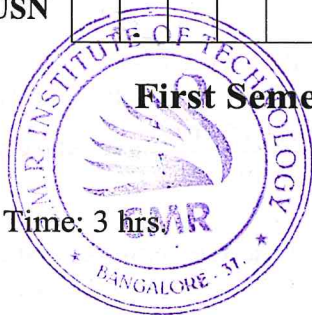


CBCS SCHEME

USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

18MAT11



First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Calculus and Linear Algebra

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. With usual notations prove that $\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the radius of curvature at the point $\left(\frac{3a}{2}, \frac{3a}{2}\right)$ for the curve $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$. (06 Marks)
- c. Show that the evolute of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is $27ay^2 = 4(x - 2a)^3$. (08 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the pedal equation of $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$. (06 Marks)
- b. Show that for the curve $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ the radius of curvature $\rho = \frac{a^2}{3r}$. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the angle between the curves $r = a \log \theta$ and $r = \frac{a}{\log \theta}$. (08 Marks)
- 3 a. Using Maclaurin's series prove that $\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = 1 + x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots$ (06 Marks)
- b. Evaluate i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4} \right)^{1/x}$ ii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$ (07 Marks)
- c. Show that the function $xy(a - x - y)$ is maximum at $\left(\frac{a}{3}, \frac{a}{3}\right)$. Hence find maximum value if $a > 0$. (07 Marks)
- 4 a. If $U = f(x - y, y - z, z - x)$ show that $\frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial z} = 0$. (06 Marks)
- b. If x, y, z are the angles of triangle find the maximum value of $\sin x \sin y \sin z$. (07 Marks)
- c. Find $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ where $U = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$, $V = xy + yz + zx$ and $W = x + y + z$. (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Evaluate $\int_{-c-b-a}^c \int_{-b-a}^b \int_{-a}^a (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dx dy dz$ (06 Marks)
- b. Find the area enclosed by the parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$. (07 Marks)
- c. Prove that $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta \cdot \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$ (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. Change the order of integration and evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the volume of the solid bounded by the planes $x=0, y=0, z=0, x+y+z=1$. (07 Marks)
- c. Derive the relation between Beta and Gamma function as $B(m,n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$. (07 Marks)
- 7 a. A body in air at 25°C cools from 100°C to 75°C in 1 minute. Find the temperature of the body at the end of 3 minutes. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the orthogonal trajectory of $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \lambda} = 1$, λ is parameter. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $(x^2 + y^2 + x)dx + xydy = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Solve the L-R circuit $L \frac{dI}{dt} + RI = E$ Initially $I = 0$ when $t = 0$. (06 Marks)
- b. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = y^3 \sec x$. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve $yp^2 + (x - y)p - x = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 9 a. Find the rank of the matrix
- $$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 7 & 3 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 9 & -3 & 7 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
- by applying elementary row operations. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector for $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ with initial vector $(1 \ 1 \ 1)^T$ [carryout 5 iterations]. (07 Marks)
- c. Investigate the values of λ and μ such that the system of equations $x + y + z = 6$, $x + 2y + 3z = 10$, $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$ may have i) Unique solution ii) Infinite solution iii) No solution. (07 Marks)
- 10 a. Solve the following system of equation $x + y + z = 9$, $x - 2y + 3z = 8$, $2x + y - z = 3$ by Gauss elimination method. (06 Marks)
- b. Reduce the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ into diagonal form. (07 Marks)
- c. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Seidal method. $20x + y - 2z = 17$, $3x + 20y - z = -18$, $2x - 3y + 20z = 25$ [carryout three iterations]. (07 Marks)
