

USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

## Internal Assessment Test 3 – JAN. 2023-Scheme and solutions

Sub:	Analysis of Indeterminate structures			Sub Code:	18CV52	Branch:	Civil Engg
Date:	19.01.2023	Duration:	90 min's	Max Marks:	50	Sem / Sec:	4 A

Question number 1 is mandatory; answer any 2 full questions from Q2 to Q4.

MAR  
KS

CO

RBT

- 1 (a) Figure 1 shows a continuous beam ABCD, calculate the fixed end moments, if the support D rotates by 0.002 radians in anticlockwise direction and supports B sinks by 8mm. Take  $E=210$  GPa and  $I=0.1$  Gmm<sup>4</sup>

[10]

CO1

L2

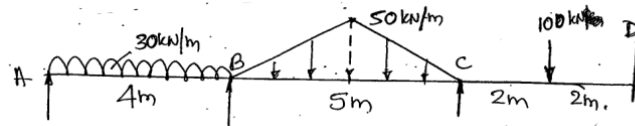
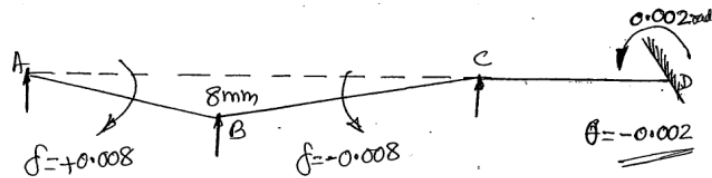


Fig.1.a



$$E = 210 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-6} = 210 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$I = 0.1 \times 10^9 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$EI = \frac{(210 \times 10^3)(0.1)10^9}{(10^3)(10^3)^2} \text{ N-mm}^2 = \underline{\underline{21000 \text{ kN-m}^2}}$$

(a) FEM :

$$\text{Additional moment} = \frac{-6EI\delta}{l^2} \quad (\text{Sinking})$$

$$= \frac{4EI\theta}{l} \rightarrow \text{Near end Rotation}$$

$$= \frac{2EI\theta}{J} \rightarrow \text{Far end rotation}$$

$$M_{FAB} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} \left( \frac{6EI\theta}{J^2} \right) = -\frac{30 \times 4^2}{12} - \frac{6(21000)(0.008)}{4^2}$$

$$= -103.0 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{FBA} = +\frac{wL^2}{12} \left( \frac{6EI\theta}{J^2} \right) = -23 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{FBC} = \left( \frac{-5wL^2}{96} - \frac{6EI\theta}{J^2} \right) = \left( \frac{-5(50)5^2}{96} - \frac{6(21000)(-0.008)}{5^2} \right)$$

$$= -24.78$$

$$M_{FCB} = \left( \frac{+5wL^2}{96} - \frac{6EI\theta}{J^2} \right) = 105.42 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{FCD} = -\frac{wL}{8} + \left( \frac{2EI\theta}{J} \right)^{\text{Far end}} = \frac{-100 \times 4}{8} + \frac{2(21000)(-0.002)}{4}$$

$$= -71 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_{DC}^F = +\frac{wL}{8} + \left( \frac{4EI\theta}{J} \right)^{\text{Near}} = \frac{100 \times 4}{8} + \frac{4(21000)(-0.002)}{4}$$

$$= +8$$

2 (a) Analyse the continuous beam shown in Fig.2.a by Kani's method and draw BMD, SFD and EC.

