

18EE54

**Signals and Systems** BANGALONE

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

# Module-1

Explain the classification of Signals.

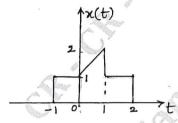
(04 Marks)

For the signal x(t) shown in Fig. Q1(b), sketch the following:

i) 
$$x(t-3)$$

- iii) 2x(-t+2) iv)  $x(\frac{5}{2}t)$ .

(08 Marks)



- Find the even and odd components of the following signals:
  - i)  $x(t) = (1 + t^2 + t^3) \cos^2 10t$
- ii)  $x[n] = \{-2, 5, \frac{1}{2}, -3\}$ .

(08 Marks)

### OR

- For each of the following signals, determine whether it is periodic and if it is, find fundamental period i)  $x(t) = \cos^2(2\pi t)$  ii)  $x[n] = [-1]^n$ .
  - b. Categorize the following signals as energy signal or power signal. Find out corresponding value. i) x(t) = u(t) u(t-4) ii)  $x[n] = e^{j[(\pi/3)n + \frac{\pi}{2}]}$  iii)  $x(t) = e^{-5t}u(t)$ .

(08 Marks)

- Check whether the system  $y[n] = a^n u[n]$  is i) Static
- ii) Linear iii) Causal
- iv) Time invariant. Justify the answer.

(06 Marks)

# Module-2

State and derive the commutative property of Convolution Sum.

(06 Marks)

- Evaluate the Convolution Integral for a system with input x(t) = u(t-1) u(t-3) and impulse response h(t) = u(t) - u(t-2). Also sketch the output y(t). (10 Marks)
- c. For the impulse response  $h[n] = 2^n u[-n]$ , determine whether the corresponding system is ii) Causal iii) Stable. (04 Marks)

i) Memoryless

OR

a. Find the output, given the input and initial conditions for the system described by the difference equation  $y[n] - \frac{1}{4}y[n-1] - \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n] + \frac{11}{8}x[n-1]$ ;  $x[n] = 2^n u[n]$ ;

y[-2] = 26, y[-1] = -1.

b. Draw the direct form I and direct II implementation of the following differential equation.

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^2} + 3\frac{\mathrm{d}y(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} + 2y(t) = \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 x(t)}{\mathrm{d}t^2} + \frac{\mathrm{d}x(t)}{\mathrm{d}t}.$$
 (10 Marks)

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### Module-3

- State and derive time shifting property of continuous time Fourier Transform. (06 Marks)
  - b. Find the Fourier transform of:

i) 
$$x(t) = e^{at} u(-t)$$
 ii)  $x(t) = \delta(t+2) + \delta(t+1) + \delta(t-1) + \delta(t-2)$ . (06 Marks)

c. Find and sketch Magnitude Spectrum of Signum function

$$x(t) = Sgn(t) = 1 ; t > 0$$
  
= -1; t < 0. (08 Marks)

- Find the Inverse Fourier transform of  $X(jw) = \frac{jw}{(2+jw)^2}$ (10 Marks)
  - b. The input and output of a causal LTI system are describe by the differential equation

$$\frac{d^{2}y(t)}{dt^{2}} + 3\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t)$$

- i) Find the frequency response of the system.
- ii) Find the impulse response of the system.
- iii) What is the response of the system if  $x(t) = t e^{-t} u(t)$ ? (10 Marks)

## Module-4

- State and prove Parseval's theorem is discrete time domain. (06 Marks)
  - Find the DTFT of signal  $x[n] = a^n u[n]$ . (06 Marks)
  - c. Find the Inverse DTFT of  $x(j\Omega) = \frac{1}{2}$ (08 Marks)

- State and derive Time Convolution Property of DTFT. (06 Marks)
  - b. Find the frequency response of the causal system

$$y[n] - y[n-1] + \frac{3}{16}y[n-2] = x[n] - \frac{1}{2}x[n-1].$$
 (06 Marks)

c. A discrete system is given by y[n] - 5y[n-1] = x[n] + 4x[n-1]. Determine its Magnitude and phase response. (08 Marks)

- a. List the properties of Region of Convergence RoC. (05 Marks)
  - b. Using appropriate properties of Z transform, find the Z transform of the following:
  - i) x[n] = u[-n] ii)  $x[n] = a^{n-2} u[n-2]$ . (06 Marks)
  - c. Find the Inverse Z transform of X(z)

$$X(z) = \frac{1 - z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - 2z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)}, \text{ with RoC i) } 1 < |z| < 2 \text{ ii) } \frac{1}{2} < |z| 1. \quad (09 \text{ Marks})$$

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10 a. State and prove Final Value Theorem.

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the Impulse response of the system described by difference equation y[n] - 3y[n-1] - 4y[n-2] = x[n] + 2x[n-1].
- c. Determine the response of LTI Discrete Time system governed by difference equation. y[n] - 2y[n-1] - 3y[n-2] = x[n] + 4x[n-1] for the input  $x[n] = 2^n u[n]$  and with initial conditions y[-2] = 0, y[-1] = 5. (08 Marks)

OR