

## Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb.2021 Digital System Design

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Define the following terms with an example:  
(i) Minterm (ii) Canonical product of sums. (04 Marks)
- b. Expand  $f_1(x, y, z) = [x + \bar{x}z(y + \bar{z})]$  into minterms and  $f_2(a, b, c) = (a + b)(b + c)(\bar{c} + a)$  into maxterms. (06 Marks)
- c. Simplify the following functions using K-map :  
(i)  $P = f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15) + \sum d(8, 9, 10, 11)$   
(ii)  $R = f(a, b, c, d) = \prod M(0, 1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10)$  (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Find a minimal sum for the following Boolean function using Quine-McCluskey minimization technique  
 $f(w, x, y, z) = \sum m(2, 4, 5, 9, 12, 13)$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Simplify the following function using MEV technique and realize the simplified function using basic gates.  
 $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(2, 4, 5, 10, 11, 14) + \sum d(7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15)$   
Consider 'd' as a map entered variable. (08 Marks)

### Module-2

- 3 a. With the aid of block diagram, clearly distinguish between a decoder and encoder. (04 Marks)
- b. Implement full adder using 3 : 8 decoder with active low outputs. (06 Marks)
- c. Design 5 : 32 line decoder using one 2 : 4 and four 3 : 8 decoders which has the active low enable inputs and active low outputs. Explain the operation. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Implement  $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 15)$  using  
(i) 16 : 1 MUX with a, b, c and d as select lines.  
(ii) 8 : 1 MUX with b, c and d as select lines.  
(iii) 4 : 1 MUX with c and d as select lines (08 Marks)
- b. Design two bit binary comparator and implement with suitable logic gates. (08 Marks)

### Module-3

- 5 a. Explain the operation of gated SR latch with a logic diagram, logic symbol and truth table. (08 Marks)
- b. Explain the working of a master-slave JK flip-flop with the help of logic diagram function table, logic symbol and timing diagram. (08 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Differentiate between synchronous counter and asynchronous counter. (04 Marks)  
 b. Derive the characteristic equation of D and T flip flop. (04 Marks)  
 c. Explain 4-bit universal shift register with the help of logic diagram, mode control table. (08 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Explain the Mealy model of a sequential circuit. (06 Marks)  
 b. A sequential circuit has one input and one output. The state diagram as shown in Fig. Q7 (b). Design the sequential circuit with J-K flip-flop. (10 Marks)

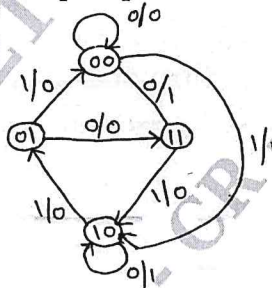
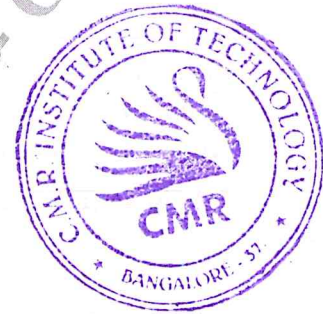


Fig. Q7 (b)



OR

- 8 a. Explain the Moore model of sequential circuit. (06 Marks)  
 b. Design a synchronous counter using J-K flip-flops to count the sequence, 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 0, 1, 2,..... Use state diagram and state table. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Mention the types of HDL descriptions. Explain data flow and behavioural descriptions with an example. (10 Marks)  
 b. Differentiate the VHDL and verilog. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain the following :  
 (i) Signal declaration and assignment statements.  
 (ii) Concurrent signal assignment statements.  
 (iii) Constant declaration and assignment statements. (12 Marks)  
 b. Explain the vector data type with an example. (04 Marks)

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