[20]

CO3

L3

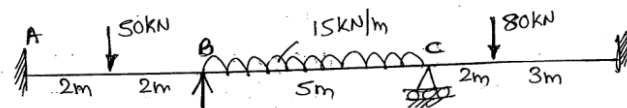


Fig.2.a

Sol: (a) FEM

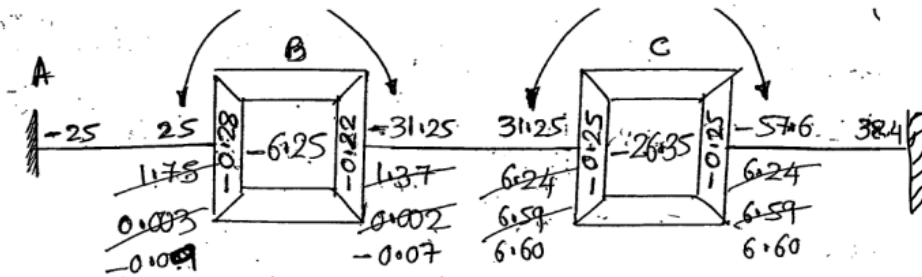
$$M_{FAB} = -25 \text{ kN-m}, M_{FBA} = +25$$

$$M_{FBC} = -31.25, M_{FCB} = +31.25$$

$$M_{FCD} = -57.6, M_{DC} = 38.4$$

(b) Rotation Factors (For Intermediate)

		$k$	$\Sigma k$	$U = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{k}{\Sigma k}$
B	BA	$I/4 = 0.25I$	$0.45I$	$-0.28$
	BC	$I/5 = 0.20I$		$-0.22$
C	CB	$I/5 = 0.20I$	$0.4I$	$-0.25$
	CD	$I/5 = 0.20I$		$-0.25$



Rotation Moment  $m'_{AB} = U [\Sigma M_F + \Sigma \text{Far end Rotational moment}]$

Trial ①

$$m'_{BA} = -0.28 (-6.25 + 0) = 1.75$$

$$m'_{BC} = -0.22 (-6.25 + 0) = 1.37$$

$$m'_{CB} = -0.25 (-26.35 + 1.37) = 6.24$$

$$m'_{CD} = -0.25 (-26.35 + 1.37) = 6.24$$

Trial (2)

$$m'_{BA} = -0.28(-6.25 + 6.24) = 0.002$$

$$m'_{BC} = -0.22(-6.25 + 6.25) = 0.002$$

$$m'_{CB} = -0.25(-26.35 + 0.002) = 6.59$$

$$m'_{CD} = -0.25(-26.35 + 0.002) = 6.59$$

Trial (3)

$$m'_{BA} = -0.28(-6.25 + 6.59) = -0.09$$

$$m'_{BC} = -0.22(-6.25 + 6.59) = -0.07$$

$$m'_{CB} = -0.25(-26.35 - 0.07) = 6.60$$

$$m'_{CD} = -0.25(-26.35 - 0.07) = 6.60$$

Final Moment

$$M = \text{FEM} + 2 \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Near End} \\ \text{Rotation} \\ \text{moment} \end{array} \right) + 1 \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Far end} \\ \text{Rotation} \\ \text{moment} \end{array} \right)$$

$$M_{AB} = -25 + 2(0) - 0.09 = -25.09 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowright$$

$$M_{BA} = +25 + 2(-0.09) + 0 = 24.82 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowleft$$

$$M_{BC} = -31.25 + 2(-0.07) + 6.60 = -24.79 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowright$$

$$M_{CB} = +31.25 + 2(6.60) - 0.07 = 44.38 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowleft$$

$$M_{CD} = -57.6 + 2(6.60) - 0 = -44.40 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowright$$

$$M_{DC} = 38.4 + 2(0) + 6.60 = 45 \text{ kN-m } \curvearrowleft$$

3 (a) Analyse the continuous beam shown in Fig.3.a by Stiffness matrix method (system approach) and draw BMD, SFD and EC.

[20]

CO5

L3

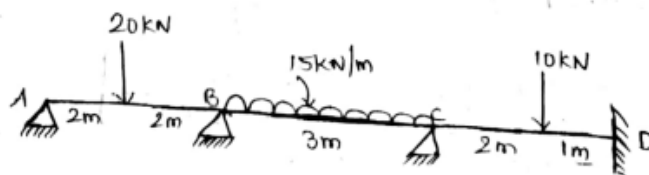


Fig.3.a

Step 1:- FEM's :-

$$M_{FAB} = \frac{-wl}{8} = \frac{-20 \times 4}{8} = -10 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{FBA} = \frac{wl}{8} = \frac{20 \times 4}{8} = 10 \text{ kNm}$$



$$M_{FBC} = \frac{-wl^2}{12} = \frac{-15 \times 3^2}{12} = -11.25 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{FCB} = \frac{wl^2}{12} = \frac{15 \times 3^2}{12} = 11.25 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{FCD} = \frac{-wab^2}{l^2} = \frac{-10 \times 2 \times 1^2}{3^2} = -2.222 \text{ kNm}$$

