Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024

Utilization of Electrical Power

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- Classify electrical heating method with necessary equations explain design of circular and 1 ribbon or strip type conductors.
 - A three phase 415V, 45kW resistance oven employs nickel chrome wire for its heating elements. If the wire temperature is not to exceed 1200°C and temperature of change is to be limited to 800°C, calculate the diameter and length of the wire. Assume radiating efficiency as 0.57 and resistivity of the nichrome as $1.016 \times 10^{-6} \Omega/m$ and emissivity as 0.9. (08 Marks)
 - c. Define Faraday's first law and second law of electrolysis. Explain i) Current efficiency (06 Marks) iii) Electrode potential. ii) Energy efficiency

- With neat diagram, explain i) Butt welding ii) Spot welding. (06 Marks) 2
 - A copper refining plant uses 400 electrolytic cells and carries a current of 5000A, the voltage per cell being 0.3 volts. The plant works for 42 hours per week. Electro chemical equivalent of copper is 32.1×10^{-8} kg/C. Calculate the energy consumption per tonne. (08 Marks)

c. Mention domestic and industrial application of electrical heating. Explain advantages of (06 Marks) electric heating.

Module-2

- State and explain the laws of illumination. (06 Marks) 3 a.
 - Two sources of candle power or luminous intensity 200 candela and 250 candela are mounted at 8 meters and 10 meters respectively. The horizontal distance between the lamp posts is 40 meters. Calculate the illumination in the middle of the posts. (08 Marks) (06 Marks)
 - With neat diagram, explain construction and working of Flourescent lamp.

- Define the following terms:
 - Luminious flux i)
 - Luminous intensity ii)

Illumination.

With neat diagram, explain two types of Lumer-Brodhun photometers. (08 Marks)

(06 Marks) Explain: i) Flood lighting ii) Light fittings.

Module-3

- Define the following terms: 5 a.
 - Crest speed i)
 - Average speed ii)

Schedule speed.

(06 Marks)

(06 Marks)

b. A train is required to run between two stops which are 4 kms apart with a schedule speed of 45kms and duration of stops being 30 seconds. The braking retardation is 3kmph-ps. Calculate the acceleration, if the ratio of maximum speed to average speed is 1.25. Assume (08 Marks) trapezoidal speed-time curve.

Discuss the mechanical and electrical characteristics of electric motors used for traction.

(06 Marks)

OR

Derive an expression for tractive effort required for the propulsion of a train considering 6 (08 Marks) gradient and resistance to train movement. (06 Marks)

b. Explain: i) Tramways ii) Trolley buses iii) Diesel electric drive.

c. An electric train weighing 300 tone has 12 motors geared to the driving wheels. Each wheel has a diameter of 100cm. The train has to be accelerated to 60kmph in 30 seconds up a gradient 1 in 100. The train resistance is 40 Newtons per tone. The effect of rotational inertia is 10%. The gear ratio is 4 and gear efficiency is 80%. Determine the torque developed by (06 Marks) each motor.

Module-4

With circuit diagrams explain: i) Rheostatic braking

ii) Regenerative braking. (06 Marks)

Derive an expression for energy returned to the line during regenerative braking on a level (08 Marks)

Write short notes on: i) Magnetic track brake ii) Electro-mechanical drum brake.

(06 Marks)

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With neat diagram, explain transmission lines to substations.

(07 Marks)

With neat diagram, explain the function of negative booster in a tramway system. b.

(07 Marks)

Write a short notes on: i) Electrolysis by current through earth ii) Pantograph collector.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

With block diagram, explain the working principle of hybrid electric drive train. (10 Marks) With neat diagrams explain the configuration of series and parallel hybrid electric drive (10 Marks) train.

With neat diagrams explain configurations of electric vehicle.

(10 Marks)

With typical electric motor efficiency characteristics explain energy consumption.

(10 Marks)