinate system by

$$\vec{E} = 6x^2a_x + 6ya_y + 4a_z V/m$$

Find:

- i) V_{MN} if points M and N are specified by M(2, 6, -1) and N(-3, -3, 2)
- ii) V_M if V = 0 at Q(4, -2, -35)

(06 Marks)

c. Let the region z < 0 be composed of a uniform dielectric material for which $\epsilon_r = 3.2$, while

the region z>0 is characterized by $\in_r=2$. Let $\vec{D}_1{=}-30a_x+50a_y+70a_z$ n C/m^2 and Find :

- i) D_N
- iii) D_t
- v) θ_1 .

(06 Marks)

3 a. The vector current density is given by

ii) \vec{D}_t

$$\vec{J} = \frac{2}{r^2} Cos\theta a_r + 20e^{-2r} Sin\theta a_\theta - rSin\theta Cos\theta a_\phi A / m^2$$

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Find: i) \vec{J} at r = 3, $\theta = 0$, $\phi = \pi$

- ii) Total current passing through the spherical surface $r=3,\,0<\theta<20,\,0<\varphi<2\pi$ in the 'r' direction. (07 Marks)
- b. From Gauss's law, derive Poisson's and Laplace's equations.

(05 Marks)

- c. The inner conductor of radius 'a' of a coaxial cable is held at potential V_0 while the outer conductor of radius 'b' is grounded. Determine:
 - i) Potential distribution between conductor
 - ii) The surface charge density on the inner conductor and capacitance per unit length using Laplacean equation. (08 Marks)
- 4 a. State and explain Ampere's law.

(05 Marks)

b. Calculate the value of vector current density given $\vec{H} = x^2 z a_y + y^2 \times a_z A / m$ at P_A (2, 3, 4).

A very long, straight conductor located along the Z axis carries a current 'I' in the Z direction. Obtain an expression for the magnetic vector potential at a point in the bisecting plane of the conductor. What is the magnetic flux density at that point? (10 Marks)

PART - B

- Derive an equation for the force between two differential current elements. (04 Marks) 5
 - The field $\vec{B} = -2a_x + 3a_y + 4a_z mT$ is present in free space. Find the vector force exerted on a b. straight wire carrying 12A in the aAB direction, given A(1, 1, 1) and B(2, 1, 1). (08 Marks)
 - Obtain boundary conditions at the interface between two magnetic materials. (08 Marks)
- What do you mean by displacement current? Derive Maxwell's equation in point form from 6 a. (08 Marks) Ampere's law.
 - List Maxwell's equation in point form and integral forms. b.

(08 Marks)

Write a note on retarded potential.

(04 Marks)

Define uniform plane wave. Derive the equations for uniform plane wave in free space. 7

(07 Marks)

Discuss wave propagation in good conductors. b.

(07 Marks)

- For a lossy dielectric material having $\mu_r = 1$, $\epsilon_r = 48$, $\sigma = 20 \text{S/m}$. Calculate the attenuation constant, phase constant, and intrinsic impedance at a frequency of 16GHz. (06 Marks)
- Write a note on Poynting theorem.

(10 Marks)

- b. An electromagnetic wave propagates in a dielectric medium with $\epsilon = 9\epsilon_0$ along the Z direction. It strikes another dielectric medium with $\epsilon = 4\epsilon_0$ at Z = 0. If the incoming wave has a maximum value of 0.1 V/m at the interface, and its angular frequency is 300M rad/sec, determine:
 - reflection coefficient i)
 - ii) The transmission coefficient
 - iii) The power densities of the incident reflected and transmitted waves.

(10 Marks)