

CBCS SCHEME

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17CS73

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Machine Learning

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

a. Describe the following problems with respect to tasks, performance and experience

i) A checkers learning problem

ii) A handwriting recognition learning problem

iii) A robot driving learning problem.

(06 Marks)

List out any four applications of machine learning. (04 Marks)

Find the maximally general hypothesis and maximally specific hypothesis taking the enjoy sport concept and training instances given in Table 1(c) and discuss the advantages of the algorithm.

Table 1(c)

| Examples | Sky | Air temp | Humidity | Wind | Water | Forecast | Enjoy sport |
|----------|-------|----------------|----------|--------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 1 | Sunny | All the second | | Strong | Warm | Same | Yes |
| 2 | Sunny | | High | Strong | Warm | Same | Yes |
| 3 | Rainy | Cold | High | Strong | Warm | Change | No |
| 4 | Sunny | Warm | High | Strong | Cool | Change | Yes |

OR

a. Explain the steps in designing learning system in details.

(10 Marks)

b. Describe the find-s algorithm. Find the most specific hypothesis by taking data set given in Table 2(b) and discuss the issues with the algorithm. (10 Marks)

Table 2(b)

| Example | Eyes | Nose | Head | Fcolor | Hair | Smile |
|---------|--------|----------|--------|--------|------|-------|
| 1 | | Triangle | Round | Purple | Yes | Yes |
| 2 | Square | Square | Square | Green | Yes | No |
| 3 | Square | Triangle | Round | Yellow | Yes | Yes |
| 4 | Round | Triangle | Round | Green | No | No |
| 5 | Square | Square | Round | Yellow | Yes | Yes |

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Module-2

a. Explain the concept of entropy and information gain.

(04 Marks)

b. Apply ID3 algorithm for constructing decision tree for the training example shown in Table 3(b). Here the target attribute is classification. Draw the complete decision tree.

(12 Marks)

Table 3(b)

| | | Programme and the second programme and the sec | 4 40 | | |
|---|------|--|------|--------|----------------|
| | Day | A1 | A2 | A3 | Classification |
| | 1 | True | Hot | High | No |
| | 2 | True | Hot | High | No |
| | 3 | False | Hot | High | Yes |
| | 4 | False | Cool | Normal | Yes |
| I | 5 | False | Cool | Normal | Yes |
| Ī | A6 4 | True | Cool | High | No |
| - | 7/ | True | Hot | High | No |
| | 8 | True | Hot | Normal | Yes |
| | 9 | False | Cool | Normal | Yes |
| | 10 | False | Cool | High | No |
| - | | | | | |

c. Explain Inductive bias in decision tree.

(04 Marks)

OR

4 a. Discuss the following issues in detail:

- i) Alternative measures for selecting attributes
- ii) Incorporating continuous valued attributes

iii) Handling training examples with missing attribute values.

(06 Marks)

b. Discuss the two approaches to prevent over fitting the data.

(06 Marks)

- c. Construct decision trees to represent the Boolean functions:
 - i) A && ¬ B
 - ii) $A \vee [B\&\&C]$
 - iii) A XOR B
 - iv) $[A\&\&B] \lor [C\&\&D]$

(08 Marks)

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Module-3

- 5 a. What is Artificial Neural Network? Explain appropriate problem for neural network learning with its characteristics. (08 Marks)
 - b. Define perception. Explain the concept of single perception with neat diagram and represent the Boolean function of AND, OR using perceptron. (12 Marks)

OR

a. Write a note on: i) Perceptron training rule ii) Gradient descent and Delta rule. (08 Marks)

b. Describe the multilayer neural network. Derive the back propagation rule considering the output layer and training rule for output unit weights. (12 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Define Bayesian theorem and explain Maximum A Posteriori (MAP) and Maximum Likelihood (ML) hypothesis. (10 Marks)
 - b. Estimate conditional probabilities of each attributes {colour, type, origin} for the stolen classes: {yes, no} using the data given in the Table 7(b) using these probabilities estimate the probability values for the new instance (color = red, type = SUV, origin = domestic). (10 Marks)

| Table /(b) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Colour | Type | Origin | Stolen | | | | | |
| Red | Sports | Domestic | Yes | | | | | |
| Red | Sports | Domestic | No | | | | | |
| Red | Sports | Domestic | Yes | | | | | |
| Yellow | Sports | Domestic | No | | | | | |
| Yellow | Sports | Imported | Yes | | | | | |
| Yellow | SUV | Imported | No | | | | | |
| Yellow | SUV | Imported | Yes | | | | | |
| Yellow | SUV | Domestic | No | | | | | |
| Red | SUV | Imported | No | | | | | |
| | Red Red Yellow Yellow Yellow Yellow Yellow | Colour Type Red Sports Red Sports Red Sports Yellow Sports Yellow SUV Yellow SUV Yellow SUV | Red Sports Domestic Red Sports Domestic Red Sports Domestic Yellow Sports Domestic Yellow Sports Imported Yellow SUV Imported Yellow SUV Imported Yellow SUV Domestic | | | | | |

Imported

Yes

OR

Sports

8 a. Explain the Naïve Bayes classifier algorithm and Bayesian belief networks with example.
(14 Marks)

Red

b. Explain EM algorithm.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Define the following terms:
 - i) Sample error ii) True error

iii) Expected value.

(06 Marks)

- b. Explain the K-nearest neighbor algorithm for approximating a discrete valued function $f: \mathbb{R}^n \to V$ with pseudo code. (08 Marks)
- c. Explain case based reasoning with example.

(06 Marks)

OR

- a. What is reinforcement learning and explain the reinforcement learning problem with neat diagram. (07 Marks)
 - b. Explain locally weighted linear regression.

(07 Marks)

c. Define ϕ - learning and write down ϕ - learning algorithm.

(06 Marks)

3 of 3

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