Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2023/Jan.2024 **VLSI** Design

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. 2. Missing data may be suitably assumed.

Module-1

Derive an expression for drain current in linear and saturation region. (08 Marks) Draw the CMOS inverter circuit and explain its D.C. characteristic. (08 Marks) b.

Implement a 2:1 MUX using transmission gate.

(04 Marks)

Explain the non ideal IV effect of MOSFET with respect to CMOS channel length 2 a. (08 Marks) modulation and mobility degradation.

Explain the operation of nMOS transistor with IV characteristics. b.

(08 Marks)

Sketch a static CMOS gate computing y = (A + B + C)D.

(04 Marks)

Module-2

Explain CMOS nWell process with necessary diagrams. (12 Marks) 3

Mention different types of MOSFET capacitances with necessary diagrams and equations also MOSFET. Capacitances in cut off, linear and saturation region (08 Marks)

Define scaling. Explain constant field scaling and constant voltage scaling and why constant voltage scaling is usually preferred over full scaling. (07 Marks)

With neat diagram, explain the Lambda based design rules for two metal layers. (06 Marks)

Draw the layout for f = ABC and estimate the cell area.

(07 Marks)

Module-3

Develop the RC delay model to compute the delay of the logic circuit and calculate the delay 5 (06 Marks) of unit sized inverter driving another unit in vertex.

b. Estimate t_{pdf} and t_{pdr} for the 3 input NAND gate shown in Fig.Q.5(b) if the output is loaded (08 Marks) with h identical NAND gates.

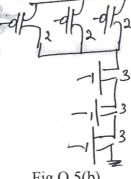


Fig.Q.5(b)

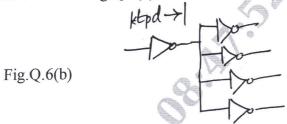
Explain eVSL with an example.

(06 Marks)

6 a. Explain: i) Pseudo-nMOS ii) Ganged CMOS with necessary circuit examples.

(06 Marks)

b. If a unit transistor has $R = 10K\Omega$ and e = 0.1fF in a 65nm process, compute the delay, in picoseconds, of the inverter Fig.Q.6(b) with a fan out of h = 4. (06 Marks)



c. Explain linear delay model compare the logical effort of the following gates with the help of schematic diagrams: i) 3-input NAND gate ii) 3 input NOR gate. (08 Marks)

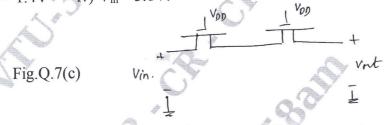
Module-4

7 a. Explain Resettable latches and flipflops using CMOS transmission gate. (06 Marks)

b. Explain Dynamic logic.

(06 Marks)

Consider the two nFET chain in Fig.Q.7(c). The power supply is set to a value of $V_{DD}=3.3V$ and the nFET threshold voltage is $V_{Tn}=0.55V$. Find the output voltage V_{out} at the right side of the chain for the following values: i) $V_{in}=2.9V$ ii) $V_{in}=3.0V$ iii) $V_{in}=3.1V$.

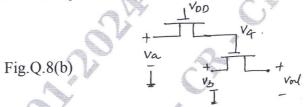


OR

8 a. Explain pulsed latches with schematic and waveforms.

(06 Marks)

- b. The output of an nFET is used to drive the gate of another nFET as shown in Fig.Q.8(b). Assume that $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ and $V_{tn} = 0.6V$. Find the output voltage V_{out} when the input voltages are at following values:
 - i) $V_a = 3.3 V$ and $V_b = 3.3 V$
 - ii) $V_a = 2.0 V$ and $V_b = 2.5 V$



(08 Marks)

c. Explain Domino logic.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. With neat schematic diagram explain the operation of Full CMOS static RAM cell.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the different fault models.

(10 Marks)

OR

10 a. With neat schematic diagram explain the operation of three transistor DRAM cell.

(10 Marks)

b. Write short notes on: i) Built in Self Test ii) Scan Design.

(10 Marks)

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