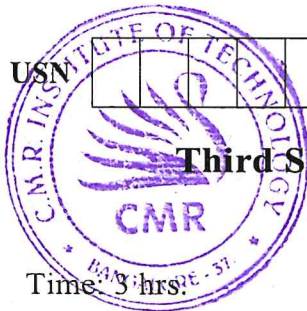


CBCS SCHEME

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17MAT31



Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021 Engineering Mathematics – III

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- Obtain the Fourier series of $f(x) = x(2\pi - x)$ in $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$. (08 Marks)
 - Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + 4\frac{x}{3} & \text{in } -\frac{3}{2} < x \leq 0 \\ 1 - 4\frac{x}{3} & \text{in } 0 \leq x < \frac{3}{2} \end{cases}$ (06 Marks)
 - Expand $f(x) = 2x - 1$ as a Cosine half range Fourier series in $0 < x < 1$. (06 Marks)

OR

- Obtain the constant term and the coefficients of the first Cosine and Sine terms in the Fourier expansion of 'y' from the table

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	9	18	24	28	26	20

- Obtain the Fourier series of $f(x) = |x|$ in $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. (06 Marks)
 - Show that the sine half range series for the function $f(x) = lx - x^2$ in $0 < x < l$ is $\frac{8l^2}{\pi^3} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^3} \sin\left(\frac{2n+1}{l}\pi x\right)$. (06 Marks)

Module-2

- If $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |x| \leq a \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > a \end{cases}$, find the infinite Fourier transform of $f(x)$ and hence evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$. (08 Marks)
 - Find the Fourier Cosine transform of e^{-x} . (06 Marks)
 - Solve by using Z-transforms: $y_{n+2} - 4y_n = 0$, given $y_0 = 0$ and $y_1 = 2$. (06 Marks)

OR

- Find the Fourier Sine transform of $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$, $a > 0$. (08 Marks)
 - Find the Z-transform of $\sin(3n + 5)$. (06 Marks)
 - Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{(z+2)(z-4)}$. (06 Marks)

c. Evaluate $\int_1^0 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx$ by Weddle's rule taking seven ordinates. (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

x	2	10	17
y	1	3	4

b. Using Lagrange's interpolation formula fit a polynomial of the form $x = f(y)$ (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

Marks	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No. of Students	31	42	51	35	31

a. From the following table find the number of students who have obtained less than 45 marks (06 Marks)

OR

(06 Marks)

c. Using Simpsons $1/3^{rd}$ rule, evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\cos \theta} d\theta$ by dividing $[0, \pi/2]$ in to 6 equal parts. (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

x	0	2	3	6
f(x)	-4	2	14	158

b. Use Newton's divided difference formula to find $f(4)$ given the data using an appropriate interpolation formula. (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

a. Given $\sin 45^\circ = 0.7071$, $\sin 50^\circ = 0.7660$, $\sin 55^\circ = 0.8192$, $\sin 60^\circ = 0.8660$, find $\sin 57^\circ$ using an appropriate interpolation formula. (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

c. Find a real root of $x \sin x + \cos x = 0$ near $x = \pi$. Correct to four decimal places, using Newton - Raphson method. (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

No. of petals	5	6	7	8	9	10
No. of flowers	133	55	23	7	2	2

b. Fit an exponential curve of the form $y = ae^{bx}$ for the following data (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	2	5	3	8	7

a. Obtain the lines of Regression for the following values of x and y. (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

OR

(06 Marks)

c. Compute the real root of $x \log_{10} x - 1.2 = 0$ by Regula - Falsi method. Carry out three iterations in (2, 3). (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Year	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001
Production (in tons)	8	10	12	10	16

b. Fit a straight line to the following data (08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

x	1	3	4	2	5	8	9	10	13	15
y	8	6	10	8	12	16	16	10	32	32

a. Find the coefficient of correlation for the data (06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Module-3



Module-5

- 9 a. Verify Green's theorem in a plane for $\oint_C (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$, where 'C' is the boundary of the region enclosed by $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x^2$. (08 Marks)
- b. Verify Stoke's theorem for $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y^2)\mathbf{j} - 2xy\mathbf{j}$ taken round the rectangle bounded by the lines $x = \pm a$, $y = 0$ and $y = b$. (06 Marks)
- c. Derive Euler's equation $\frac{\partial t}{\partial y} - \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{\partial t}{\partial y'} \right] = 0$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Use Gauss divergence theorem to evaluate $\iiint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} ds$ over the entire surface of the region above xy plane bounded by the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ the plane $z = 4$ where $\vec{F} = 4xz\mathbf{i} + xyz^2\mathbf{j} + 3z\mathbf{k}$. (08 Marks)
- b. Prove that geodesics of a plane are straight lines. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the extremal of the functional $\int_0^{\pi/2} (y^2 - y'^2 - 2y \sin x) dx$ under the end conditions $y(0) = y(\pi/2) = 0$. (06 Marks)
