## Scheme of Evaluation Internal Assessment Test 2– Mar 2022



 Sub:
 Risk Management and Insurance
 Code:
 20MBAFM401

 01-08 Max
 Sem:
 IV
 Branch:
 MBA

 Date:
 2023
 Duration:
 90mins
 Marks:
 50
 Branch:
 MBA

**Note:** Part A - Answer Any Two Full Questions (20\*02=40 Marks)

Part B - Compulsory (01\*10= 10marks)

Part	Question #		Description	Marks Distribution		Max Marks
A	1	a) b)	Explain the characteristics of insurance  Insurable interest, Utmost good faith, proximate cause, indemnity, subrogation, Contribution and loss of minimization.  Describe the requirement of insurable risk  3 types of risk that can be covered by insurance: personal risk,  • property risk,  • Liability risk.  • Personal risk is any risk that can affect the health or safety of an individual, such as being injured by an accident or suffering from an illness.		7	20 M
		c)	Discuss Indian insurance industry  1818 saw the advent of life insurance business in India with the establishment of the Oriental Life Insurance Company in Calcutta. India is poised to emerge as one of the fastest-growing insurance markets in the coming decade. India has 67 insurers of which 24 are life insurers, 26 are general insurers, 5 are stand-alone health insurers, and 12 are reinsurers (March 2022). The Indian Insurance market is expected to reach \$200 BN by 2027.		10	

	a)		es between insurance and hedging nce vs. Hedging	3	
		Insurance  Risk is transferred by a contract  Insurance involves the transfer of pure (insurable) risks  Insurance can reduce the objective risk of an insurer  Insurance can reduce the objective risk of an insurer  Insurance can reduce the objective risk of an insurer  Insurance can reduce the objective risk of an insurer  Insurance Risk is transferred by a contract  Hedging involves risks that are typically uninsurable  Hedging does not result in reduced risk			
2	b)	insurance	HISTORY OF INSURANCE  istory of Insurance is as old as human society.  carted in the form of Non-money or Natural economy. Iore ancient than money economy. Iill existing in few parts of the world (former Soviet Union territories) Ininese merchants started in 3 B.C. by distributing their goods across any vessels.  abylonians system (as recorded in Code of Hammurabi 1750 BC) — Dan cancellation in case shipment is stolen.  chaemenian monarchs insure people and registering the process in Datry offices on Norouz (Iranian New Year).  Inodes invented the concept of 'General Average'.	7	20 M
	c)		nsurance policies on the basis of number of assured and payment of mount.		
		Term Life Insuran ce or Term Plan	Long-term pure financial protection plan for family	10	
		Whole Life Insuran ce	Provides life cover for the entire life or till 99 years of age.		
		Unit Linked Insuran ce Plan (ULIP)	Invest in a mix of diversified equity and debt funds with just 5-year lock-in for partial withdrawals		

Endow ment Plan	Surety of receiving the intended sum at maturity			
Money Back Plan	Plan your cash flows for goals like child education and marriage			
Retirem ent Plan	Build a retirement corpus or build a pension for your golden years			
Child Insuran ce Plan	Invest in a child's higher education and marriage goals under the safety of life cover			
Group Insuran ce Plan	Useful for corporates and other organisations to cover their employees and customers against unforeseen hazards			
Savings & Investm ent Plans	Channelise your savings towards a future goal.			
<ul><li>An Agr</li><li>Compe</li><li>Free co</li><li>Conside</li><li>Lawful</li><li>Princip</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Competency of Parties.</li> <li>Free consent.</li> <li>Consideration.</li> <li>Lawful object.</li> <li>Principle of utmost good faith.</li> </ul>			
Dual be Invest b Switch	enefits  based on your risk profile  between the ULIP funds			20 M
	Plan  Retirem ent Plan  Child Insuran ce Plan  Group Insuran ce Plan  Savings & Investm ent Plans  Essential:  An Agri Compe Free co Consid Lawful Princip Princip Princip Switch	Retirem ent Plan  Child Insuran ce Plan  Group Insuran ce Plan  Savings & Investm ent Plans  Channelise your savings towards a future goal.  Essentials of insurance contract.  An Agreement.  Competency of Parties.  Free consent.  Consideration.  Lawful object.  Principle of utmost good faith.	Retirem ent Plan  Retirem ent Plan  Child Insuran ce Plan  Group Insuran ce Plan  Savings & Investm ent Plans  Essentials of insurance contract.  An Agreement.  Competency of Parties.  Free consent.  Consideration.  Lawful object.  Principle of insurable interest.  Explain about ULIP policy and its advantages Dual benefits Invest based on your risk profile Switch between the ULIP funds	Retirem ent Plan  Child Insuran ce Plan  Group Insuran ce Plan  Savings & Investm ent Plans  Channelise your savings towards a future goal.  Essentials of insurance contract.  An Agreement.  Competency of Parties.  Free consent.  Consideration.  Lawful object.  Principle of insurable interest.  Explain about ULIP policy and its advantages Dual benefits Invest based on your risk profile Switch between the ULIP funds

		<ul> <li>Explain IRDA powers and duties.</li> <li>1. Registering and regulating insurance companies.</li> <li>2. Protecting policyholders' interests.</li> <li>3. Licensing and establishing norms for insurance intermediaries.</li> <li>4. Promoting professional organizations in insurance.</li> </ul>	10	
		Part B - Compulsory (01*10=10 marks)		
В	4	Mr. Karan took an insurance policy against his car and after three months he sold it to Mr. charan. The car was stole from outside of Mr. charan house. Mr. Karan made a claim to insurance company. His claim was rejected on the ground that Mr. Karan was no longer owner of the car, so he has no insurable interest and he was no financial loss with the loss of the car.  a) Was Mr. Karan right in making claim? Explain. b) Who should get the compensation? Why?	n n e o 10	10 M