## TE\_IAT2\_17CV561

By Department of Civil Engineering, CMRIT

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1.	Email address *		
2.	Name *		
3.	Section *		
	Mark only one oval.		
	A		
4.	USN *		

5.	Which of the following is not a criterion for zoning*
	Mark only one oval.
	zones should match other administrative divisions, particularly census zones.  zones should have homogeneous characteristics, especially in land use, population etc.  zone boundaries should match cordon and screen lines, but should not match major roads.  zones should have regular geometric shape
6.	Level of services are divided in *
	Mark only one oval.
	4 types  5 types  6 types
	( )3 types

7.	LOS A represents worst operating conditions and LOS F is the best *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	The statement is incorrect	
	The statement is correct	
8.	Safety is not included in LOS *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	True	
	False	
9.	Desire line is a one of the methods of measurement of O and D data. The statement is *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	Correct	
	False	

10.	Thickness of desire line represents *
	Mark only one oval.
	No of trips in one direction No of trips in both direction Can be either
	None
11.	Space mean speed is the *
	Mark only one oval.
	arithmetic meanof speeds
	harmonic mean of speeds
	Can be both
	None

12.	Condition diagram is related to *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	O and D study	
	Parking study	
	Accident study	
	Desire line diagram	
13.	Collision diagram illustrates *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	path of vehicle and pedestrians involved in accidents	
	physical conditions of the accident location.	
	Origin and destination data	
	None	

14.	Condition diagram illustrates *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	path of vehicle and pedestrians involved in accidents	
	physical conditions of the accident location.	
	Origin and destination data	
	None	
15.	In which diagram of accident analysis roadway limits, kerb lines, bridges, culverts will be illustrated *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	Condition diagram	
	Collision diagram	
	Desire line diagram	
	Spot diagram	
16.	Condition diagram is drawn to scale. the statement is *	
	Mark only one oval.	
	True	
	false	

17.	In Origin destination table X axis represents *
	Mark only one oval.
	destination Origin Both None
18.	In Origin destination table Y axis represents *
	Mark only one oval.
	Mark only one oval.  destination
	destination
	destination Origin
	destination Origin Both

19.	Imaginary lines representing the boundary of study area is called *		
	Mark only one oval.		
	Screen line		
	Cordon line		
	Zone line		
	None		
Mι	oltiple Choice Questions-2 marks	No negative marking	
20.	Which kind of parking taking the maximum kerb length *		
	Mark only one oval.		
	parallel		
	30		
	<u> </u>		
	90		

21.	Which kind of parking requires maximum width in the parking lot design ${}^{*}$
	Mark only one oval.
	parallel
	30
	<u> </u>
	90
22.	Parking can cause *
	Mark only one oval.
	congestion
	pollution
	accidents
	all the above

23.	Stop sign is a *
	Mark only one oval.
	warning sign mandatory sign Informatory sign all the above
24.	One of the major objective of traffic signs include *
	Mark only one oval.
	advance information for safe driving
	convey a clear, simple meaning
	Increase safety of road
	ALL

25.	Ways to reduce accident are *
	Mark only one oval.
	by 3 E method by 3 G method Both None
26	3E's include *
20.	Mark only one oval.
	Engineering, education and enthusiasm
	Enforcement, empowerment and eradication
	Engineering, education and expulsion
	Engineering, education and enforcement

27.	Minimum and maximum speed limit on a road is *
	Mark only one oval.
	15th and 98th percentile speed
	20th and 80th percentile speed
	15th and 85th percentile speed
	20th and 98th percentile speed
28.	All roads are designed for *
20.	All roads are designed for *
	Mark only one oval.
	85th percentile speed
	95th percentile speed
	95th percentile speed
	95th percentile speed 98th percentile speed

29. if 85th percentile speed is 60 kmph,98th percentile speed would be *	
Mark only one oval.	
More than 60 kmph	
Less than 60 kmph	
Can be either	
None	
Multiple Choice Questions-5 marks	No negative marking

30. From the following data, determine: a.Modal speed b.Speed limit for traffic regulation c.Speed to be used in geometric design \*

Speed group, kmph	No. of vehicles observed	Speed group, <u>kmph</u>	No. of vehicles observed
20.0-29.99	0	60.0-69.99	60
30.0-39.99	12	70.0-79.99	38
40.0-49.99	32	80.0-89.99	27
50.0-59.99	48	90.0-99.99	15

Mark only one oval.

- Modal speed = 64kmph, Speed limit for traffic regulation = 65 kmph, Speed to be used in geometric design = 76 kmph
- Modal speed = 65 kmph, Speed limit for traffic regulation = 60 kmph, Speed to be used in geometric design = 82 kmph
- Modal speed = 65 kmph, Speed limit for traffic regulation = 76 kmph, Speed to be used in geometric design = 90 kmph
- None

31. Grouping samples of speed, a sample is represented in the given table, in which, there are a total of 363 observations grouped into class intervals of 4 kmph. Calculate (i) design speed (ii) upper speed limit \*

Midpoint of speed, kmph	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
Number of vehicles	9	74	79	75	66	33	17	6	1	3

Mark only one oval.

		Design	speed 5	3 kmph and	Upper speed	l limit = 45 kmpł
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Design speed 48 kmph and upper speed limit = 28 kmph

Design speed 28 kmph upper speed limit = 48 kmph

O None

32. 4. Following data were obtained from the spot speed studies. Suggest Lower speed causing congestion

Speed Group (kmph)	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. of vehicles	230	375	500	680	525	430	290	110	25	8

Mark only one oval.

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1	None
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