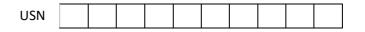
CMR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY





Internal Assessment Test - 2

Sub:	InDirect Taxation	Code:	18MBAFM303						
Date:	11/6/2021	Duration:	90 mins	Max Marks:	50	Sem:	4	Branch:	МВА

				OBE	
			Marks	СО	RBT
		Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (2* 20 = 40 marks)			
1	(a)	What is input tax?	[03]	CO1	L1
	(b)	Discuss various conditions for availing input tax credit	[07]	CO1	L2
	(c)	How do you determine time of supply? Explain in brief	[10]	CO1	L2
2	(a)	Mr.X of Mumbai boards (along with goods) the New Delhi-Banaglore train at Mumbai. He sells the goods in the train at Bangalore during the journey. What is place of supply?	[03]	CO1	L4
	(b)	How do you determine place of supply in domestic supply of goods?	[07]	CO1	L2
	(c)	 Mr. Ganesh a trader selling raw materials to a manufacturer of finished products. He purchases the materials from both local market and outside the state. Following transactions took place during July, 2019. Calculate the value of taxable supply and the GST payable. Assume the rate of GST at 12% of sales. i. Cost of materials purchased from other states excluding IGST ₹1,00,000. ii. Cost of local materials excluding GST ₹2,00,000. iii. Other expenditure including storage, Transportation, Loading and unloading ₹80,000. iv. Profit margin at 25% on cost 	[10]	CO2	L3
3	(a)	What is casual taxable person?	[03]	CO1	L1
	(b)	How do you determine taxable supply?	[07]	CO1	L2
	(c)	 Krishna Kumar a dealer in Karnataka submits the following information in relation to manufacture and sale of a capital equipment in the month of September, 2019. Particulars: i. Import of raw-material from China including BCD at 10% and excluding GST at 5% ₹1,54,000. ii. Local purchase of raw-material excluding GST at 18%.₹4,00,000. iii. Raw material purchased from Kerala including IGST at 5%.₹42,000. iv. Subsidy received from NGO which was directly related to the price of goods ₹13,000. v. Manufacturing expenses including warranty charges.₹23,000. Mr. Krishna Kumar sold the machine at a profit margin of 10% on cost and the GST applicable on such sales is 18%. 	[10]	CO2	L3
		Part B - Compulsory (01*10=10 marks)			
1		Compute the GST liability of Mr. Guru, a registered dealer in Chennai from the following Information.		CO2	L3

- i) Raw materials imported from Sri lanka (Excluding BCD at 10% and IGST at 12%) $\stackrel{>}{_{\sim}}40,000$.
- ii) Raw material purchased from Coimbatore (Including GST at 5%) $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$\sim}}$ 90,300.
- iii) Raw material purchased from Bangalore (Including IGST at 12%) ₹ 43,680.
- iv) Storage, transportation cost and insurance ₹ 76,000.
- v) Other manufacturing expenses incurred ₹ 25,000.
- vi) Profit margin of the manufacturer is 10% on the selling price.

Mr. Guru sold 30% of the finished goods to a SEZ in Hosur and the balance to a dealer in Chennai. GST rate on sale of such goods is 12%.

	Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5
CO1:	Have clarity about GST system in India	1, 1c, 2a, 3a, 3b			1b 2b	
CO2:	Understanding of levy and collection of GST in India					2c, 3c, 4
CO3:	Have an overview of customs duty in India					
CO4:	Understanding of valuations for customs duty					

Cognitive level	KEYWORDS
L1	list, define, tell, describe, recite, recall, identify, show, label, tabulate, quote, name, who, when, where, etc.
L2	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss
L3	calculate, predict, apply, solve, illustrate, use, demonstrate, determine, model, experiment, show, examine, modify
L4	classify, outline, break down, categorize, analyze, diagram, illustrate, infer, select
L5	grade, test, measure, defend, recommend, convince, select, judge, support, conclude, argue, justify, compare, summarize, evaluate
L6	design, formulate, build, invent, create, compose, generate, derive, modify, develop, integrate

