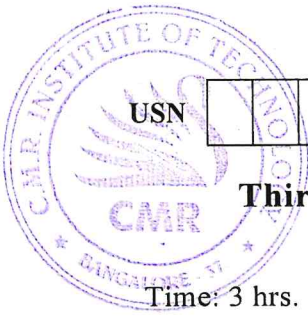


CBCS SCHEME



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18MCA33

Third Semester MCA Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Explain the fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving with a neat diagram. (10 Marks)
b. Define the asymptotic notations. (06 Marks)
c. Compare the orders of growth of the following using limits:
i) $\log_2 n$ and \sqrt{n} ii) $n!$ and 2^n (04 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the mathematical analysis of recursive algorithms with an example of Tower of Hanoi puzzle. (10 Marks)
b. If $t_1(n) \in O(g_1(n))$ and $t_2(n) \in O(g_2(n))$. Prove that $t_1(n) + t_2(n) \in O(\max\{g_1(n), g_2(n)\})$ (06 Marks)
c. Explain the principal ways of representing graphs for computer algorithms. (04 Marks)

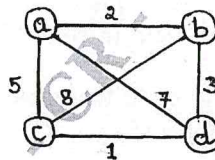
Module-2

- 3 a. Explain bubble sort algorithm with its efficiency. (06 Marks)
b. Discuss divide and conquer strategy for designing algorithms. Apply it for multiplication of large integers. (08 Marks)
c. Write pseudocode for merge sort. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain quick sort algorithm with its efficiency. Trace the algorithm for the following input: 5, 3, 1, 9, 8, 2, 4, 7 (10 Marks)
b. Design an algorithm for string matching problem using brute force technique. Apply it to search a pattern ABABC in the text BAABABABCCA. (06 Marks)
c. Apply exhaustive search for travelling salesman problem to the given graph in Fig.Q.4(c). (04 Marks)

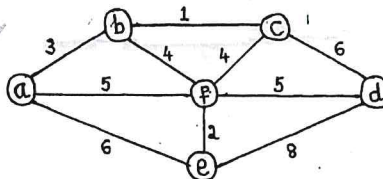
Fig.Q.4(c)



Module-3

- 5 a. Explain Prim's algorithm with its efficiency. Trace the algorithm for the graph given in Fig.Q.5(a). (10 Marks)

Fig.Q.5(a)



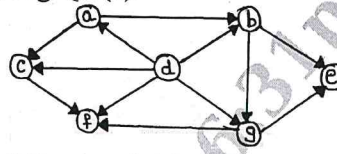
- b. Write Johnson-Trotter algorithm. Apply it to generate permutations for $n = 3$. (06 Marks)
c. Explain decrease and conquer algorithm design technique. (04 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a. Write an algorithm for DFS traversal. Explain how DFS can be used to solve topological sorting with the graph shown in Fig.Q.6(a). (10 Marks)

Fig.Q.6(a)



- b. Construct Huffman tree for the following data:

Character	A	B	C	D	-
Probability	0.35	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.15

Encode DAD and Decode 100110111011

(06 Marks)

- c. Differentiate DFS and BFS. (04 Marks)

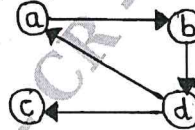
Module-4

- 7 a. Write Horspool's string matching algorithm. Apply it to search the pattern BARBER in the given text (10 Marks)

JIM_SAW_ME_IN_A_BARBERSHOP

- b. Explain the Warshall's algorithm for computing transitive closure. Apply the algorithm for the following digraph shown in Fig.Q.7(b). (10 Marks)

Fig.Q.7(b)

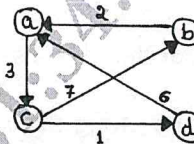


OR

- 8 a. Explain the comparison counting sort algorithm with its efficiency. Sort the elements 13, 11, 12, 13, 12, 12 by using distribution counting method. (10 Marks)

- b. Explain Floyd's algorithm with pseudocode and find all-pairs shortest path for the given diagraph Fig.Q.8(b). (10 Marks)

Fig.Q.8(b)



Module-5

- 9 a. Explain P, NP and NP-Complete problems. (08 Marks)

- b. Draw a decision tree to sort three elements by insertion sort and find its lower bound. (06 Marks)

- c. Apply backtracking to solve the subset sum problem for the instance $S = \{5, 7, 8, 10\}$ and $d = 15$ (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain how backtracking can be used to solve n-queens problem. Find the solution of 4-queens problem using Board's symmetry. (10 Marks)

- b. Explain branch and bound technique. Solve the following assignment problem:

	J1	J2	J3	J4
A	9	2	7	8
B	6	4	3	7
C	5	8	1	8
D	7	6	9	4

(10 Marks)
