Scheme Of Evaluation Internal Assessment Test 1- Sep 2019



Sub:	BANKING	AND FINA	NCIAL SI	RVICES				Code:	18MBAFM301
Date	12-9-		90min	Max		Sem:	III	Branch:	MBA
:	2019	Duration:	S	Marks:	50	Sein.	111	Dianen.	MIDA

Note: Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (20*02=40 Marks)

Part B - Compulsory (01*10= 10marks)

Part	Question #		Description Marks Distribution			Max Marks
	1	a	and Exchange Board 1992;Any person v management b selling/buying/subsc	means an entity registered under Securities d of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, who is engaged in the business of issue making arrangements for ribing to securities or acting as advisor or rendering of corporate advisory	3	20 M
		b	_	ations prescribe certain eligibility for a company planning a public issue. This		
			distributable and The pr	net worth requirement of Rs one Crore and profits in the last three years, roposed issue along with all other issue of during the year should not exceed five times net worth.		
			in which 50% institutional l	inimum post-issue paid up capital shall be	7	
				ct should be appraised by commercial ho also contribute to the capital to the extent and		
				ll be compulsory market-making for at least om the date of listing of the shares.		
		С	Project counseling.	ed by Merchant Bankers include:	10	
			Market survey and fo	orecasting.		

		Estimating the amount of funds required.		
		Raising funds from capital market.		
		Raising of funds through new instruments.		
		Bought out deals.		
		OTC market operations.		
		Mergers and amalgamations.		
2	a	Commercial bank is a banking company established by a number of people for providing the basic banking functions i.e. accepting deposits and lending money to general public. Merchant bank refers to the financial institution, that specializes in international trade and provide and array of services to its clients.	3	20 M
	b	Prospectus		
		The document which contains all the information relevant to an investor to make an investment in a public issue of shares made through a fixed price offer.		
		Red Herring Prospectus		
		The document of information made according to SEBI's guidelines for a public issue of shares made through a book building exercise.		
		In this, the price at which the issue is being made and the number of shares being offered or the total number of shares on offer is not given.	7	
		Methods of Making a Public Issue of Shares		
		There are basically two ways in which a company can raise capital from a public issue of shares. These are		
		- Fixed Price Issue		
		- Book Built Issue		
	С	Steps Involved in Boo k-Building Process -	10	
		STEP 1- Nominate Book Runner		
		STEP 2 – To Form the Syndicate of Brokers, Arrangers, Underwriters, Financial Institutions, etc.		
		STEP 3 - Submit Draft Offer Document to SEBI without mentioning Coupon Rate or Price		
		STEP 4 - Circulate offer Document among the Syndicate Members		