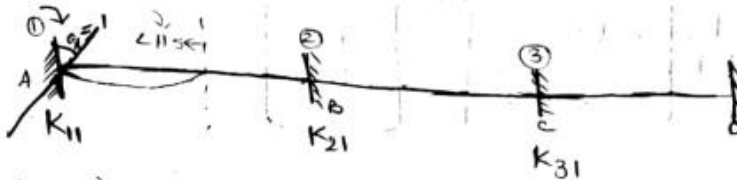
$$M_{FCc} = \frac{wa^2b}{l^2} = \frac{10 \times 4 \times 1}{9} = 4.444 \text{ kNm}$$

Step 2:-  $[\Delta]$ ,  $[P]$ ,  $[P_L]$

$$\therefore [P] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, [P_L] = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -11.25 \\ 9.03 \end{bmatrix}, [\Delta] = \begin{bmatrix} \theta_A \\ \theta_B \\ \theta_C \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 3:- Stiffness matrix

1) Applying unit rotation along Co-ordinate direction ①

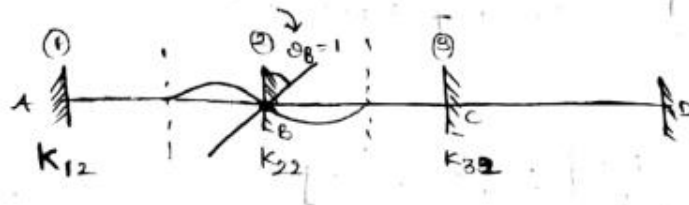


$$K_{11} = \left( \frac{4EI}{l} \right)_{AB} = \frac{4EI}{4} = EI$$

$$K_{21} = \left( \frac{2EI}{l} \right)_{BA} = \frac{2EI}{4} = 0.5EI$$

$$K_{31} = 0$$

ii) Applying unit rotation along co-ordinate direction ②

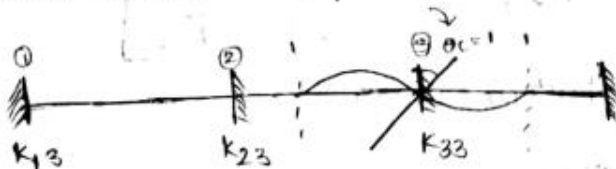


$$K_{12} = \left(\frac{2EI}{L}\right)_{A_6} = \frac{2EI}{4} = 0.5EI$$

$$K_{22} = \left(\frac{4EI}{L}\right)_{\theta_1} + \left(\frac{4EI}{L}\right)_{\theta_C} = EI + 1.33EI = 2.333EI$$

$$K_{32} = \left(\frac{2EI}{L}\right)_{C_B} = \frac{2}{3}EI = 0.667EI$$

iii) Applying unit rotation along co-ordinate direction ③



$$K_{13} = 0$$

$$K_{23} = \left(\frac{2EI}{L}\right)_{C_B} = 0.667EI$$

$$K_{33} = \left(\frac{4EI}{L}\right)_{\theta_B} + \left(\frac{4EI}{L}\right)_{\theta_D} = \frac{4}{3}EI \times 2 = 2.667EI$$

$$\therefore [K] = \begin{bmatrix} K_{11} & K_{12} & K_{13} \\ K_{21} & K_{22} & K_{23} \\ K_{31} & K_{32} & K_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{EI}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 2.333 & 0.667 \\ 0 & 0.667 & 2.667 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = [K]^{-1} \times [P - P_L]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta_A \\ \theta_B \\ \theta_C \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{EI} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 2.333 & 0.667 \\ 0 & 0.667 & 2.666 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \times \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 1.25 \\ -9.03 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \theta_A = \frac{10.389}{EI}, \quad \theta_B = \frac{-0.778}{EI}, \quad \theta_C = \frac{-3.192}{EI}$$

