



CBCS SCHEME

17EC35

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. What is dependent sources? Draw the symbolic representation of all four dependent sources. (04 Marks)
- b. Reduce the network shown in Fig.Q.1(b) into a single voltage source with series resistance between A and B. (08 Marks)

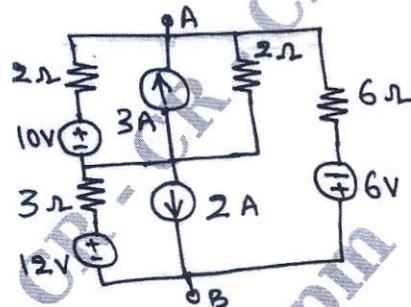


Fig.Q.1(b)

- c. Using Mesh analysis, calculate the current I_1 shown in Fig.Q.1(c). (08 Marks)

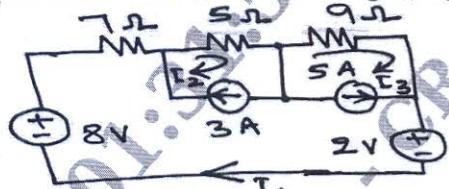


Fig.Q.1(c)

OR

- 2 a. With the help of example, explain the concept of super node. (04 Marks)
- b. Derive the expressions for converting star to delta transformation. (08 Marks)
- c. Determine the current through the branch AB of the network shown in Fig.Q.2(c). (08 Marks)

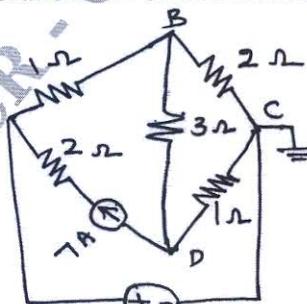


Fig.Q.2(c)

Module-2

- 3 a. State the Reciprocity and Norton's theorem. (04 Marks)
 b. Using superposition theorem, find I_x for the circuit shown in Fig.Q.3(b). (08 Marks)

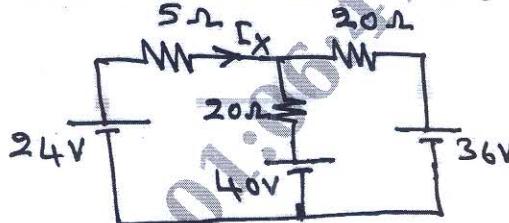


Fig.Q.3(b)

- c. Obtain the Thevenin's equivalent circuit across the terminal AB of the network shown in Fig.Q.3(c). (08 Marks)

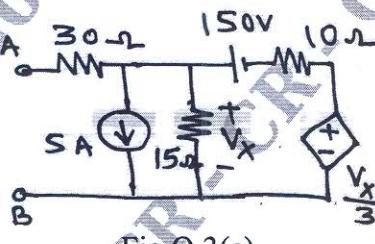


Fig.Q.3(c)

OR

- 4 a. State superposition theorem and mention the steps to be followed for solving the problems. (04 Marks)
 b. Prove that $P_{\max} = \frac{|V_{th}|^2}{8R_{th}}$ for maximum power transfer of a ac circuits. (08 Marks)
 c. Verify Reciprocity Theorem for the circuit shown in Fig.Q.4(c). (08 Marks)



Fig.Q.4(c)

Module-3

- 5 a. Draw the behavior representation of inductor and capacitor at $t = 0$, $t = 0^+$ and at $t = \infty$. (04 Marks)
 b. For the network shown in Fig.Q.5(b), the switch 's' is closed at $t = 0$, determine i , $\frac{di}{dt}$ and $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$ at $t = 0^+$. (08 Marks)

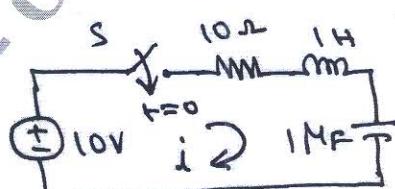


Fig.Q.5(b)

- c. Find the Laplace transform of the waveform shown in Fig.Q.5(c).

