

# CBCS SCHEME

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## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

- 1 a. Given the signal  $x(t)$  as shown in the Fig.Q1(a) sketch the following signal.  
 i)  $x(2t - 2)$     ii)  $x(-2 - 2t)$     iii)  $x(0.5t)$     iv)  $x(-t) \cdot u(t)$ .

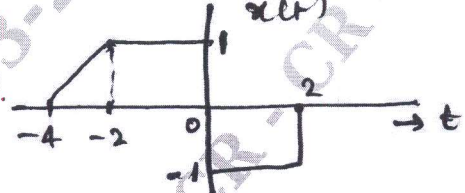


Fig.Q1(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. Determine the even and odd components of

i)  $x(n) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi n}{7}\right)(1+n^2)$

ii)

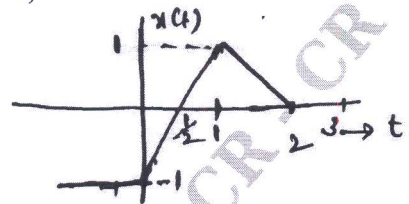


Fig.Q1(b)

(08 Marks)

- c. Define signal and systems with examples.

(04 Marks)

### OR

- 2 a. Categorize each of the following signals as power or energy signals and find the energy or power of the signal. i)  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$     ii)  $x(t) = A \cos(2\pi ft + \theta)$ . (06 Marks)

- b. Determine whether the following signals are periodic or not. If periodic, determine the fundamental period.

i)  $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right)$

ii)  $x(n) = \sin(\pi + 0.2n)$ .

(06 Marks)

- c. Fig.Q2(c)(i) shows a pulse  $x(t)$  that may be viewed as super position of three rectangular pulses. Starting with the rectangular pulse  $g(t)$  of Fig.Q2(c)(ii). Construct this waveform and express  $x(t)$  in terms of  $g(t)$ .

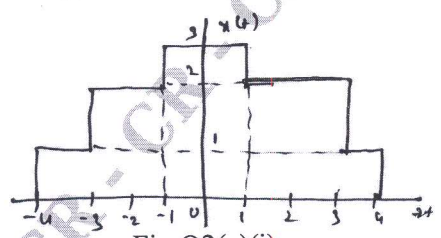


Fig.Q2(c)(i)

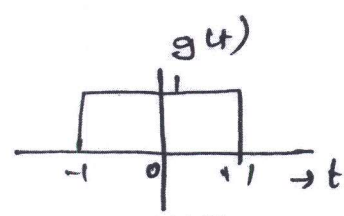


Fig.Q2(c)(ii)

(08 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written e.g. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Define the following with an example, Causal system, Memoryless system, Linear system, Time invariant system, Stable system. (10 Marks)
- b. Find the convolution of the signal  $x(t)$  and  $h(t)$  sketch the following signals : (10 Marks)
- $$x(t) = u(t) - u(t - 2) \quad h(t) = t[u(t) - u(t - 4)].$$

**OR**

- 4 a. The input and impulse response of a linear time invariant system is shown in Fig.Q4(a). Find the output of the system using graphical convolution. (12 Marks)

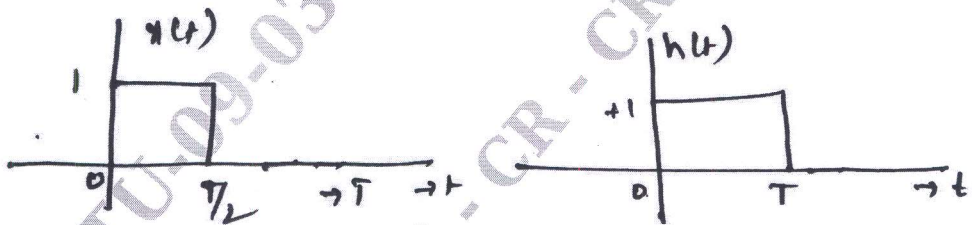


Fig.Q4(a)

- b. Find and sketch the convolution Sum of the signals (08 Marks)
- $$x(n) = 2\delta(n) + 3\delta(n - 1) + 4\delta(n - 2)$$
- $$h(n) = 2u(n) + 3u(n - 1).$$

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**Module-3**

- 5 a. The impulse response of a system is : (12 Marks)
- $$h(n) = \delta(n) + 4\delta(n - 2) + 3\delta(n - 3)$$
- i) Find the output  $y(n)$  of the system for the input  $x(n) = u(n) - 2u(n - 2) + u(n - 4)$  sketch  $x(n)$ ,  $h(n)$  and  $y(n)$
- ii) Verify whether the system is causal memory less and stable. (08 Marks)
- b. State and prove convolution property of discrete time periodic signals. (08 Marks)

**OR**

- 6 a. Find the Fourier series representation for the continuous time periodic signal  $x(t)$  shown in the Fig.Q6(a). Sketch the amplitude spectrum. (10 Marks)

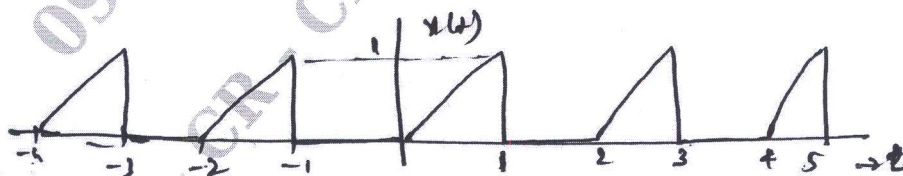


Fig.Q6(a)

- b. If  $x(t)$  is a real time periodic signal then show that : (04 Marks)
- $$X^k(k) = X(-k) \text{ where } X(k) \text{ is the complex Fourier series coefficient.}$$
- c. Find the Fourier series representation for the discrete time signal. (06 Marks)
- $$x(n) = 1 + \sin(0.25\pi n) + 3 \cos(0.25\pi n) + \cos(0.5\pi n + 0.5\pi).$$

**Module-4**

- 7 a. State and prove the following properties of DTFT :
- Time Shifting
  - Parseval theorem. (08 Marks)
- b. Find the inverse DTFT of  $X(e^{j\Omega}) = (1 + \cos \Omega)e^{-j2n}$ . (04 Marks)
- c. Find the inverse Fourier transform of the following :
- $X(j\omega) = \frac{5(1 + j\omega)}{6 + 5j\omega - \omega^2}$
  - $X(j\omega) = \frac{5 + j\omega}{6 + j\omega}$ . (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the Fourier transform for :
- $g(t) = e^{-at}$
  - $x(t) = 1 - |t|$  for  $-1 < t < +1$ . (10 Marks)
- b. The output of a continuous time system is  $y(t) = 2e^{-3t}u(t)$  for the input system  $x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$ . Find the frequency response and impulse response of the system. Find the energy for both input and output signals. (10 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Explain briefly the ROC and its important properties. (06 Marks)
- b. State and prove shifting and scaling properties of Z transform. (06 Marks)
- c. Find the Z transform of the following signals and indicate their ROC,
- $x(n) = -a^n u(-n - 1)$
  - $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right)u(n)$ . (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Find the inverse Z transform for  $x(z)$  defined below :

$$X(z) = \frac{4 + 2z^{-1}}{(4 - z^{-1})(2 - z^{-1})(1 - z^{-1})}$$

$$\text{for ROC } |z| > 1 \\ |z| < 0.25 \quad 0.5 < |z| < 1.$$

- b. A causal discrete time system is defined by the difference equation :  
 $y(n) + 3y(n - 1) + 2y(n - 2) = 6x(n)$ .  
 Find the transform function  
 Find the impulse response and step response for the system. (10 Marks)

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