

Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2021

Pavement Design

Time: 3 hrs.

BANGALORE

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

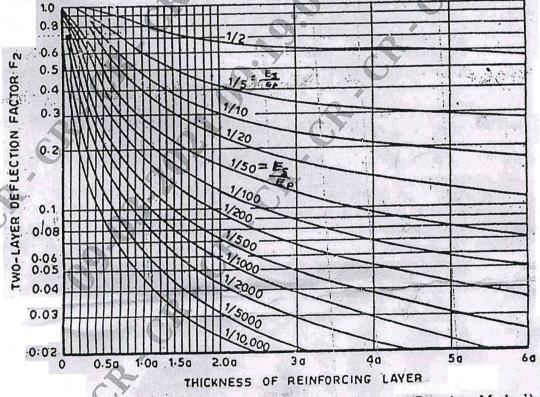
2. Use of specified charts and tables is permitted.

PART - A

- 1 a. With a neat sketch of cross section of flexible type pavement, explain the various components and briefly bring out their functions. (10 Marks)
 - b. Bring out the differences between highway pavements and airfield pavements. (05 Marks)
 - c. Explain the differences between rigid and flexible pavements. (05 Marks)
- 2 a. Explain any three factors that affect design and performance of highway pavements.

(06 Marks)

b. Plate bearing tests were conducted with a 75 cm diameter plate on soil subgrade and a granular base. The stress noticed, when the deflection was 0.25 cm on the subgrade soil was 0.07 MN/m². On the base course, the same plate yielded 0.25 cm deflection under a stress of 0.14 MN/m². Design the pavement for an allowable deflection of 0.5 cm, under a wheel load of 40 kN and a tyre pressure of 0.5 MN/m². [Refer Fig.Q2(b)] (14 Marks)



Relationship of F₂ and h in a Two-aLyer System (Burmister Method)
Fig.Q2(b)

3 a. Write Mc-Leod's procedure for determining equivalent wheel load factors. (10 Marks)

Calculate the design repetitions for 20 years period for various wheel loads equivalent to 22.68 kN wheel load using the following survey data on a 4 lane road.

Wheel Load, kN	ADT, Both Directions	% of Traffic Volume	
 22.68	Traffic volume	13.17	
27.22	considering growth = 215	15.30	1
31.75		11.36	
36.29	AND REAL PROPERTY OF THE	14.11	1
40.82	The Contract of the Contract o	6.21	1
45.36	CV	5.84	
		W. W. D. W.	

a. Explain briefly CBR method by cumulative standard axle load for the design of flexible highway pavements. (10 Marks)

b. Design a flexible highway pavement section on triaxial method (Kansas method) using the following data:

Wheel load = 44 kN; Radius of contact area = 160 mm; Traffic coefficient X = 1.7 Rainfall coefficient Y = 0.95; Design deflection = 2.8 mm; E-value of subgrade soil, $E_S = 100 \times 10^2 \, \text{kN/m}^2$; E-value of base course material, $E_b = 400 \times 10^2 \, \text{kN/m}^2$;

E-value of 75 mm thick Bituminous concrete surface course = 1000×10^2 kN/m² (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. Explain the following:
 - (i) Radius of relative stiffness »
- (ii) Radius Resisting Section
- (iii) Modulus of subgrade reaction
- (iv) Fatigue behaviour of concrete (10 Marks)
- b. Calculate the stresses at interior, edge and corner regions of a c.c pavement using Westerguard's stress equations for the following data:

Wheel load = 51 kN; Modulus of elasticity of concrete = 0.3×10^8 kN/m²;

Poisson's ratio of concrete = 0.15; Pavement thickness = 18 cm; Modulus of subgrade reaction = 6.0×10^4 kN/m³; Radius of contact area = 15 cm (10 Marks)

- 6 a. What are the uses of Tie Bars in CC pavements? Indicate the steps in the design of Tie Bars with sketches. (10 Marks)
 - b. Determine the spacing between contraction joints for 3.5 m slab width having thickness of 20 cm. Consider the following two cases:
 - (i) For plain cement concrete
- (ii) For reinforced cement concrete

Take f = 1.5, γ for $CC = 24 \text{ kN/m}^3$; Allowable tensile stress in $CC = 80 \text{ kN/m}^2$

Allowable tensile stress in steel = $6 \times 10^4 \text{ kN/m}^2$; γ for steel = 75 kN/m³

Total reinforcement of 60 N/m² is provided and is equally distributed in both the directions. Show the details with a sketch. (10 Marks)

7 a. Describe the general causes of flexible pavement failures.

- (05 Marks)
- b. Explain the following: (i) Alligator cracking (ii) Reflection cracking
- (05 Marks)
- c. Describe the step by step procedure of conducting Benkelman beam deflection studies for structure evaluation of flexible pavement and subsequent determination of overlay thickness.
 - (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain the causes and maintenance of the following in rigid pavements:
 - (i) Cracks (ii) Joints

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the common types of failure in rigid pavements.

(10 Marks)