USN		Question Pa	per Version : A		
	First/Second Semester B.E Dega	ree Examination,	June/July 2017		
Con	stitution of India, Profess	sional Ethics &	k Human Righ		
	(COMMON TO A	ALL BRANCHES	) ileupa or legis		
Time	2 hrs.]		[Max. Marks: 40		
	INSTRUCTIONS	TO THE CANDID	ATES		
1.	Answer all the forty questions, each question carries one mark.				
2.	Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.				
3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the approp					
	corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.				
4.	Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.				
5.	Damaging/overwriting, using white	eners on the OMR	sheets are strictly		
	prohibited.				
1.	The first meeting of the constituent assemble a) 1949 b) 1950	oly was held in c) 1947	d) 1946		
2.	The Indian Constitution came into force of a) 26 <sup>th</sup> Nov 1949 b) 26 <sup>th</sup> Nov 1945	c) 26 <sup>th</sup> Jan 1950	d) 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 1947		
3.	How much time did the constituent assemble a) 2Y, 11M, 18D b) 2Y, 10M, 18D	bly took to prepare the c c) 2Y, 11M, 08D	onstitution of India? d) 3Y, 10M, 18D		
4.	The Constitution of India is a) an evolved constitution c) written and bulky document	b) unwritten document d) based on conventions			
5.	Dr. Rajendra Prasad was chairman of a) Drafting Committee c) Council of States	b) Constituent Assembly d) None of these			
6.	The preamble is so far amended a) once b) twice	c) thrice	d) 42 times		
7.	India is a Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic. In the Indian constitution, this expression occurs in a) fundamental rights b) directive principles c) preamble d) none of these				
8.	The concept of fundamental right is borrow a) UK b) USA	ved from c) Germany	d) Russia		
9.	An arrested person must be produced befor a) 24 b) 12	re a magistrate within	hours of arrest.		

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10.	Telephone tapping i a) right to speech c) right to freedom	s a violation of	b) right to personal li d) none of these	iberty	
11.	Right to equality is a a) 14	guaranteed under the a b) 15	rticle. c) 16	d) 17	
12.	Part IV of the consti a) fundamental right c) preamble		b) fundamental dutie d) DPSP	s	
13.	Which among the following DPSP that has not been implemented so far a) Separation of Judiciary from the executive b) Organization of panchayats c) Uniform civil code d) Promotion of international peace and security				
14.	Fundamental duties a) II	are enshrined under b) III	part of the constit	d) IV A	
15.	Who is the first citiz a) The President c) Prime Minister	en of India?	b) The Vice-President d) Governor		
16.	The upper house is ca) Lok Sabha	alled b) Rajya Sabha	c) Vidhana Sabha	d) None of these	
17.	The maximum strenga) 545	gth of Lok Sabha is b) 575	c) 552	d) 590	
18.	Which of the state has a) Andra Pradesh	aving highest members b) Karnataka	s in Lok Sabha? c) Madhya Pradesh	d) Uttar Pradesh	
19.	The speaker is elected a) Lok Sabha	ed by the member of _ b) Rajya Sabha	c) Prime Minister	d) President	
20.	What is the age of rea) 58 years	tirement of the judges b) 60 years	of the supreme court? c) 62 years	d) 65 years	
21.	A money bill passe maximum period of a) 14 days	ed by the Lok Sabha b) one month	c) two month	he Rajya Sabha for a d) three month	
22.	How many times consideration? a) once		ni musaa	the parliament for its	
23.	Membership of legis a) 40-500	lative assembly can va b) 60-500	ry between c) 50-400	d) 60-300	
24.	Which among the forms.  a) Legislative Assemble: c) Legislative Council.	bly	be dissolved but can be a b) Lok Sabha d) Rajya Sabha	abolished?	
25.	How many members a) 1/4	retired in legislative co	ouncil for every two year	ars?	

26	The election commis	ssion consists of	mambars	15 61 1110/20	
20.	a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 6	
27.	Every party has to st a) 12 hours	op the election campai b) 24 hours		polling. d) 48 hours	
28.		ens is changed from	21 to 18 years by	Constitutional	
	Amendment Act. a) 7 <sup>th</sup>	b) 42 <sup>nd</sup>	c) 74 <sup>th</sup>	d) 61 <sup>st</sup>	
29.	Human rights are a) local	b) regional	c) universal	d) none of these	
30.	The town and city m a) 4	unicipality members en	njoy a term of	years. d) 5	
31.	Breakdown of Constitutional Machinery in a state is popularly known as a) President rule b) National emergency c) Financial emergency d) All of these				
32.	President can proclai a) Prime Minister c) LS	m an emergency with	the recommendation of the b) Vice-President d) Union Cabinet		
33.	Who has the power to pardon in case of capital punishment?  a) President b) Chief Justice of India c) Prime Minister d) Governor				
34.	What is the maximum a) Three	n gap in months permi	ssible between two se c) Six	ssions of parliament? d) Twelve	
35.	Engineering ethics is a) natural ethics c) preventive ethics	a	b) developing ethics d) none of these		
36.	One of the impedime a) Self-deception c) Interference by hig	nts to responsibility is ther officers	b) Rampant corruption at higher level d) Interference by politicians		
37.	'Good Works' means a) responsible work b) work above and be c) work involving hig d) superior work done	eyond the call of duty	kill		
38.	Copy right protects that a) predicting ideas c) ideas themselves				
39.	One of the ways of reducing risk is a) tight coupling c) normalization of deviance		b) complex interaction d) changing the working system		
40.	Conflict of interest m a) imaginary	ay be b) potential	c) created	d) false	