

USN

18EC44

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021

Engineering Statistics and Linear Algebra

Time: 3 hrs?

Max. Marks: 100

Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 2. Use of normalized Gaussian Random variable table is permitted.
- 1 a. Define a random variable and discuss the following terms associated with random variables:
  - i) Sample space
  - ii) Probability Mass function
  - iii) Probability density function
  - iv) Cumulative distribution function.

(05 Marks)

b. Given the data in the following table:

	K	YK	$P(Y_K)$
	1	2.1	0.20
	2	3.2	0.21
	3	4.8	0.19
	4	5.4	0.14
7	5	6.9	0.26

- i) Plot the Pdf and Cdf of the discrete random variable Y.
- ii) Compute the mean and variance of Y.

(08 Marks)

- c. If 'X' is a random variable uniformly distributed in the interval [a b], obtain the expression for mean, variance and mean square value. (07 Marks)
- 2 a. The Pdf for a random variable Y is  $f_y(Y) = 1.5(1 y^2)$  0 < y < 1 what are mean, mean square, variance of Y. (08 Marks)
  - b. It is given that E[X] = 2.0 and that  $E[X^2] = 6$ .
    - i) Find the standard deviation of X
    - ii) If  $Y = 6X^2 + 2X 13$  find  $\mu_Y$

(06 Marks)

c. The normalized Gaussian random variable is given as

$$f_{x}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\pi} e^{-x^{2}/2} - \alpha < x < \alpha$$

Obtain the characteristic function for this random variable.

(06 Marks)

3 a. A bivariate Pdf is given as

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = 0.2\delta(x) \delta(y) + 0.3\delta(x-1) \delta(y) + 0.3\delta(x) \delta(y-1) + C\delta(x-1) \delta(y-1)$$

- i) What is the value of the constant C?
- ii) What are the Pdfs for X and Y?
- iii) What is  $F_{XY}(x, y)$  when (0 < x < 1) and (0 < y < 1)?
- iv) What are  $F_{XY}(x, \alpha)$  and  $F_{XY}(\alpha, y)$
- v) Are X and Y independent?

(08 Marks)

- b. The mean and variance of random variable X are -1 and 2. The mean and variance of random variable Y are 3 and 4. The correlation coefficient  $\rho_{XY} = 0.5$ . What are the covariance COV[XY] and the correlation E[XY]. (05 Marks)
- c. Write a short note on Chi-square random variable and students random variable. (07 Marks)

4 a. X is a random variable,  $\mu_X = 4$  and  $\sigma_X = 5$ , Y is a random variable,  $\mu_Y = 6$  and  $\sigma_Y = 7$ . The correlation coefficient is 0.2. If U = 3X + 2Y. What are var[u], cov[uX] and cov[uY]?

(08 Marks)

- b. Let 'X' and 'Y' be exponentially distributed random variable with  $f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} & x \ge 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$
- c. Obtain the characteristic function and Pdf of W = X + Y. (06 Marks) The Random variables  $X_i$  have same mean of  $m_x = 4$  and variance of  $\sigma_X^2 = 1.5$ . For  $w = \sum_{i=1}^{150} X_i$ , determine  $m_w$  and  $\sigma_w^2$ . Also for  $w = \frac{1}{150} \sum_{i=1}^{150} X_i$ , determine  $m_y$  and  $\sigma^2 y$ . Comment on the result.
- 5 a. Briefly explain the following terms:
  - i) Random process
  - ii) Stationary process
  - iii) Ergodic process. (04 Marks)

    Discuss Auto correlation and Auto covariance function of a random process. Also mention
  - b. Discuss Auto correlation and Auto covariance function of a random process. Also mention properties of Auto correlation function.
     (06 Marks)
  - c. A random process is described by  $X(t) = A \cos(w_c t + \theta)$  where A,  $w_c$  are constants and ' $\theta$ ' is a random variable uniformly distributed between  $\pm \pi$ . Is X(t) wide sense stationary? If so, then what are the mean and the auto correlation function for the random process? (10 Marks)
- a. Let X(t) and Y(t) be two independent jointly wide sense stationary random process defined as  $X(t) = A \cos(w_1 t + \theta_1)$ ,  $Y(t) = B\cos(w_2 t + \theta_2)$ . Here  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  are dependent random variables distributed uniformly between  $-\pi$  to  $\pi$  obtain the auto correlation function of the multiplication process. w(t) = Y(t) X(t).
  - b. Establish a relationship between power spectrum and Auto-correlation function. (06 Marks)
  - c. The power spectral density (Psd) of a wide sense stationary random process is given as

$$S_{X}(w) = \begin{cases} 2\cos\left(\frac{\pi w}{2w_{m}}\right) & \text{for } -w_{m-} < w \le w_{m} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The Psd of a carrier random process is given as  $s_c(w) = 10\pi [\delta(w - w_0) + \delta(w + w_0)]$  where  $w_0 >> w_m$ . Obtain the Psd of the modulated signal. (08 Marks)

- 7 a. Write the vector U = (1, 3, 9) as a linear combination of the vectors  $u_1 = (2, 1, 3)$ ,  $u_2 = (1, -1, 1)$ ,  $u_3 = (3, 1, 5)$ . (05 Marks)
  - b. Determine whether or not each of the following forms a basis,  $x_1 = (2, 2, 1)$ ,  $x_2 = (1, 3, 7)$ ,  $x_3 = (1, 2, 2)$  in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . (05 Marks)
  - c. Determine whether the given transformation is linear or not

$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$T(x, y) = [x-y, x+y, 2x]$$

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- 8 a. What is a vector space? Define the four fundamental vector spaces. (05 Marks)
  - b. Apply Gramschmidt process to the vectors  $v_1 = (2, 2, 1)$ ,  $v_2 = (1, 3, 1)$ ,  $v_3 = (1, 2, 2)$  to obtain an orthonormal basis for  $v_3(R)$  with standard inner product. (10 Marks)
  - c. Let w be the subspace of  $R^5$  spaced by  $x_1 = (1, 2, -1, 3, 4)$ ,  $x_2 = (2, 4, -2, 6, 8)$ ,  $x_3 = (1, 3, 2, 2, 6)$ ,  $x_4 = (1, 4, 5, 1, 8)$ ,  $x_5 = (2, 7, 3, 3, 9)$ . Find the dimension of w. (05 Marks)

- 9 a. If a  $4 \times 4$  matrix has det  $A = \frac{1}{2}$ , find: i) det (2A) ii) det (-A) iii) det (A<sup>2</sup>) iv) det (A<sup>-1</sup>). (04 Marks)
  - b. By applying row operations, produce an upper triangular matrix and hence compute determinant of the matrix.

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (06 Marks)

- c. Find a matrix P which dragonalizes a matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . Hence verify that  $D = \stackrel{-1}{P}AP$  and compute  $A^4$ .
- 10 a. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  find eigen values and eigen vectors for the matrix A. Can the matrix

be diagonalized? (10 Marks)

b. Compute A<sup>T</sup>A and AA<sup>T</sup>. Find eigen values and unit eigen vectors for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ multiply the three matrices u } \sum V^{T} \text{ to recover } A.$$
 (10 Marks)

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