USN	1							T CAME IN	S CM	RIT		
Internal Assessment Test 2 – June- 2021												
Sub:	Sub 17CS651								CSE			
Date:	23/06/2021 Duration: 90 min's Max Marks: 50 Sem / Sec: VI- 15,1								e OB	Е		
	Answ	er any FO	UR FULL	questions fro	m Q1	to Q5,		MARKS	СО	RB		
Attempt any 1 question from Q6,Q7.										Τ		
	a. Consid	er the follow	wing vectors	s. Find a) Simpl	e Mat	ching Coeff	ficient	[6]	CO1	L1		
	b) Jaccard Coefficient c) Hamming Distance.											
1	i)X: 0101010001 Y: 0100011000											
1	ii)X: 1000000000 Y: 0000001001											
	b. What is data mining? what are the applications of data mining.											
	and the same manage and approached to add mining.											
2.	a. State an	d explain v	arious Data	mining tasks.				[04]	CO1	L2		
۷.	b. Explain	Knowledge	data discove	ery KDD with	a nea	t diagram.		[06]				
2	a. Describ	oe the di	fference	between ROL	AP 8	MOLAP.		[05]	CO1	L3		
3.	b. Explair	n data Pre	eprocessi	ng steps.				[05]				
	a. What is a		•	· .	nnort	and conf	idence	[05]	CO2	L2,		
4	with example		ii didiyətə	. Derine su	ррог	. una com	Idence	[00]	552	L3		
			incinle	Differentia	ato k	netween A	nriori	[2+3]				
	b. State Apriori Principle. Differentiate between Apriori											
	and FP Growth methods of generating frequent item sets.							[07+03]				
_	Explain FP growth algorithm for discovering frequent item sets. What are its limitation.								CO1	L3		
6.	A database has five transactions. Let min-sup = 60% and min-conf = 80% TID ITEM T1 {M, O, N, K, E, Y} T2 {D, O, N, K, E, Y} T3 {M, A, K, E} T4 {M, U, C, K, Y} T5 {C, O, O, K, I, E} Find all frequent item sets and strong association rules using apriori Algorithm.								CO1	L3		
	Consider the following transaction data set:								CO1	L2		
7.	TID ITEM											
	T100	11, 12, 15										
	T200 I2, I4											
	T300 12, I3											
	T400 I1, I2, I4											
	T500 I1, I3 T600 I2, I3											
	T700											
		11, 12, 13, 15										
	T900 I1, I2, I3											
	Construct FP Tree. Generate List of frequent item set ordered by their											
	corresponding	orresponding suffixes.										