

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

### Module-1

- 1 a. Explain the classification signal with examples. (08 Marks)  
 b. Sketch even and odd part of the signal shown in Fig. Q1 (b).

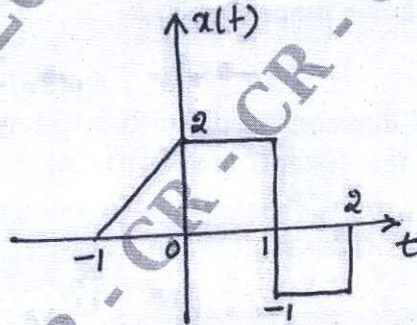


Fig. Q1 (b)

- c. Determine whether the following signals are periodic or non-periodic. If periodic find the fundamental period. (04 Marks)

(i)  $x(t) = 10 \cos \sqrt{2}t$ .

(ii)  $x(n) = (-1)^{n^2}$

(04 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Explain the operations on signals with example. (06 Marks)  
 b. Let  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  are continuous time signal given in Fig. Q2 (b), draw the following signals :  
 (i)  $x(t)y(t-1)$   
 (ii)  $x(t)y(-t-1)$   
 (iii)  $x(t-1)y(-t)$

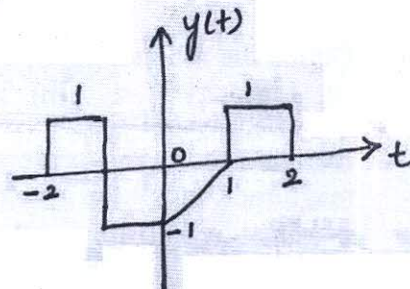
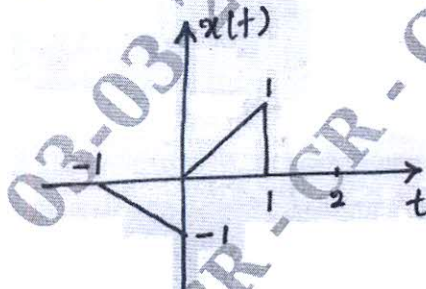


Fig. Q2 (b)

(06 Marks)

- c. Check whether following system  $y(t) = x(t^2)$  :

- (i) Linear or non-linear  
 (ii) Causal or non-causal  
 (iii) Time invariant or time variant.  
 (iv) Static or dynamic

(04 Marks)

**Module-2**

- 3 a. Derive an expression for convolution sum. (04 Marks)  
 b. A LTI system has the impulse response given by  $h(n) = u(n) - u(n-3)$ . Determine the output of the given system input  $x(n) = 2 - n, 0 \leq n \leq 3$ . Using convolution sum. Show the details of your computation. Sketch all the sequence. (07 Marks)  
 c. Consider a continuous time LTI system with unit impulse response.  $h(t) = u(t)$  and input  $x(t) = e^{-at}u(t); a > 0$ . Find the output  $y(t)$  of the system. (05 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Consider a LTI system with input  $x[n] = 2^n x[-n]$  and unit impulse response  $h(n) = u(n)$ . Compute convolution sum and plot  $y(n)$ . (07 Marks)  
 b. Prove convolution properties. (09 Marks)

**Module-3**

- 5 a. Consider the interconnection of four LTI systems as depicted in Fig. Q5 (a). The impulse response of the systems are  $h_1(n) = u(n)$ ,  $h_2(n) = u(n+2) - u(n)$ ,  $h_3(n) = \delta(n-2)$  and  $h_4(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$ . Find the impulse response  $h(n)$  of the overall system.

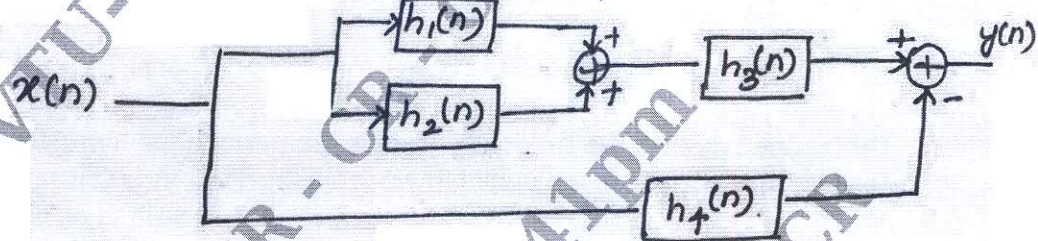


Fig. Q5 (a)

(07 Marks)

- b. For each of the following impulse responses determine whether the corresponding system is memory less, causal and stable. Justify your answers.  
 (i)  $h(t) = u(t+1) - u(t-1)$   
 (ii)  $h(t) = e^{-2t}$   
 (iii)  $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$  (09 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Define the following properties of DTFS : (i) Linearity (ii) Time shift (iii) Time scaling (iv) Convolution (04 Marks)  
 b. Evaluate the DTFS representation for the signal  $x(n)$  shown in Fig.Q6 (b) and sketch the magnitude and phase spectra.

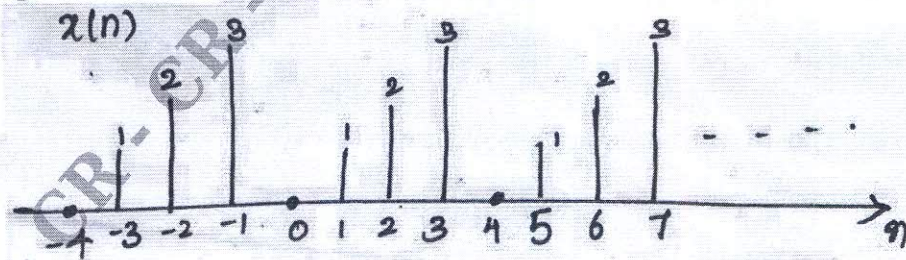


Fig. Q6 (b)

(12 Marks)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Find the FT of the Rectangular pulse. (04 Marks)  
 b. State and prove the time scaling property and Frequency shift property. (08 Marks)  
 c. Find the Fourier transtransform of  $x(t) = e^{-0.5t}u(t)$  (04 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. State and prove (i) Time shift property (ii) Differentiation property (07 Marks)  
 b. Find DTFT of signal  $x(n)$  given by  $x(n) = u(n) - u(n - N)$  where  $N$  is any integer. Determine magnitude and phase component. (09 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Explain the properties of the ROC. (08 Marks)  
 b. Find the z-transform of the following signal using properties:

$$(i) \quad x(n) = n \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^n u(n) * \left\{ \delta(n) - \frac{1}{2} \delta(n-1) \right\}$$

$$(ii) \quad x(n) = \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^n u(n) - \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^n u(-n-1)$$

(08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Find the inverse z-transform of following  $x(z)$  :

$$(i) \quad x(z) = \frac{z(z^2 - 4z + 5)}{(z-3)(z-1)(z-2)} \text{ with ROC : } \begin{cases} |z| > 3 \\ |z| < 1 \end{cases} \text{ using partial fraction method.}$$

$$(ii) \quad x(z) = \frac{z}{z-\alpha} \text{ with ROC : } \begin{cases} |z| > |\alpha| \\ |z| < |\alpha| \end{cases} \text{ using power series method.} \quad (10 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. A LTI discrete time system is given by the system  $H(z) = \frac{3 - 4z^{-1}}{1 - 3.5z^{-1} + 1.5z^{-2}}$ . Specify the ROC of  $H(z)$  and determine impulse response  $h(n)$  for the following conditions :

- (i) The system is stable.  
 (ii) The system is causal.

(06 Marks)

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