PO1-Theoretical Knowledge; PO2-Effective Communication Skills; PO3-Leadership Qualities; PO4 -Sustained Research Orientation; PO5 -Self-Sustaining Entrepreneurship

CCI HOD

Scheme Of Evaluation Internal Assessment Test 2- June 2021



Sub: INDIRECT TAXATION

Max
Sem: IV
Branch: MBA

Note: Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (20*02=40 Marks)

Part B - Compulsory (01*10= 10marks)

Date: 11/6/2021 Duration: 90mins Marks: 50

Part	_	estion #	Description	larks ribution	Max Marks
		a	Input Tax: The tax paid/payable under forward charge, reverse charge and IGST on imported goods are input tax.	3	
		b	Conditions for availing ITC: 1. He/she must be registered person under GST 2. Goods/services to be used for business purpose 3. One should have valid tax paid document 4. Received goods/services [Exception-'Bill-to-Ship' model. For instance, trader A instructs B to deliver the goods to C, and in turn he raises an invoice on C. Though the goods are not physically received by A, A can avail ITC] 5. Return u/s 39 has to be furnished 6. Tax on supply has been paid either by cash or through utilization of ITC.	7	
A	1	С	Supply of goods where supplier is liable to pay tax [Forward charge] Supply of goods that are taxable under Reverse charge Supply of vouchers that can be used to pay for goods Residual cases Addition to value of supply by way of interest or late fee or penalty for delayed payment. Time of Supply for the Supply of Services U/S 13 Supply of service on which the supplier is liable to pay tax (Forward charge) Supply of service that is taxable under Reverse charge basis Supply of vouchers that can be used to pay for services, Residual cases Addition to value of supply by way of interest or late fee or penalty for delayed payment.	10	20 M
		a	Mumbai is place of supply.	3	
	2	b	Place of Supply of GOODS in DOMESTIC TRANSACTIONS u/s10: Supply Involving Movement of Goods u/s 10(1)(a): Place of supply is the location of the goods at the time when the movement of goods terminates (ends) for delivery to the recipient.	7	20 M

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			Supply Involving Non-Movement of Goods u/s 10(1)(c):		
			The place of supply is the location of goods at the time of		
			delivery to the recipient.		
			Goods Delivered on Bill-to-Ship-to-Sale (Sale through		
			Third party) u/s10(1)(b): Place of supply is the principal		
			place of business of third person		
			Supply involving assembling/installation at site u/s		
			10(1)(d): Place of supply is the place of assembly		
			/installation		
			Goods supplied on Board a Conveyance u/s 10(1)(e):		
			Place of supply of goods supplied on a board a conveyance		
			(aircraft/train/vessel/motor vehicle) is the place of taking		
			goods on board.		
		С	Taxable supply = $Rs.4,75,000$		
			Net GST Liability: CGST = Rs.4,500, SGST = Rs.16,500	10	
			& IGST = Nil A CTP is one who has a registered business in some State		
		а	in India, but wants to effect supplies from some other State		
			in which he is not having any fixed place of business. Such	_	
			person needs to register in the State from where he seeks	3	
			to supply as a CTP		
			Taxable Value includes: Taxes, duties, cesses, fees and		
		b	charges [except CGST, SGST, UTGST, GST]		
	3		Compensation Cess] if charged separately. Payment to		20 M
	3		third parties, Incidental expenses, Interest/late	7	20 101
			fee/penalty for delayed payment of consideration,	7	
			Subsidies directly linked to the price of supply are added.		
			Discounts etc		
			Taxable supply = $Rs.6,93,000$	10	
		С	Net GST Liability : CGST = Rs.16,670, SGST = Rs.26,370	10	
			& IGST = Nil		
			Taxable supply = $Rs.3,00,000$		
В	4		Net GST Liability : CGST = Rs.490, SGST = Rs.10,450	10	10 M
			& IGST = Nil		