Step 4:- Slope-deflection equations:-

$$M_{AB} = M_{FAB} + \frac{2EI}{L} \left[ 2\theta_A + \theta_B - \frac{3\delta}{L} \right]$$

$$= -10 + \frac{2EI}{4} \left[ \frac{2 \times 10.389}{EI} + \frac{-0.778}{EI} - \frac{3 \times 0}{4} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow -10 + \frac{1}{2} \times (2 \times 10.389) + \frac{1}{2} (-0.778)$$

$$M_{AB} = 0$$

$$M_{BA} = M_{FBA} + \frac{2EI}{L} \left[ 2\theta_B + \theta_A - \frac{3\delta}{L} \right]$$

$$= 10 + \frac{2EI}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2 \times \left( \frac{-0.778}{EI} \right) + \frac{10.389}{EI} \right]$$

$$= 10 + (-0.778) + 5.1945$$

$$M_{BA} = 14.4165 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{BC} = -11.25 + \frac{2}{3} EI \left[ 2 \left( \frac{-0.778}{EI} \right) + \frac{-3.192}{EI} \right]$$

$$= -11.25 - 1.0373 - 2.128$$

$$M_{BC} = -14.41 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{CB} = 11.25 + \frac{2}{3} EI \left[ 2 \left( \frac{-3.192}{EI} \right) + \left( \frac{-0.778}{EI} \right) \right]$$

$$= 11.25 - 4.256 - 0.5186$$

$$M_{CB} = 6.4754 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{CD} = -2.222 + \frac{2EI}{3} \left[ 2 \times \left( \frac{-3.192}{EI} \right) + (0) \right]$$

$$= -2.222 - 4.256$$

$$M_{CD} = -6.478 \text{ kNm}$$

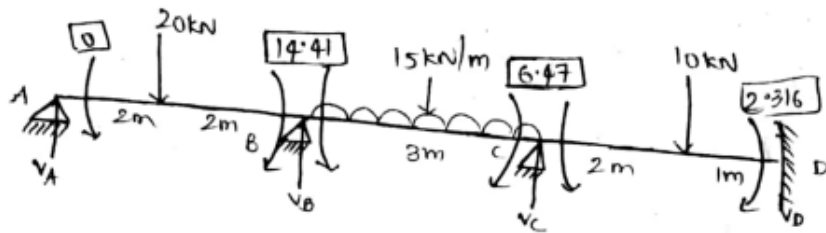
$$M_{DC} = 4.444 + \frac{2}{3} EI \left[ 0 + \left( \frac{-3.192}{EI} \right) \right]$$

$$= 4.444 - 2.128$$

$$M_{DC} = 2.316 \text{ kNm}$$



Step 5: SFD & BMD:-



$$\therefore \sum F_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_A + V_B + V_C + V_D = 20 + 45 + 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum M_B = 0 \text{ (LHS)}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_A \times 4 - 20 \times 2 - 14.41 = 0$$

$$\boxed{V_A = 13.6 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum M_D = 0 \text{ (RHS)}$$

$$\Rightarrow -V_D \times 3 + 10 \times 2 + 2.316 - 6.47 = 0$$

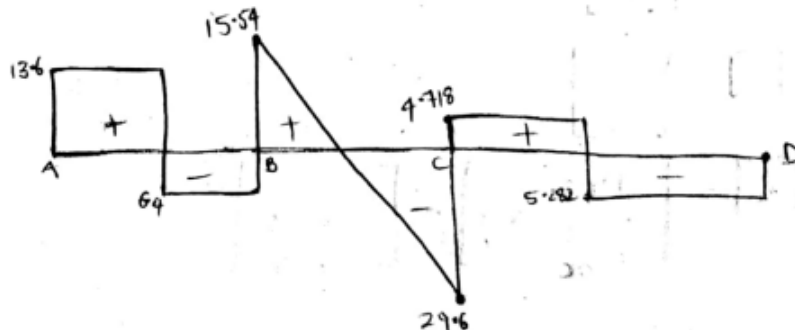
$$\boxed{V_D = 5.282 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum M_C = 0 \text{ (LHS)}$$

