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Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Digital Communication

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Explain Hilbert transform and its properties. (10 Marks)
- b. Derive the expression for the complex low pass representation of band pass system. (10 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Describe the canonical representation of Band-pass signal. (10 Marks)
- b. Find out the hibert transform of
 - i) $g(t) = \cos 2\pi Ft + \sin 2\pi Ft$
 - ii) $g(t) = e^{-j2\pi Ft}$ (04 Marks)
- c. Sketch the line code for the binary sequence 10110011
 - i) Unipolar NRZ
 - ii) Unipolar RZ
 - iii) Manchester coding. (06 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Describe the geometric representation of signals. Also show that energy of the signal is equal to squared length of the vector representing it. (10 Marks)
- b. Find out the expression of mean, variance and covariance of correlator outputs. (10 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Explain the correlation receiver and matched filter receiver with relevant diagrams. (10 Marks)
- b. Apply Gram-Schmidt procedure to obtain an orthonormal basis for the signals $s_1(t)$, $s_2(t)$ and $s_3(t)$ as shown in Fig.Q.4(b). Write $s_1(t)$, $s_2(t)$ and $s_3(t)$ interms of orthonormal basis function.

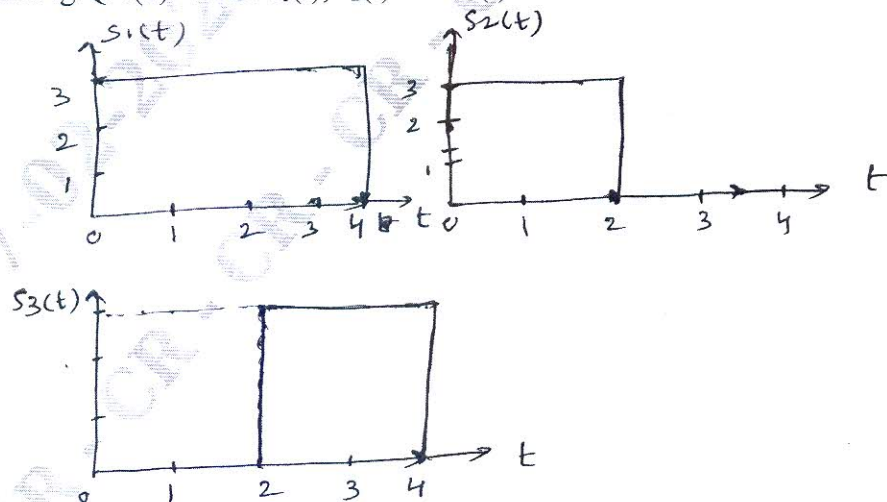


Fig.Q.4(b)

(10 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

Module-3

- 5 a. Describe with neat diagram the generation and detection of BPSK. Also derive the probability of error for coherent detection. (10 Marks)
 b. Using block diagram, explain the generation and detection of QPSK signal. (10 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Derive the expression for average probability of error for FSK using coherent detection. Explain transmitter and coherent receiver of FSK. (10 Marks)
 b. Explain with block diagram the non-coherent detection of FSK signals. (06 Marks)
 c. Encode the binary sequence using DPSK 11011011. Assume reference bit as '1'. (04 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain the digital PAM transmission system. Also derive the expression for Inter Symbol Interference (ISI). (10 Marks)
 b. Illustrate the due-binary and modified duo-binary signals in time-domain and frequency domain. (10 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Describe the Nyquist criterion for distortion less base band binary transmission and find out the ideal solution for zero-ISI. (10 Marks)
 b. The input to the preorder is a binary sequence 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0. Obtain the preceded sequence, transmitted amplitude levels, the received signal levels and the decoded sequence for due-binary system. (06 Marks)
 c. Write short note on-eye diagram. (04 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Illustrate the working of Direct-sequence spread spectrum transmitter and receiver with block diagram, waveforms and expression. (10 Marks)
 b. Explain frequency hop spread spectrum system with neat block diagram. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Illustrate the CDMA system forward link base on IS-95. (10 Marks)
 b. Write note on application of spread spectrum in wireless LAN's. (04 Marks)
 c. Obtain the PN sequence from the given PN sequence generator, assume 100 is a initial state. (06 Marks)

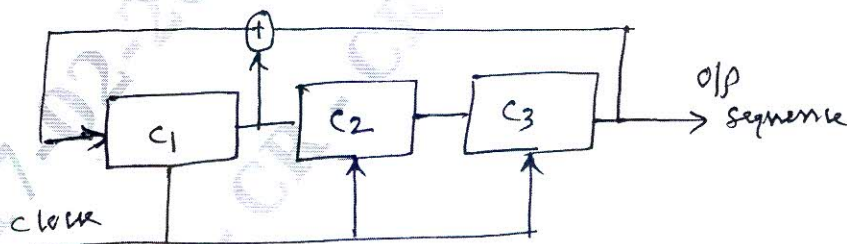


Fig.Q.10(c)
