USN

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Advanced Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Express the complex number $\frac{(3+2i)^2}{(4-3i)}$ in the form of x + iy. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the modulus and amplitude of $(\sqrt{3} + i)$ and express it in polar form. (07 Marks)
 - c. Show that the real part of $\frac{1}{1+\cos\theta+i\sin\theta}$ is $\frac{1}{2}$. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Obtain the n^{th} derivative of $e^{ax} \sin(bx+c)$. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the nth derivative of $\frac{4x}{(x-1)^2(x+1)}$. (07 Marks)
 - c. If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$, prove that $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1) x y_{n+1} + (n^2+1) y_n = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Find the pedal equation to the curve $r^2 \sin 2\theta = a^2$. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the angle of intersection for the pair of curves $r = a(1+\cos\theta)$ and $r = b(1-\cos\theta)$.

 Are they orthogonal? (07 Marks)
 - c. Using Maclaurin's series, expand tan x upto the term containing x⁵. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. If $u = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$, verify that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$. (06 Marks)
 - b. State Euler's theorem. If $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x y}\right)$, show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$. (07 Marks)
 - c. If $u = \frac{yz}{x}$, $v = \frac{zx}{y}$ and $w = \frac{xy}{z}$, show that $J\left(\frac{u, v, w}{x, y, z}\right) = 4$. (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Derive the reduction formula for $\int \cos^n x \, dx$ where n is a +ve integer. (06 Marks)
 - b. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{5} \int_{0}^{x^{2}} x(x^{2} + y^{2}) dxdy$ (07 Marks)
 - c. Evaluate $\int_{-1}^{1} \int_{0}^{z} \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x+y+z) dx dy dz$ (07 Marks)

Define Beta and Gamma functions. Show that

$$\left| \overline{(n)} = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\log \frac{1}{y} \right)^{n-1} dy, \quad (n > 0).$$
 (06 Marks)

- Show that $\beta(m, n) = 2 \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m-1} \theta \cdot \cos^{2n-1} \theta d\theta$ (07 Marks)
- Express the integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$ in terms of gamma function. (07 Marks)
- Solve (xy + x)dy + (xy + y) dx = 0. (06 Marks)
 - Solve $x(y-x) \frac{dy}{dx} = y(y+x)$. (07 Marks)
 - c. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y\cos x + \sin y + y}{\sin x + x\cos y + x} = 0.$ (07 Marks)
- a. Solve (D⁴ + 2D² + 1)y = 0.
 b. Solve (D³ D + 6)y = e^{4x}.
 c. Solve (D² + 4)y = cos 2x. 8 (06 Marks) (07 Marks)
 - (07 Marks)