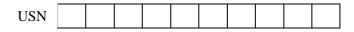
CMR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY





Internal Assessment Test - I

C1- ·	Canaum - D-1			1 Assessment				Cada	103	/D 4 3	M 1201			
Sub:	Consumer Behavio	Duration:	I	Max Marks:	1	Sem:	1	Code:	+	18MBAMM301				
Date:	09/9/2020	Branch:	MB	<u>A</u>										
										()BE			
								3.6 1						
								Marks	8 '	CO	RBT			
	Part A - A	Answer all t	he questi	ons (30 * 1 =	15 ma	rks)								
1	The study of activities r			1	2									
	called as			1	2									
	a. Services marketi													
2	Routine Purchase m			1	2									
	a. Buying often.	b Buying rare	ely c. Buyi	ng from nearby	store	d. None	of the							
	above.													
3	Person who determ	ines needs c	alled as							1	2			
	a. Initiator.													
	b. Influencer.													
	c. Both a & b													
4	d. None Person who intents	ionally or u	nintantio	nally influen	200 1011	rchasa	callad	1		1	2			
	as	ionany or u	шисшио	many minuem	ces pu	ichase	Carrec	L		1				
	as a. Buyer b. user	r c Influencer	d All the	ahove										
5	Person who actuall									1	2			
	a. User, b. Buye	, ,		•						•	_			
6	Individual who dire				1	2								
	a. Customer b. U													
7	Consumer behavior	only deals v	vith							1	2			
0	a. Products only. b. Se		Both Produ	cts and Services	d. None	of the al	ove.		_					
8	Networked consumer m									1	2			
	a. Consumer co													
	b. Consumer co c. Both a & b ar		ne											
	c. Both a & b ar d. Both a & b ar													
9	Changing demogr		uanaaa a	ongumer hel	novior.	XX71a : a1a	- £ 41-	_	-	1	2			
	following are demograp		uences c	onsumer ber	1av101	. W IIICII	OI LIIE			1				
			upation, c S	Social class, d. Al	1 the abo	ove.								
10	SKU Means		-							1	2			
	- C	eping Unit b.	Stock Keep	ing Unit, c. Sam	ple Kee	ping Uni	t, d. Al	1						
11	the above.								-	1				
11	Caveat emptor means a. Buyer beware, b, Sell		Ruver and S	eller heware d N	Jone of	the above				1	2			
	Obstacles to consumeris		rayor and D	ciici bewaie, u. I	10110 01	0000	·•	1		1	2			
	a. Lack of leaders									•				
	b. Illiteracy													
	c. Cumbersome l	egal process.												
13	d. All the above.	mont mass						1	-	1				
13	Right to healthy enviror a. Protection again									1	2			
	b. Protection again		rer.											
	c. Protection again													
	d. Protection agai	nst environme	nt pollution	•										
14	Rights to Redressal mea		44.							1	2			
	a. Seek redressalb. Seek help of po	_	trade practi	ce.										
	o. Seek neip of pe	J11CC.									<u> </u>			

	c. All the above.
1.7	d. None of the above.
15	Right to information means
	a. Information about R&D.
	b. Information about invention.
	c. Information about quality, quantity, purity, price
1.0	d. None of the above.
16	Consumerism benefits
	a. Company.
	b. Customer.
	c. Both a & b are correct.
17	d. Both a & b are not correct.
17	Economic model of CB deals with
	a. Getting more benefit at minimized cost.
	b. Getting less benefit at more cost. c. Both a and b are true.
18	d. Both a and b are false.
10	Learning model of CB deals with
	a. Attending class.b. Satisfying basic and learned needs.
	c. Both a & b are correct.
	d. Both a & b are wrong.
19	Evaluation of product means
19	a. Comparing and contrasting with other products.
	b. Buying products.
	c. Returning products.
	d. All the above.
20	Post purchase behaviour deals with
20	a. At the time of purchase.
	b. At the time of transit.
	c. After purchase.
	d. None of the above.
21	Marketing stimuli may include
	a. Satisfaction.
	b. Dissatisfaction.
	c. Problem.
	d. 4 P's.
22	Learning constructs involves
	a. Intention, attitude, choice.
	b. Stimulus, attention.
	c. Quality, price.
	d. Purchase.
23	External influences for purchase are
	a. Culture.
	b. Income.
	c. Both.
2 :	d. None.
24	Gatekeeper means
	a. Who opens and closed gate.
	b. Who locks gate.
	c. Put filter on products and services which enters decision set.
25	d. None of the above.
25	Complex decision making involves
	a. More time spent.
	b. Less time spent.
	c. Both a & b are right.
26	d. Both a & b are wrong.
20	Low involvement decision making a. Involves friends.
	a. Involves friends.b. Involves wife.
	c. Involves kids.
	d. Less time is required to buy product.

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2.5										
27	Passive view of purchase decision making									
	a. Consumers are irrational in purchasing.									
	b. Consumers are rational in purchasing.									
	c. Consumers never buy products.									
28	Emotional view of purchase decision making means									
	a. Impulse buying.									
	b. Simple buying.									
	c. Wife influences to buy.									
	d. Friends influences to buy.									
29	Antecedent states means									
	a. Temporal physiological and mood states.									
	b. When customer is unhappy.									
	c. When customer refers.									
	d. None of the above.									
30	Task definition means									
	a. Reason for communication act.									
	b. Reason to visit.									
	c. Reason to buy.									
	d. Reason to Return									
31	Company 'X' planning to open restaurant in front of our college. Discuss the factors									
	affecting on the sale of food items.									
32	Mention any two business opportunities due to change in business scenario due to									
	COVID-19.									
33	With the help of Howard Sheth model explain mobile purchase process.									
34	Discuss the change in the education scenario due to COVID-19, suggest new business									
	model to accommodate present challenge profitably.									

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	Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	P04	PO5
CO1:	Understand the basics of taxation and process of computing residential status.	1a,b,c 2a,b,c 3a,b,c				
CO2:	Calculate taxable income under different heads				4	
CO3:	Understand deductions and calculation of tax liability of Individuals.					
CO4:	Know the corporate tax system.					

Cognitive level	KEYWORDS
L1	list, define, tell, describe, recite, recall, identify, show, label, tabulate, quote, name, who, when, where, etc.
L2	describe, explain, paraphrase, restate, associate, contrast, summarize, differentiate interpret, discuss
L3	calculate, predict, apply, solve, illustrate, use, demonstrate, determine, model, experiment, show, examine, modify
L4	classify, outline, break down, categorize, analyze, diagram, illustrate, infer, select
L5	grade, test, measure, defend, recommend, convince, select, judge, support, conclude, argue, justify, compare, summarize, evaluate

design, formulate, build, invent, create, compose, generate, derive, modify, develop, integrate

L6

PO1–Theoretical Knowledge; PO2–Effective Communication Skills; PO3–Leadership Qualities; PO4 –Sustained Research Orientation; PO5 –Self-Sustaining Entrepreneurship

CCI HOD

Scheme

Q.No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	a	b	С	С	b	d	d	b	b	b	С	С	a	c	a	b	d	b	С	b	a	b