(08 Marks)

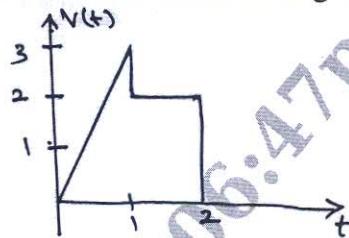


Fig.Q.5(c)

OR

- 6 a. What is the need for evaluating initial conditions and also write the procedure for evaluating initial conditions. (04 Marks)
 b. For the network shown in Fig.Q.6(b), a steady state is reached with the switch 'K' open. At $t = 0$ the switch is closed. Determine the value of $V_x(0^+)$ and $V_x(0^-)$. (08 Marks)

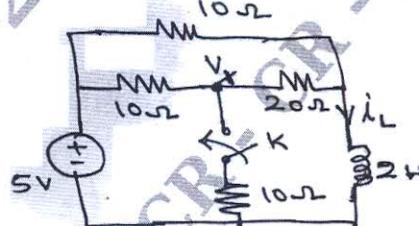


Fig.Q.6(b)

- c. Find the Laplace transform of the periodic signal $x(t)$ shown in Fig.Q.6(c). (08 Marks)

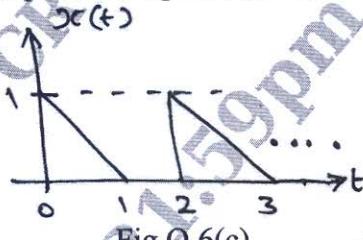


Fig.Q.6(c)

Module-4

- 7 a. Compare series and parallel resonance circuit. (04 Marks)
 b. Starting from the fundamentals, show that Bandwidth $f_2 - f_1 = \frac{R}{2\pi L}$ of a series resonance circuit. (08 Marks)
 c. A coil of $R = 10\Omega$ and $L = 0.5H$ is connected in series with a capacitor. The current is maximum when $f = 50Hz$. A second capacitor is connected in parallel, with this circuit. What capacitances must it have so that the combination acts like a non-reactive circuit at 100Hz. Calculate the total current supplied in each case if the applied voltage is 220V. (08 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. What is the need for resonance circuits and mention its applications. (04 Marks)
 b. Derive the expression of resonance frequency for the circuit shown in Fig.Q.8(b). (08 Marks)

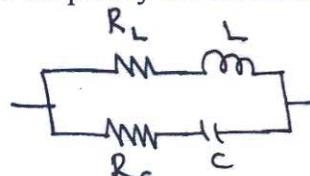


Fig.Q.8(b)

- c. Determine the RLC parallel circuit parameters whose response curve is shown in Fig.Q.8(c). What are the new values of W_r and Bandwidth if 'C' is increased to 4 times? (08 Marks)

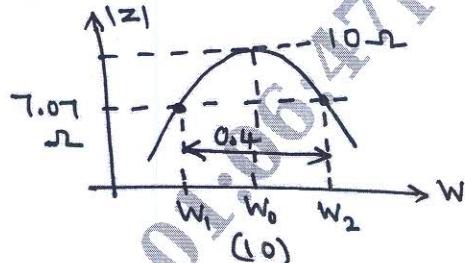


Fig.Q.8(c)

Module-5

- 9 a. Write the basic voltage equations of impedance parameter and also define all four parameters of Z . (04 Marks)
 b. Obtain h-parameters in terms of transmission and Z-parameters. (08 Marks)
 c. For the network shown in Fig.Q.9(c), find Y and Z-parameters. (08 Marks)

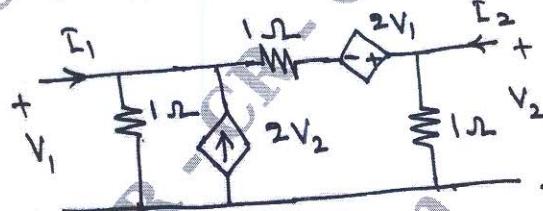


Fig.Q.9(c)

OR

- 10 a. What is hybrid parameters? And write the basic equations of h-parameter. (04 Marks)
 b. Obtain the Y-parameters of the two networks shown in Fig.Q.10(b). (08 Marks)

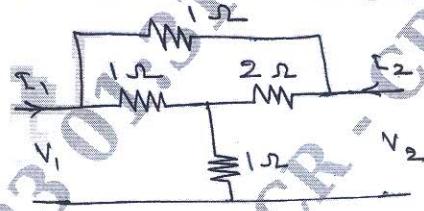


Fig.Q.10(b)

- c. Find the T-parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q.10(c). (08 Marks)

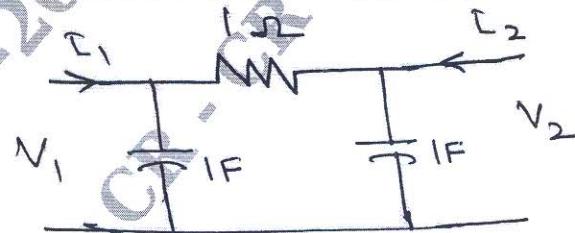


Fig.Q.10(c)