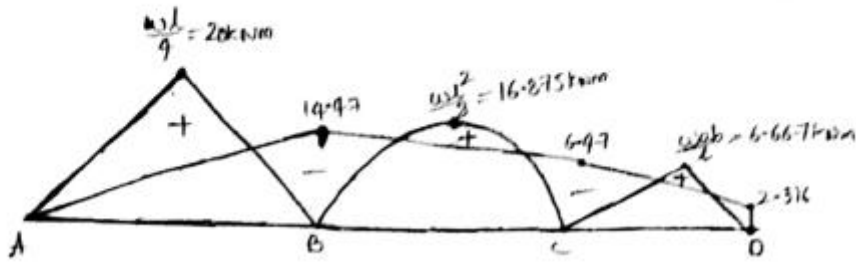
$$\Rightarrow V_A \times 7 + V_B \times 3 + 6.47 - 20 \times 5 - 15 \times 3 \times \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{V_B = 21.94 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{V_C = 34.178 \text{ kN}}$$



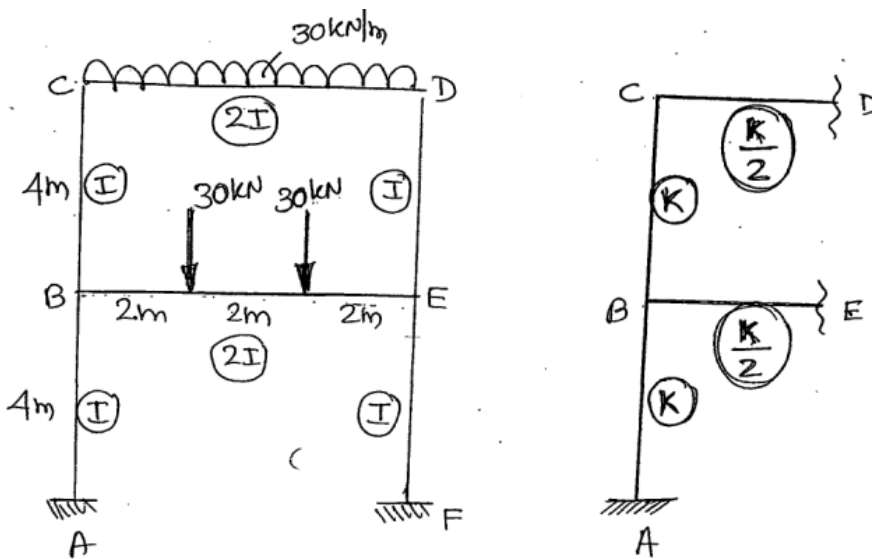
BMD:-



4 (a) Analyse the frame shown in Fig.4.a by Kani's method and draw BMD.

[20]

CO3 L3



(a) FEM  

$$M_{FBE} = \frac{-Wab^2}{J^2} = -\left[ \frac{30 \times 2 \times 4^2}{6^2} + \frac{30 \times 4 \times 2^2}{6^2} \right] = -40$$

$$M_{FCD} = \frac{-wl^2}{12} = -90$$

(b) R.F (only for "B" & "C")

		K	$\Sigma K$	U
B	BA	$K = I/l = I/4 = 0.25I$	0.667I	-0.187
	BC	$K = I/l = I/4 = 0.25I$		-0.187
	BE	$\left(\frac{K}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{I}{l}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2I}{6}\right) = 0.167I$		-0.125
C	CB	$K = I/l = I/4 = 0.25I$	0.417I	-0.30
	CD	$\left(\frac{K}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{I}{l}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2I}{6}\right) = 0.167I$		-0.20

