

USN

18EE63

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024

* Digital Signal Processing

Time: 3 hrs.

RANGALORE

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Prove the linearity property of DFT for the given signal $x(n) = x_1(n) + x_2(n)$, where $x_1(n) = \sin \frac{n\pi}{4}$ and $x_2(n) = \cos \frac{n\pi}{4}$ for N = 4. (12 Marks)
 - b. Given two signals $x_1(n) = n + 1$, $0 \le n \le 3$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 1, 3\}$. Find the circular convolution of these signals using Stockham's method. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Compute the output of a LTI system whose impulse response $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1\}$, and the input signal is $x(n) = \{5, 6, 7, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ using overlap-add method, with circular array length N = 6. (10 Marks)
 - b. Prove the circular time shift property for DFT. If a given signal $x(n) = \{1, -1, 2, 3\}$. Find the DFT of x(n). If a new signal y(n) = x(n-2)4, find Y(K) using time shift property. (10 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Find out 8 point DFT of $x(n) = n^2$, $0 \le n \le 7$ using DIT-FFT radix-2 algorithm. Draw the full flow diagram. (12 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following terms in FFT algorithms:
 - (i) Computational complexity
 - (ii) In place computation

(08 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. The first five points of a real signal is given by $X(K) = \{0, 2 + j2, -j4, 2 j2, 0\}$. Determine the remaining DFT points and find the sequence x(n) using inverse DIF-FFT radix-2 algorithm. (10 Marks)
 - b. Determine the circular convolution of $x_1(n) = \{1, 1, 2, 2\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ using DFT-IDFT method by radix-2 DIF-FFT algorithm. (10 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Explain how a frequency response is transformed from analog domain to digital domain using bilinear transformation. (10 Marks)
 - b. Design a digital low pass filter using bilinear transformation to follow the following characteristics:
 - (i) Monotonic stop band and pass band
 - (ii) -3.01 dB cut off frequency of 0.5π rad
 - (iii) Stop band attenuation at least 15 dB at 0.75π rad

(10 Marks)

OR

Use Impulse Invariant transformation to obtain H(z) for the analog transformations with 6

(i) $H_a(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)}$

(ii) $H_a(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + \sqrt{2}s + 1}$

(10 Marks)

b. Design an analog Chebyshev type 1 filter having following specifications

Pass band gain 2.5 dB at $\Omega_p = 20 \text{ rad/sec}$

ii) Stop band attenuation 30 dB at $\Omega_s = 50$ rad/sec

Show the pole positions and obtain analog filter transformation.

(10 Marks)

Module-4

Design a digital low pass Chebyshev filter that meets the following specifications:

i) $K_p = -1 dB$ $0 \le \omega_p \le 0.2\pi \text{ rad}$

ii) $K_s = -15 \text{ dB}$ $0.3\pi \le \omega \le \pi \text{ rad}$

Use bilinear transformation.

(12 Marks)

b. What is frequency transformation? Explain how it is used in designing filters.

(08 Marks)

A digital filter is given by 8

H(z) =
$$\frac{2 + z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}\right)}$$

Obtain direct form - I and form - II structure.

(08 Marks)

b. For the equation H(z) given in Q8(a), obtain (i) Cascaded realization (ii) Parallel realization (12 Marks)

The desired frequency response of a lowpass filter is given by

$$H_{d}(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3\omega} & |\omega| < \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3\pi}{4} < |\omega| < \pi \end{cases}$$

Determine the filter coefficients and frequency response of the FIR filter if Hamming (10 Marks) window is used.

b. Explain how windowing techniques are used in designing FIR filters.

(10 Marks)

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Design a low pass FIR filter using frequency sampling technique, with cut off frequency 10

 $\omega_c = \frac{\pi}{2}$. The filter must have linear phase and length N = 17

(12 Marks)

- b. For a FIR filter $H(z) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1} + z^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-3} + z^{-4} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-5} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-6}$. Obtain:
 - (i) Direct form structure

(ii) Linear phase structure

Obtain the impulse response of the given FIR filter.

(08 Marks)