Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021

Modern Control Theory

Time: 3 hrs. ore 53

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. What are the advantages of state variable analysis over classical control theory? (05 Marks)
 - b. For an electrical network shown in Fig Q1(b), obtain the state model. Choose the voltage across capacitor c as the output variable.

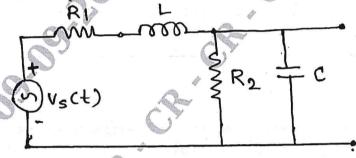


Fig Q1(b)

(07 Marks)

c. Derive the state model of an armature controlled dc motor.

- (08 Marks)
- 2 a. A feedback system is characterized by the closed loop transfer function

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{(s^2 + 4)}{(s + 1)(s + 2)(s + 3)}$$
. Obtain the state model in canonical form (diagonal form).

Also draw the block diagram.

(08 Marks)

- b. A feedback system is characterized by closed loop transfer function
 - $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{(2s^2 + 6s + 7)}{(s+1)^2(s+2)}$. Obtain the state model in Jordan canonical form. Also draw the

block diagram.

(08 Marks)

c. Discuss briefly about Linearization of state equation.

(04 Marks)

3 a. For the system represented by the state equation

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{x}}_1 \\ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_2 \\ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \\ \mathbf{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}(t)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Obtain the system transfer function.

(08 Marks)

b. What are the advantages of diagonalization techniques?

(04 Marks)

c. Given
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find the eigen values and modal matrix of A. (08 Marks)

4 a. List the properties of state transition matrix.

(04 Marks)

b. The state equation and initial state of a linear unforced system are given respectively by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{x}}_1 \\ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1 \\ \mathbf{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} \; ; \; \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1(0) \\ \mathbf{x}_2(0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Obtain the state transition matrix of the system and hence obtain the solution (zero input response) (08 Marks)

- c. Check the observability of the system described by the following equations by
 - i) Kalman's test ii) Gilberts test

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(08 Marks)

5 a. Consider a system described by the following state equation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t)$$

By using the state feedback control U = -Kx, it is desired to have the closed loop poles at $s = -1 \pm j2$, s = -10. Determine the state feedback gain matrix by any two methods.

(12 Marks)

- b. What are controllers? Explain the basic classification of controllers. Explain proportional control mode. (08 Marks)
- 6 a. What is a state observer? Explain briefly the concept of state observer. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following types of non-linearities with relevant input-output characteristics.
 i) Dead zone ii) Back lash iii) Friction. (12 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain isodine method for the construction of phase trajectory. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following terms as referred to phase plane method
 i) Singular point
 ii) Limit cycle.
 (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Define: i) Stability in the sense of Liapunov ii) Asymptotic stability (06 Marks)
 - b. Check for positive definiteness of the following quadratic form

i)
$$v(X) = 8X_1^2 + X_2^2 + 4X_3^2 + 2X_2X_2 - 4X_1X_3 - 2X_2X_3$$

ii)
$$v(X) = 10X_1^2 + 4X_2^2 + X_3^2 + 2X_1X_2 - 2X_2X_3 - 4X_1X_3$$
 (08 Marks)

c. Explain Liapunov's direct method.

(06 Marks)

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