Time:

CBCS SCREME

USN SUTE OF TECH

18EE34

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021
Analog Electronic Circuits

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

Max. Marks:100

1 a. Analyse the given clipper circuit and sketch the nature of its output voltage. Given input voltage $V_i = 25 \sin \omega t$ and assume diode is silicon diode.



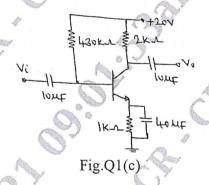
Fig.Q1(a)

(06 Marks)

b. What is operating point of a transistor? Explain the significance of operating point.

(06 Marks)

^{c.} For the emitter bias network shown in Fig.Q1(c), determine I_B , I_C , V_{CE} and saturation current for the network. Given $\beta = 50$ and $V_{BE} = 0.7V$.



(08 Marks)

a. Design suitable circuit represented by the box shown Fig.Q2(a) which has input and output waveforms as indicated.

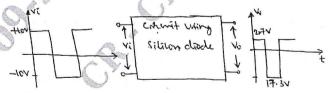


Fig.Q2(a)

(06 Marks)

b. Derive an expression for V_{th}, I_B and V_{CE} for voltage divider bias circuit using exact analysis.

(08 Marks)

c. Define the following stability factors: i) S ii) S_V iii) S_B.

(06 Marks)

3 a. Define h-parameters. Draw the h-parameter model of a transistor. (04 Marks)

b. A CE transistor amplifier has $R_S = 1k\Omega$ and $R_L = 2k\Omega$. The h-parameters are $h_{ie} = 1250\Omega$, $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$, $h_{fe} = 70$ and $h_{oe} = 25\mu A/V$. Find A_I , A_V , R_i and R_0 . (08 Marks)

c. For the emitter follower circuit, derive expressions for input impedance and output impedance. Use h-parameter model. (08 Marks)

Obtain the expressions for input impedance, output impedance, voltage gain and current gain of common-base configuration using AC equivalent circuit with h-parameter model.

b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b). Use Miller's theorem calculate Z_i, Z_i¹, A_V and A_I. Given $h_{ie} = 1100\Omega$, $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{oe} = \frac{1}{40K}$ and $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$.

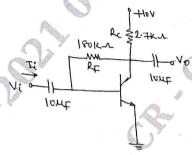


Fig.Q4(b)

(10 Marks)

- Draw the cascade configuration and list the advantages of this circuit. (05 Marks)
 - Derive expression for Z_i, A_I and A_V for a Darlington emitter follower circuit. (10 Marks) b.
 - With the help of block diagram explain the concept of feedback amplifier. (05 Marks)
- Explain with the help of circuit what is cascade connection. Mention its advantages. 6

(07 Marks)

- Prove that how band width of an amplifier increases with negative feedback. (06 Marks)
- Derive an expression for input resistance for voltage series feedback amplifier. (07 Marks)
- Discuss the different types of power amplifiers. 7 (04 Marks)
 - Draw the circuit diagram of a class-B push pull amplifier and explain the operation with relevant waveforms. (08 Marks)
 - With basic circuit, derive the expression for the frequency of oscillations of a Wien bridge oscillator. (08 Marks)
- With circuit diagram explain the operation of transistor Hartley oscillator. Write the 8 expression for the frequency of oscillation. (08 Marks)
 - In a Colpitt's oscillator $C_1 = C_2 = C$ and $L = 100 \mu H$. The frequency of oscillations is 500KHz. Determine the value of C. (06 Marks)
 - c. Calculate the power dissipated in the individual transmitter of a class B push-pull power amplifier if $V_{CC} = 20V$ and $R_L = 4\Omega$. (06 Marks)
- With sketches, describe the constructional details of JFET. (08 Marks)
 - Explain drain and transfer characteristics of a n-channel JFET. (08 Marks)
 - A JFET has $g_m = 5 \text{mV}$ at $V_{GS} = -1 \text{ V}$. Find I_{DSS} if pinch-off voltage $V_P = -2.0 \text{ V}$. (04 Marks)
- Explain the basic operation and characteristics of n-channel depletion type MOSFET. 10

(08 Marks)

Derive the expression for Zi, Zo and Av for common source JFET amplifier with fixed bias. (08 Marks)

Give the difference between JFET and MOSFET. (04 Marks)