STEP 5 - Ask for Bids on Price and Quality of Securities STEP 6 - Aggregate and forward all offers to Book Runner		
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SIEF U - Aggregate and forward an offers to book Runner		
STEP 7 - Run the Book to maintain a record of Subscribers and their Orders		
STEP 8 - Consult with Issuer and Determine the issue Price as Weighted Average of the Offers Received		
STEP 9 - Firm up Underwriting Commitments		
STEP 10 - Allot Securities Among Syndicate Members		
STEP 11 - Securities Issued and Listed		
STEP 12 - Trading Commences on Exchanges		
Underwriting is the process through which an individual or institution takes on financial risk for a fee The term underwriter originated from the practice of having each risk-taker write their name under the total amount of risk they were willing to accept for a specified premium	3	
There are three main types of commitment by the underwriter: firm commitment, best efforts, and all-or-none. In a firm commitment, the underwriter fully commits to the offering by buying the entire issue and taking financial responsibilities for any unsold shares.	7	
Irrespective of the level of subscription, the post-issue Lead Merchant Banker shall ensure the submission of the post-issue monitoring reports as per formats specified in Schedule XVI Post-issue monitoring reports shall be submitted within 3 working days from the due dates. The due date for this report shall be the 3rd day from the date of listing or 78 days from the date of closure of the subscription of the issue, whichever is earlier. post issue lead merchant banker shall file a due diligence certificate in the format given in Schedule XVI-A along with the final post-issue monitoring report. Post - Issue Lead Merchant Banker shall actively associate himself with post-issue activities namely, allotment, refund, dispatch and giving instructions to Self Certified Syndicate Banks	10	20 M
	STEP 8 - Consult with Issuer and Determine the issue Price as Weighted Average of the Offers Received STEP 9 - Firm up Underwriting Commitments STEP 10 - Allot Securities Among Syndicate Members STEP 11 - Securities Issued and Listed STEP 12 - Trading Commences on Exchanges Underwriting is the process through which an individual or institution takes on financial risk for a fee The term underwriter originated from the practice of having each risk-taker write their name under the total amount of risk they were willing to accept for a specified premium There are three main types of commitment by the underwriter: firm commitment, best efforts, and all-or-none. In a firm commitment, the underwriter fully commits to the offering by buying the entire issue and taking financial responsibilities for any unsold shares. Irrespective of the level of subscription, the post-issue Lead Merchant Banker shall ensure the submission of the post-issue monitoring reports as per formats specified in Schedule XVI Post-issue monitoring reports shall be submitted within 3 working days from the due dates. The due date for this report shall be the 3rd day from the date of listing or 78 days from the date of closure of the subscription of the issue, whichever is earlier. post issue lead merchant banker shall file a due diligence certificate in the format given in Schedule XVI-A along with the final post-issue monitoring report. Post - Issue Lead Merchant Banker shall actively associate himself with post-issue activities namely, allotment, refund, dispatch and giving instructions to Self Certified Syndicate	STEP 8 - Consult with Issuer and Determine the issue Price as Weighted Average of the Offers Received STEP 9 - Firm up Underwriting Commitments STEP 10 - Allot Securities Among Syndicate Members STEP 11 - Securities Issued and Listed STEP 12 - Trading Commences on Exchanges Underwriting is the process through which an individual or institution takes on financial risk for a fee The term underwriter originated from the practice of having each risk-taker write their name under the total amount of risk they were willing to accept for a specified premium There are three main types of commitment by the underwriter: firm commitment, best efforts, and all-or-none. In a firm commitment, the underwriter fully commits to the offering by buying the entire issue and taking financial responsibilities for any unsold shares. Irrespective of the level of subscription, the post-issue Lead Merchant Banker shall ensure the submission of the post-issue monitoring reports as per formats specified in Schedule XVI Post-issue monitoring reports shall be the 3rd day from the date of listing or 78 days from the date of closure of the subscription of the issue, whichever is earlier. post issue lead merchant banker shall file a due diligence certificate in the format given in Schedule XVI-A along with the final post-issue monitoring report. Post - Issue Lead Merchant Banker shall actively associate himself with post-issue activities namely, allotment, refund, dispatch and giving instructions to Self Certified Syndicate Banks Post - Issue Lead Merchant Banker shall shall regularly monitor

В		a)	 Merchant banker shall satisfy himself about all the aspects of offering, veracity and adequacy of disclosure in the offer documents. 		
			 The lead merchant banker shall pay requisite fee in accordance with regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India Rules and Regulations, 1992 along with draft offer document filed with the Board. 		
			Documents to be submitted along with the Offer Document by the Lead Manager –		
			1. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) entered into between a lead merchant banker and the issuer company specifying their mutual rights, liabilities and obligations relating to the issue.		
	4		2. Inter-se Allocation of Responsibilities In case a public or rights issue, In case of under subscription at an issue, the Lead Merchant Banker responsible for underwriting arrangements	10	10 M
			3. lead merchant banker, shall furnish to the Board a due diligence certificate as specified in Schedule III along with the draft		
			4. Lead Merchant Banker shall also certify that the issuer company is complying with conditions		
			5. certify that all amendments suggestion or observations made by Board have been incorporated in the offer document		
			6. "due diligence" certificate at the time of filing the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies		
			7. Certificates Signed by the Company Secretary or Chartered Accountant, in Case of Listed Companies Making Further Issue of Capital		