## ROLL NO.



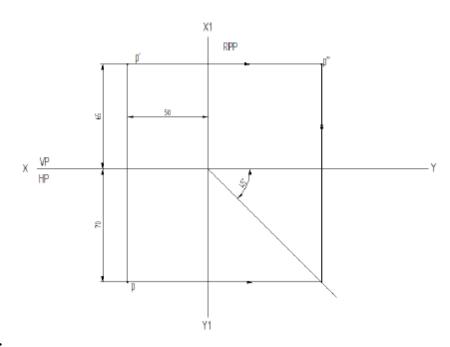
## Internal Assesment Test - 1

	Sub: Engineering Visualization		Code: 21E	V15	
			): A, B, C, D, E, F & G		
Answer one full question from each part					
PART A				OBE	
		Marks	СО	RBT	
1	<ul> <li>(a) Draw the three principal views of a point P lying 65 mm above HP, 70 mm in front of VP and 50 mm in front of the right plane.</li> <li>(b) A line AP, 65 mm long has its and A 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of</li> </ul>		CO1	L2	
	(b) A line AB, 65 mm long, has its end A 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front				
	VP. The end B is 40 mm above HP and 65 mm in front of VP. Draw projections of AB and show its inclinations with HP and VP.	he [15]	CO1	L2	
2	(a) A point P is on HP and 30mm in front VP. Another point Q is on VP and 40 r	nm [10]	CO1	L2	
	above Hp. The distance between their projectors parallel to XY line is 50m	m.			
	Find the distance between the front and top views of P and Q respectively.				
		he [15]	CO1	L2	
	XY line. The end Q is 10 mm in front of VP and 30 mm above the HP. T				
	difference between the distances of P and Q above the HP is 45 mm. Draw	he			
	projections. Determine the true length and true inclinations with HP and VP.				
	PART B				
3	A pentagonal lamina of sides 30 mm is having a side both on HP and VP. The surfa-	ice			
	of the lamina is inclined at an angle of $60^{\circ}$ to HP. Draw top and front views of	he [25]	CO2	L2	
	lamina.				
4	hexagonal lamina of sides 25 mm rests on one of its sides on HP. The lamina makes [2:	tes [25]			
	45° to HP and the side on which it rests makes 30° to VP. Draw the projections.		CO2	L2	
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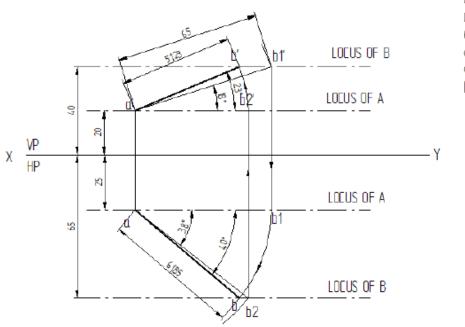
**Solutions:** 

PART A

1a.



1b.



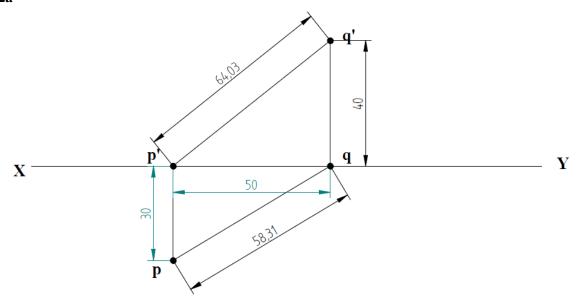
a'b' = 51.23 mm

ab = 61.85 mm

 $\theta = 18^{\circ}$ 

 $\phi = 38^{\circ}$   $\alpha = 23^{\circ}$ 

 $\beta = 40^{\circ}$ 



The distance between top views of P & Q is 58.31mm The distance between front views of P & Q is 64.03mm

**2**b

