17CS53

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Explain the main characteristics of the database approach versus the file processing approach. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the three-schema architecture with neat diagram. Why do we need mapping among schema levels? How do different schema definition languages support this architecture?
 - c. Discuss the different types of user friendly interfaces and the types of user who typically use each. (04 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain with block diagram the different phases of database design. (08 Marks)
 - b. Design an E-R diagram for keeping track of information about a company database taking into account of least five entities. (08 Marks)
 - c. List the advantages of DBMS.

(04 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Describe the characteristics of relations with suitable example for each. (08 Marks)
 - b. In SQL which command is used for table creation? Explain with an example along with the constraint specification. (08 Marks)
 - c. Explain the data types available for attribute specification in SQL.

(04 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain any five relational algebra operators along with their syntax and purpose. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the steps of an algorithm for ER-to-relational mapping.

(10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Explain the syntax of creating and updating views in SQL and give examples for each.
 (10 Marks)
 - Draw and explain 3-tier architecture and technology relevant to each tier. Write the advantages of 3-tier architecture. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Consider the following company database:
 - EMP (Name, SSN, Salary, SuperSSN, Dno)

DEPT (DNum, Dname, MgrSSN, Dno)

DEPT LOC (Dnum, Dlocation)

DEPENDENT (ESSN, Dep name, Sex)

WORKS ON (ESSN, Pno, Hours)

PROJECT (Pname, Pnumber, Plocation, Dnum)

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Write the SQL queries for the following: Retrieve the name of the employee who works with same department as ravi. Retrieve the number of departments for an employee "Ravi" (iii) Retrieve the name of the managers working in location "DELHI" who has no female dependents. (iv) List female employees from Dno = 20 earning more than 50,000 (v) List "CSE" department details. (10 Marks) What is SQLJ? How it is different from JDBC? (06 Marks) What is Dynamic SQL and how is it different from embedded SQL? (04 Marks) Module-4 Define normal form. Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with suitable examples for each. (08 Marks) 7 Explain the informal design guidelines used as measures to determine the quality of relation schema design. (08 Marks) Define multivalued dependency. Explain fourth normal form with an example. (04 Marks) Discuss the null value and dangling tuple problems. 8 (08 Marks) a. Explain the concept of BCNF. (08 Marks) b. Explain properties of relational decomposition. (04 Marks) Module-5 Discuss the desirable properties of transactions. (08 Marks) Explain transaction support in SQL. (08 Marks) What is two-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability? (04 Marks) 10 Explain: Multi version concurrency control protocols (i) Shadow paging (ii) (10 Marks) Explain: b. NO-UNDO/REDO Recovery based on deferred update Recovery techniques based on immediate update (10 Marks)

