

USN F

18EE36

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022

Electrical and Electronic Measurements

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define sensitivity of galvanometer. Draw Wheatstone's bridge and derive balance equation.
 (08 Marks)
 - b. A Wheatstone Bridge has $P = 1K\Omega$, $Q = 100\Omega$, $R = 2005\Omega$ and S = 200. Find ΔR if bridge is not balanced. If the galvanometer sensitivity is (S_i) $10\text{mm/}\mu\text{A}$, applied voltage is 5V and internal resistance of galvanometer is 100Ω . Find the deflection of the galvanometer.

(12 Marks)

OF

- Draw a neat circuit diagram and explain Desauty's modified bridge and derive relevant equation. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain how Schering bridge can be used to measure relative permittivity of dielectric material. (08 Marks)
 - c. Explain fall of potential method of measuring earth resistance. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Derive the torque equation of a dynamometer type of wattmeter. List the errors that occur in it (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain:
 - i) Weston frequency meter
 - ii) Phase sequence indicators.

(12 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain the construction and working of a single phase power factor meter. (08 Marks)
 - b. A 230V energy meter disc makes 10 revolutions when connected to a resistive load of 600W in 10 mins. Calculate the meter constant. (06 Marks)
 - c. Discuss the various adjustment required in energy meters for accurate reading. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. What are shunts and multipliers and explain how they are used to extend instrument range derive relevant expressions. (08 Marks)
 - b. A moving coil meter gives full scale deflection with a current of 5mA. If the coil of the instrument has a resistance of 10Ω how can it be adopted to work as:
 - i) Ammeter of range (0-10A)
 - ii) Voltmeter of range (0 10V).

(08 Marks)

c. Explain turns compensation used instrument transformers.

(04 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Draw a neat circuit diagram and explain Silbee's method of testing Current Transform (CT).
 (12 Marks)
 - b. With the help of a neat circuit diagram explain how flux density can be measured in a ring specimen.
 (08 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. List the advantage of electronic instruments.

(04 Marks)

- b. Explain construction and working of:
 - i) True RMS reading voltmeter
 - ii) RAMP type digital voltmeter.

(16 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Draw the block diagram of a electronic energy meter and explain its working. List its advantages. (12 Marks)
 - b. Explain the construction and working of a successive approximation type DVMS. (08 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. With relevant diagrams explain:
 - i) Seven segment displays
 - ii)Liquid crystal displays.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain the working of Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) with a neat diagram.

(08 Marks)

c. What are Bar graph displays and where are they used?

(04 Marks)

OR

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- 10 a. List the different types of recording devices and explain LVDT and strip chart types.
 - (10 Marks)

- b. Explain the following:
 - i) Nixie tubes
 - ii) ECG.

(10 Marks)

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