

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022
Finite Element Method

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Define FEM and explain basics steps involved in FEM. (08 Marks)
- b. With sketches explain plane stress and plane strain. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the concept of node numbering scheme and convergence criteria. (08 Marks)
- b. Use Rayleigh – Ritz method to find the deflection at the centre of a simply supported beam of span length “ l ” subjected to a concentrated load “ P ” at its midpoint as shown in Fig.Q2(b).

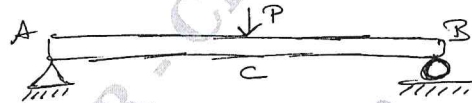
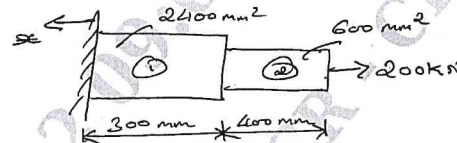


Fig.Q2(b)

(08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Explain and write the difference between CST and LST element. (08 Marks)
- b. Fig.Q3(b) shows 1D stepped bar element subjected to an axial load. Determine :
 i) Nodal displacement ii) Stress in each element. By using elimination method.



Take $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$

Fig.Q3(b)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Derive shape function for a 1D – bar element. (06 Marks)
- b. A truss shown in Fig.Q4(b) made up of 2 bars. Determine nodal displacement, stress in each element. Take $A_1 = 1200 \text{ mm}^2$; $A_2 = 1000 \text{ mm}^2$ and $E = E_1 = E_2 = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ MPa}$.

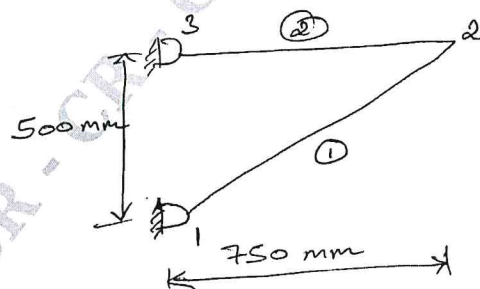


Fig.Q4(b)

1 of 3

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-3

- 5 a. Derive Hermite shape function for a beam element. (08 Marks)
 b. For a beam shown in Fig.Q5(b). Determine the deflections at mid span given $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ mm}^2$ and $I = 5 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^2$.

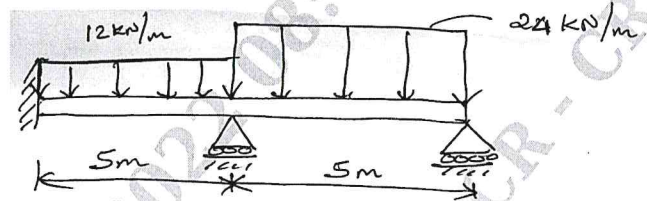


Fig.Q5(b)

(08 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Derive element stiffness matrix for Torsion element. (06 Marks)
 b. A solid stepped bar of circular cross section shown in Fig.Q6(b) is subjected to a torque of 1N-mm at its free end and a torque of 3N-mm at its change in cross section. Determine the angle of twist and shear stresses in the bar. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ mm}^2$. And $G = 7 \times 10^4 \text{ N/mm}^2$.

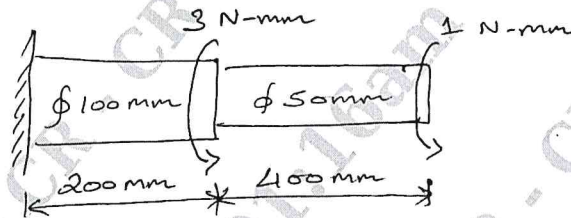


Fig.Q6(b)

(10 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Derive governing differential equation for 1D heat transfer (conduction). (06 Marks)
 b. Determine the temperature distribution through the composite wall subjected to convection heat loss on the right side surface with convection heat transfer co-efficient shown in Fig.Q7(b), the ambient temperature is -5°C .
 $K_1 = 6 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$, $K_2 = 20 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$, $h = 6 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$.

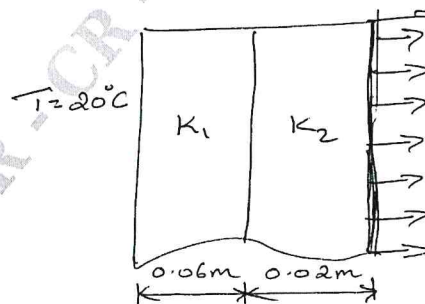


Fig.Q7(b)

(10 Marks)

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OR

- 8 a. Calculate the temperature distribution in a 1D fin with physical properties given in Fig.Q8(a), there is a uniform generation of heat inside the wall of $Q = 400 \text{ W/m}^3$.

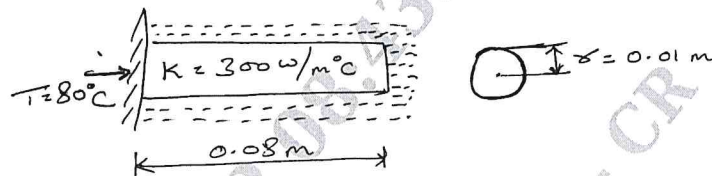


Fig.Q8(a)

(08 Marks)

- b. For the smooth pipe shown in Fig.Q8(b), with uniform cross section of 1 m^2 . Determine the flow velocities at the centre and right end, knowing the velocity at the left is $V_x = 2 \text{ m/s}$.

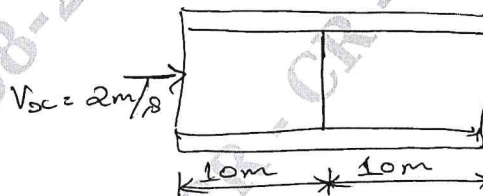


Fig.Q8(b)

(08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Derive the stiffness matrix of axisymmetric bodies with triangular elements. (10 Marks)
 b. For the element of an axisymmetric body rotating with a constant velocity $\omega = 1000 \text{ rpm}$ as shown in Fig.Q9(b). Determine the body force vector. Include the Weight of the material where the specific density is 7850 kg/m^3 .

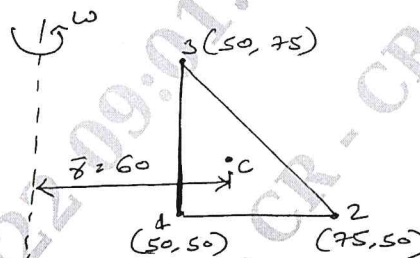


Fig.Q9(b)

(06 Marks)

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OR

- 10 a. Derive consistent mass matrix and lumped mass matrix for a bar element. (08 Marks)
 b. Evaluate eigen value and eigen vector for the stepped bar shown in Fig.Q10(b). Take $E = 200 \text{ GPa}$ and specific weight 7850 kg/m^3 . Take $A_1 = 400 \text{ mm}^2$ and $A_2 = 200 \text{ mm}^2$.

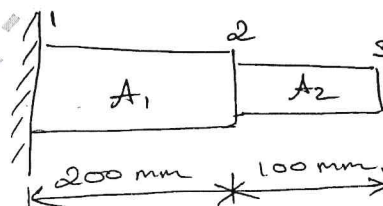


Fig.Q10(b)

(08 Marks)
